

SECTION 3.1
PARTICIPATING HOSPITALS



MEDICARE

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Foreword

WITH THE enactment of the health insurance program for the aged (Medicare), it became possible to organize a continuing information system to report the use of health care services by older Americans. Since Medicare began, one of the basic tasks has been to process and pay claims for covered medical services submitted by or on behalf of the 19.8 million persons entitled to hospital insurance benefits and the 18.8 million persons enrolled for supplementary medical insurance benefits. From this operation come data on the amount, the kind, and the cost of such services used by the aged.

This report is one in a series of publications designed to disseminate such data on a regular basis. It provides detailed statistical information on hospitals participating under Medicare. Other reports in the series will present the number and characteristics of participating home health agencies, extended care facilities, independent laboratories, of the insured population, and the utilization of medical care services. A listing of these reports appears on the inside cover. The reports are intended to give a comprehensive account of the amounts reimbursed under the program, the kinds of services paid for, and the variations in utilization and reimbursement by age, race, and sex of the beneficiary, as well as his place

of geographic residence. Such data can provide new insights into the patterns of medical care for persons aged 65 and over. A fuller understanding of present practice can contribute to improved health services not only for the aged but for the general population of the United States as well.

Many individuals in the Social Security Administration have assisted with the development of this series. The preparation of these reports is a major function of the ORS Division of Health Insurance Studies under the supervision of Howard West, director, and Aaron Krute, deputy director, and involving a majority of its staff. Important contributions for the tabulation and presentation of the statistical content of this report were made by Frank L. Kirby, Harvey L. Engbretson, Charles G. Scott, and Theodosia Rasberry of the Statistical Processing and Procedures Branch of that division. Text preparation was the responsibility of David Allen and Marcia Schwartz of the Provider Statistics Branch. Special acknowledgments for publication services are made to the Division of Operating Facilities in the Office of Administration, and to the Division of Health Insurance Statistical Data of the Bureau of Data Processing for tabulating services.

IDA C. MERRIAM,
Assistant Commissioner for Research and Statistics.

NOVEMBER 1971.

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The Statistical System

THIS PUBLICATION is a section of a statistical report series produced from Medicare program records. Presented on a calendar year basis, describing services rendered in the year, the series includes sections on enrollment, characteristics of providers, inpatient care in hospitals and extended care facilities, outpatient hospital services, home health services, physicians' and other medical services, and overall summaries.

The primary objective of these reports is to provide data required to measure and evaluate program operation and effectiveness. Benefit payment operations furnish information about the amount and kind of hospital and medical care services used by persons aged 65 and over, as well as the expenditures for such services. The applications by hospitals, extended care facilities, home health agencies, and independent laboratories to participate in the program provide data on the characteristics of such providers of services. The claim number assigned to each individual serves as the link between the program services utilized and the demographic characteristics of each individual recorded in the health insurance entitlement master file.

The data-collection system has two inherent characteristics that determine the scope, detail, and flexibility of the available data. First, data are collected and maintained on an individual basis so that the beneficiary and his medical experience under the program form the basic unit. Second, records for each bill paid under the program and, for a sample of beneficiaries, records of diagnoses and surgical procedures are maintained on a centralized basis. Except for intermediary operating statistics such as those relating to workloads, costs, and the like, all program statistics are centrally prepared.

THE BASIC RECORDS

The statistical system is based on five related computer-tape records: the health insurance entitlement master file, provider record, hospital insurance (Part A) utilization record, medical insurance (Part B) payment record, and the record containing information from medical insurance bills for a 5-percent sample of supplementary medical insurance enrollees.

THE HEALTH INSURANCE ENTITLEMENT MASTER FILE

The health insurance entitlement master file identifies each aged person eligible for health insurance benefits and indicates whether he is entitled to hospital benefits, to supplementary medical insurance benefits, or to both of these benefits.

This record is used to create a health insurance card that is sent to each insured person. The card contains the individual's claim number (the number used for OASDI or railroad retirement programs). It indicates the entitlement of the individual for the two parts of the Medicare program.

The entitlement record provides the population data for each part of the program and therefore serves as the base for the compilation of a variety of utilization rates, limited only by its demographic content.

PROVIDER RECORD

Every hospital, home health agency, extended care facility, and independent laboratory must apply for participation in the hospital insurance program in order to be reimbursed for services provided. Data included on the application forms have been recorded in the central provider record and are updated as facilities are recertified periodically, as new ones apply for participation, or as some leave the program. When the information in this provider file is combined with utilization data, it serves to relate the characteristics of facilities and agencies that provide care to the kinds and amounts of service used by persons insured under Medicare.

UTILIZATION RECORD FOR HOSPITAL INSURANCE

The administration of the hospital insurance program requires that two items of information be known about each person at the time of his admission to a hospital—his entitlement under the program and the extent to which he has used the benefits available to him under the "benefit period" concept.

When the patient is admitted to a hospital, the admission section of the inpatient hospital admission and billing form is completed by the hospital and forwarded through its intermediary to the Social Security Administration for recording in the central record. As soon as the record is checked, normally in less than 24 hours, the intermediary is informed of the patient's benefit status and the number of days remaining during the "benefit period."

This information is then forwarded to the hospital. At discharge, the hospital completes the billing section of the form and sends it to the intermediary for payment. When approval for payment has been made, the intermediary forwards the claim to the Social Security Administration for inclusion in the central record.

As part of this process, information on diagnoses and surgical procedures are coded for a 20-percent

of the Medicare Program

sample of beneficiaries based on specific combinations of digits in the health insurance claim number. Copies of admission and billing forms are handled in a comparable manner by home health agencies and extended care facilities. The outpatient billing form is also transmitted to the Social Security Administration for recording in the central record after the bill is approved for payment by the intermediary.

All the information on utilization experience in hospital and extended care facilities that is needed to administer the "benefit period" provision is recorded in the central record. This information includes stays in certain nonparticipating institutions that meet the definition of a hospital or extended care facility under the law, and days of care not covered or reimbursable under the program.

Each admission and billing form contains both the beneficiary's claim number and the provider's identification number. The resulting tape record can be readily matched to the beneficiary files and the provider files. By this process, a statistical tape record is created for the sample of insured persons that contains all the available information needed for tabulation from the three files related to Part A utilization.

PAYMENT FOR MEDICAL INSURANCE

Payment or reimbursement under the SMI program is made only after receipt by the carriers (intermediaries involved in Part B of the Medicare program) of bills having allowed charges exceeding \$50 during a calendar year period.

For the insured population, carriers need to know from a central source that the deductible has been met; thereafter, during the remainder of the calendar year, the only additional information required from the Social Security Administration for reimbursement or payment purposes is whether the person is still enrolled under the SMI program.

For administration and operation of the program, the Social Security Administration must have accurate and complete information on the amounts paid by the carriers for physician services and for other services and supplies under this part of the program. To meet these needs, carriers furnish a payment record consisting of tape, punched card, or other machine-readable record of each bill paid. A "bill" is defined as a request for payment from or on behalf of a beneficiary as the result of services provided by a single physician or supplier.

The payment record also contains selected items of information needed to supply an efficient basis for drawing samples of the bills. These items provide a sampling frame that may be used to draw additional

samples designed to obtain specific information not furnished reliably by the basic sample of enrolled persons under the medical insurance program.

THE MEDICAL INSURANCE SAMPLE

Although the payment record provides a rapid method for summarizing payment data and a sampling frame for efficiently drawing additional samples of bills, it does not provide specific data on diagnoses, procedures, and related charges.

Basic statistics on the utilization of physician and other services covered under the supplementary medical insurance program are derived from bills paid by intermediaries to or on behalf of a continuous 5-percent sample of all enrolled persons. Intermediaries have been given specific combinations of digits of the health insurance claim number to be used in selecting the 5-percent sample, which is a subsample of the 20-percent sample used for hospital insurance program data.

Bills are submitted either directly on an SSA request for payment form, or on the SSA form in combination with the physician's billing form. Both methods are designed to provide information on the date and place of each service, the procedure carried out or service provided, the condition treated (diagnosis), and the physician's or supplier's charge for the specific service.

All of the bills of persons in the 5-percent sample to or for whom payment is made under the program, including those used to meet the annual \$50 deductible, are included in the sample and coded. However, data are not available through these procedures for persons in the sample who do not meet the \$50 deductible. Such data are collected by means of the Current Medicare Survey, with data made available in a separate report series.¹

For hospital-based physicians who have authorized the provider to collect the fee for their services, the provider billing for patient services by physicians form is used. This form is completed for each patient. It includes descriptive information on the date and place of each service, the diagnoses, procedures, and the charges. These bills are received centrally for the 5-percent sample of persons enrolled for supplementary medical insurance. Beginning April 1, 1968, it is also possible for the hospital to include payments for radiology and pathology services directly on the hospital bill.

¹ Jack Scharff, "Current Medicare Survey: The Medical Insurance Sample," *Social Security Bulletin*, April 1967.

Hospitals Participating in the Medicare Program

TITLE XVIII of the Social Security Act, introduced as part of the 1965 amendments, provides health insurance protection for the aged. To implement the law, two separate but complementary programs were established. The first of these, the hospital insurance (HI) program, provides protection against the cost of hospital and related post-hospital care. The second, termed supplementary medical insurance (SMI), provides coverage of physicians' services and a number of other health items and services not included under the HI program.

Hospitals certified to provide services to Medicare beneficiaries include short-term general and specialty hospitals; tuberculosis, psychiatric, and other long-term general and specialty hospitals; and Christian Science sanatoriums. To participate in the program and be reimbursed for services provided, a hospital must meet statutory requirements and be in substantial compliance with conditions established by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, in the interest of the health and safety of patients.¹ The hospital must also enter into an agreement with the Social Security Administration not to charge for covered items and services, except deductibles and coinsurance amounts, and to reimburse the patient where such charges have been made in error. The hospital must also agree to provide services on a non-discriminatory basis in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.²

Hospitals are considered in substantial compliance with the conditions of participation if:

1. The hospital is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals, and has established a utilization review plan, and such plan is in effect on or before the first day a hospital becomes a participating provider, or
2. The hospital meets the statutory requirements (Section 1861 (e) of the Act) and is found to be operating in accordance with all conditions of participation with no significant deficiencies, or

¹ For the statutory definition of a "hospital," and the detailed conditions of participation, see the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 20, Chapter III, Part 405, "Conditions of Participation: Hospitals" (HIR-10), Social Security Administration.

² See "Conditions of Participation."

3. The hospital meets the specific statutory requirements of Section 1861 (e) of the Act, but is found to have deficiencies with respect to one or more conditions which:
 - a. It is making reasonable plans and efforts to correct, and
 - b. Notwithstanding these deficiencies, is rendering adequate care without hazard to the health and safety of individuals being served, taking into account special procedures or precautionary measures that have been, or are being, instituted.

This report presents data on selected characteristics of the hospitals that met the conditions for participation in the Medicare program at any time during calendar year 1968.

During calendar year 1968, 6,922 hospitals in the United States and outlying areas with approximately 1.16 million adult beds had been certified to provide hospital services to the population 65 years of age and over covered by hospital insurance under Medicare. This represents a net decrease from 1967 of only 37 hospitals and 1,701 adult beds. The largest relative and actual decreases were registered in the South, where the South Atlantic, East South Central, and West South Central States lost six, four, and 16 hospitals, respectively—a total of 26 hospitals in all.

The approximately 1.16 million adult beds in the 6,922 institutions certified in 1968 were available to the general population as well as to Medicare enrollees. The discussion in this report is limited to the distribution of certified facilities as they are related to the Medicare population.

Table A.—Number of participating hospitals and beds, by division, 1966-68

Division	Hospitals			Beds (in thousands)		
	1966	1967	1968	1966	1967	1968
All areas -----	6,790	6,959	6,922	1,149.7	1,161.6	1,159.9
United States -----	6,684	6,849	6,810	1,138.9	1,150.1	1,148.4
New England -----	380	387	390	88.9	81.6	82.0
Middle Atlantic -----	813	825	820	278.8	279.6	278.4
East North Central -----	1,169	1,183	1,174	220.8	223.1	223.0
West North Central -----	908	927	923	99.3	104.0	104.1
South Atlantic -----	797	838	832	135.1	146.9	146.4
East South Central -----	466	490	486	46.1	50.9	50.5
West South Central -----	908	945	929	85.8	91.3	91.4
Mountain -----	401	403	401	35.4	36.8	36.5
Pacific -----	842	851	855	148.6	136.0	136.0

Characteristics of Hospitals

Most of the certified hospitals (almost 91 percent) were general and specialty hospitals classified as short-stay facilities reporting an average length of stay of less than 30 days (table B). Such hospitals contained two-thirds of the beds in certified hospitals. The remaining certified hospitals were long-stay facilities where the average length of stay is 30 days or more. Data for specialized long-stay hospitals serving tuberculosis and psychiatric patients are shown separately from data for all other long-stay hospitals.

Table B.—Number and percentage distribution of participating hospitals and beds, all areas, 1968

Type of hospital	Hospitals		Beds	
	Number	Percentage distribution	Number	Percentage distribution
All areas -----	6,922	100.0	1,159,914	100.0
Short-stay -----	6,276	90.7	780,454	67.3
Long-stay -----	646	9.3	379,460	32.7
Tuberculosis -----	120	1.7	25,981	2.2
Psychiatric -----	344	5.0	314,149	27.1
Other -----	182	2.6	39,330	3.4

American Hospital Association data.—The number of hospitals, both in the aggregate and by type, and number of beds shown in this report differ from comparable figures for calendar year 1968 reported by the American Hospital Association in the annual Guide Issue of *Hospitals*, which listed the characteristics of member hospitals as of September 30, 1968.³ The Social Security Administration figures do not include those hospitals denied participation, and those not applying for certification. The American Hospital Association does not register hospitals with fewer than six beds; there is no such limitation for participation under the Medicare certification requirements. Osteopathic hospitals are excluded from AHA membership, but can be certified under Medicare. In addition, the participating hospitals include about 100 general hospitals that are actually distinct parts of psychiatric and tuberculosis hospitals representing the active-care medical and surgical beds in these facilities which, as an entire institution, are not accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. In some instances, active-care psychiatric units of the same hospitals may also be counted here as psychiatric hospitals. A number of medical centers are counted as one hospital while, in other cases, different components of the medical centers are counted separately, depending on the way in which certification was requested.

Type of control.—Fifteen percent of all participating hospitals are controlled by proprietary (or profit-making) organizations, 53 percent by voluntary (nongovernment) organizations, and the remainder by State and local governments (table C). The distribution by control is much the same for short-stay hospitals as for all hospitals since they represent almost 91 percent of the total number of hospitals.

³ *Hospitals* (Journal of the American Hospital Association), Guide Issue, August 1, 1969.

The ownership pattern of long-stay hospitals is quite different, however. The majority of tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals are run by State and local governments (note that the distribution of ownership of other long-stay hospitals actually comprises an aggregate of several distinct subgroups of long-stay hospitals, including rehabilitation facilities and other such specialized long-term hospitals, and thus differs from the other two distributions). Generally, the proportions of long-stay hospitals that are voluntary or proprietary are smaller than that for short-stay hospitals. Because of the differences in their functions, distributions, and characteristics, data for the short-stay and long-stay hospitals are discussed separately.

Table C.—Percentage distribution of participating hospitals, by type of hospital, and control, all areas, 1968

Type of control	All hospitals		Long-stay hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Short-stay hospitals	Tuberculosis	Psychiatric	Other
All areas -----	6,922	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Voluntary -----	3,685	53.2	56.3	5.8	17.7	44.5
Proprietary -----	1,007	14.6	14.9	0.8	16.6	8.8
State ¹ -----	539	7.8	3.6	51.7	62.8	18.7
Local -----	1,691	24.4	25.2	41.7	2.9	28.0
All areas -----	6,922	100.0	90.7	1.7	5.0	2.6
Voluntary -----	3,685	100.0	96.0	0.2	1.6	2.2
Proprietary -----	1,007	100.0	92.6	0.1	5.7	1.6
State ¹ -----	539	100.0	42.1	11.5	40.1	6.3
Local -----	1,691	100.0	93.4	3.0	0.6	3.0

¹ Includes 6 Federal hospitals not shown in detail.

SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS

Short-stay hospitals provided 40 hospital beds per 1,000 persons enrolled for hospital insurance in 1968. The ratios of adult beds to the aged population shown for each geographic area in table 3.1.1 (and summarized in table D) ranged from 27 and 28 for Mississippi and Florida, respectively, to 67 for the District of Columbia, and up to 111 beds per 1,000 enrollees in Alaska, where there are relatively few persons aged 65 and over. The ratio for most States falls between 30 and 50 beds per 1,000 insured persons.

Table D.—Percentage distribution of adult beds in participating short-stay hospitals per 1,000 enrolled population, July 1, 1968

Adult beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number of States ¹	Percentage distribution
Total -----	54	100.0
20.0-29.9 -----	2	3.7
30.0-39.9 -----	19	35.2
40.0-49.9 -----	26	48.1
50.0-59.9 -----	3	5.6
60.0-69.9 -----	1	1.8
70.0 or more -----	3	5.6

¹ Includes 50 States, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands.

However, as noted previously, the effective number of beds available for use by Medicare enrollees depends, in part, on the size of the *total* population

in the area and their utilization of short-stay hospitals.

Bed size.—In all areas, there were only 54 short-stay hospitals with more than 750 adult beds. None of these were privately owned; 26 were voluntary, while 28 were run by State or local governments. On the average, proprietary hospitals were substantially smaller than either voluntary or non-Federal government hospitals: 86 percent of the proprietary hospitals had fewer than 100 beds, compared with only half (49 percent) of the voluntary hospitals (table E). The median bed size of all voluntary hospitals is more than twice that of proprietary ones (table F). Short-stay hospitals run by State governments had the largest median bed size of all—112—twice as large as comparable hospitals under local public ownership.⁴

Table E.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay hospitals by control and bed size, all areas, 1968

Bed size	All hospitals	Total	Volun-tary	Propri-etary	State ¹	Local
Percentage distribution						
All areas -----	6,276	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 25 beds -----	674	10.7	6.1	22.4	17.2	13.4
25-49 -----	1,617	25.7	19.3	37.5	8.8	35.8
50-99 -----	1,549	24.6	23.3	25.9	20.4	27.6
100-149 -----	776	12.4	14.9	7.7	16.7	8.9
150-199 -----	479	7.6	10.2	3.3	7.9	4.3
200-249 -----	336	5.4	7.3	2.6	5.7	2.6
250-299 -----	230	3.7	5.5	0.3	4.0	1.5
300-399 -----	306	4.9	7.1	0.3	7.9	2.2
400-499 -----	144	2.3	3.3	—	3.5	1.2
500-749 -----	111	1.8	2.3	—	3.5	1.4
750-999 -----	37	0.6	0.6	—	3.1	0.5
1,000-1,999 -----	13	0.2	0.1	—	1.3	0.4
2,000 or more -----	4	0.1	—	—	—	0.2

¹ Includes 6 Federal hospitals not shown in detail.

The median bed size of all short-stay hospitals was 77 beds; that of voluntary hospitals (accounting for over 56 percent of all short-stay facilities) was more than twice that of both proprietary and local hospitals (table F). Regional bed-size variations are even more pronounced: short-stay hospitals in the Northeast are substantially larger than in all other regions (except for those run by State governments—which account for only 175 of the total of 6,173 hospitals in the 50 States and the District of Columbia). The predominance in the average (median) size of Northeastern hospitals can be accounted for by the relatively large numbers of nonprofit and municipal hospitals in the larger urban areas of this region. These also include many of the very largest teaching hospitals in the country, which are located primarily in the Northeastern region.

Factors tending to depress the average size of short-stay hospitals outside the Northeastern region include the lower relative degree of urbanization in these other regions, as well as the large numbers of relatively small municipal and religious nonprofit hospitals which abound in the larger States which comprise the three other regions.

⁴ "Local" hospitals are those run by cities, counties, joint city-county authorities, and hospital districts.

Table F.—Median bed size of participating short-stay hospitals, by control and region, 1968

Region	All hospitals	Volun-tary	Propri-etary	State ¹	Local
All areas -----	77	104	43	112	52
United States -----	78	104	43	138	52
Northeast -----	143	149	115	126	179
North Central -----	79	99	42	127	48
The South -----	64	95	38	262	56
The West -----	60	82	46	62	44

¹ Includes 6 Federal hospitals not shown in detail.

The distribution of hospital size also varies across the country. Table G shows the percentage of hospitals in each geographic division by bed size. The highest proportion of large hospitals is found in the Middle Atlantic States. About three-fourths of the short-stay hospitals in the West North Central, East South Central, West South Central, and Mountain States have fewer than 100 beds.

Table G.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay hospitals, by bed size and division, 1968

Division	All hospitals	Bed size				
		Less than 100	100-249	250-499	500-749	750 or more
Number						
All areas -----	6,276	3,840	1,591	680	111	54
United States -----	6,173	3,759	1,575	674	111	54
New England -----	317	155	112	41	7	2
Middle Atlantic -----	707	205	306	149	29	18
East North Central ---	1,016	487	335	156	29	9
West North Central ---	874	645	151	60	13	5
South Atlantic -----	763	434	210	97	15	7
East South Central ---	459	339	82	32	3	3
West South Central ---	894	692	144	44	7	7
Mountain -----	376	288	62	25	1	—
Pacific -----	767	514	173	70	7	3
Percentage distribution						
All areas -----	100.0	61.2	25.3	10.8	1.8	0.9
United States -----	100.0	60.9	25.5	10.9	1.8	0.9
New England -----	100.0	49.0	35.3	12.9	2.2	0.6
Middle Atlantic -----	100.0	29.0	43.3	21.1	4.1	2.5
East North Central ---	100.0	47.9	33.0	15.4	2.8	0.9
West North Central ---	100.0	73.7	17.3	6.9	1.5	0.6
South Atlantic -----	100.0	56.9	27.5	12.7	2.0	0.9
East South Central ---	100.0	73.9	17.9	7.0	0.6	0.6
West South Central ---	100.0	77.4	16.1	4.9	0.8	0.8
Mountain -----	100.0	76.6	16.5	6.6	0.3	—
Pacific -----	100.0	67.0	22.6	9.1	0.9	0.4

Facilities and services.—Table 3.1.7 shows the number of participating hospitals reporting services and facilities available to their patients. For short-stay hospitals only, the percentages reporting each of the 22 identifiable facilities and services are shown in descending order in Table H. Almost all short-stay hospitals report having five services—a clinical laboratory, diagnostic X-ray equipment, an operating room, electrocardiography, and an emergency room. Availability of the remaining 17 services and facilities generally varies according to the bed size of the hospital. As expected, the larger hospitals generally have the most comprehensive services.

There is considerable variation across geographical divisions in the percentages of services and facilities in participating short-stay hospitals (table J). Aside from the five services noted above as being almost uniformly present in almost every short-stay hospital,

Table H.—Percent of short-stay participating hospitals reporting specified facilities and services by bed size, all areas, 1968

Facilities and services	All hospitals	Bed size										
		Less than 100	100-149	150-199	200-249	250-299	300-399	400-499	500-749	750-999	1,000-1,999	2,000 or more
Number	6,276	3,840	776	479	336	230	306	144	111	37	13	4
Percent												
Clinical laboratory	98.3	97.8	99.2	99.0	98.5	98.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
X-ray, diagnostic	97.9	97.0	99.0	99.4	99.4	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Operating room	97.1	96.0	98.6	98.6	98.5	99.6	99.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Electrocardiograph	96.7	95.4	99.2	97.3	99.1	98.7	99.3	99.3	99.1	100.0	100.0	100.0
Emergency department	90.2	87.2	93.3	94.4	94.9	97.0	97.0	99.3	95.5	97.3	100.0	100.0
Pharmacy	71.2	55.5	90.4	96.9	98.5	99.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Post-operative recovery room	66.8	48.6	91.9	95.0	97.6	97.4	98.4	98.6	98.2	97.3	100.0	100.0
Blood bank	66.8	55.3	80.4	80.2	87.2	89.6	88.2	93.7	96.4	97.3	100.0	100.0
Pathology laboratory	52.3	27.3	80.8	93.1	95.8	98.3	99.3	99.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Physical therapy department	49.8	29.4	67.5	80.0	85.4	91.7	95.8	95.8	96.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
X-ray, therapeutic	32.0	8.5	45.4	64.5	75.6	86.1	89.9	93.0	94.6	97.3	92.3	100.0
Organized outpatient department	31.8	22.1	24.6	35.5	48.5	62.6	69.3	81.2	91.0	97.3	100.0	100.0
Intensive care unit	29.4	10.5	33.5	52.6	61.9	77.8	85.0	90.3	91.9	86.5	100.0	100.0
Radioactive isotope facility	27.0	5.2	30.5	52.6	70.2	86.5	88.6	95.8	95.5	97.3	100.0	100.0
Electroencephalograph	24.2	7.1	21.9	40.9	56.2	70.9	80.4	85.4	95.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cobalt and radium therapy	17.2	2.7	17.0	31.1	38.4	52.6	63.4	74.3	81.1	94.6	92.3	100.0
Medical social service department	16.9	4.2	12.5	28.2	39.3	47.8	59.2	70.1	85.6	83.8	100.0	100.0
Occupational therapy department	12.1	4.0	8.8	16.5	19.6	27.4	41.5	53.5	71.2	86.5	100.0	100.0
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	12.1	2.8	8.9	15.9	21.7	36.5	43.5	59.7	74.8	89.2	92.3	100.0
Extended care unit	11.5	10.6	12.4	12.5	11.0	10.9	12.4	13.9	18.9	24.3	46.2	25.0
Rehabilitation unit	6.8	1.9	5.3	9.2	13.4	17.0	20.9	31.9	39.6	59.5	76.9	50.0
Home care program	6.2	2.8	4.6	8.1	9.5	13.9	17.3	22.9	27.0	40.5	61.5	50.0
Other services	14.1	9.8	16.1	18.8	19.6	22.2	27.4	25.7	34.2	27.0	38.5	25.0

the remaining classes of services demonstrate substantial regional dispersion. For example, hospitals in the Middle Atlantic States almost uniformly have larger proportions of each service or facility than any other division. The States in New England and the East North Central and Pacific divisions generally rank just under those in the Middle Atlantic division in the overall proportions of most services and facilities.

Some representative services demonstrating wide divisional variations include pathology laboratories, electroencephalography units, and pharmacies. Almost 90 percent of the hospitals in the Middle Atlantic division had pathology laboratories, compared to one-third or less in the West South Central, East South Central, and West North Central States. With regard to electroencephalography, almost four times as many

hospitals in the Middle Atlantic States had such units as the hospitals in the East South Central division. Onsite pharmacies were available in 80 percent or more of the hospitals on the east and west coasts, and in the East North Central division, almost twice as many as short-stay hospitals in the West North Central and West South Central States.

JCAH accreditation.—The 4,123 participating short-stay hospitals in the United States with no significant deficiencies had met standards equal to, or more stringent than, those promulgated by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.⁵ Of these, 3,768, or 91 percent, had been accredited by the Joint Commission. These accredited short-stay

⁵ See "Standards for Hospital Accreditation," Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals, December 1965 (revised).

Table J.—Percent of facilities and services in participating short-stay hospitals, by division and type of facility, 1968

Facilities and services	United States	Division								
		New England	Middle Atlantic	East North Central	West North Central	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Mountain	Pacific
Number	6,173	317	707	1,016	874	763	459	894	376	767
Percent										
Clinical laboratory	98.5	98.8	98.7	98.9	97.5	99.1	99.1	98.2	97.4	98.4
X-ray, diagnostic	98.5	98.1	99.3	99.1	97.8	98.8	98.7	98.5	97.1	98.4
Operating room	97.6	98.1	97.7	97.8	97.1	97.8	98.7	97.6	97.6	96.4
Electrocardiograph	97.2	98.8	97.8	98.5	96.6	97.0	96.7	96.3	97.1	96.9
Emergency department	90.3	90.9	94.3	94.0	89.7	91.6	91.7	86.7	91.5	83.4
Pharmacy	71.0	88.6	88.9	84.2	51.9	71.8	58.8	54.5	65.4	81.6
Post-operative recovery room	67.5	77.6	88.5	74.5	50.2	75.8	59.9	54.3	51.9	73.5
Blood bank	67.4	76.4	82.6	73.9	59.6	70.7	68.8	51.8	64.9	65.5
Pathology laboratory	52.6	70.0	87.7	68.4	35.0	49.7	31.8	30.4	37.8	61.0
Physical therapy department	50.3	62.8	69.4	63.1	41.9	43.3	30.9	35.8	41.0	60.0
X-ray, therapeutic	32.3	37.2	56.1	44.0	25.8	31.8	21.8	16.0	22.9	30.5
Organized outpatient department	30.9	50.2	53.6	30.7	22.3	32.0	21.1	22.6	27.1	28.7
Intensive care unit	29.8	37.5	46.5	30.8	22.2	28.7	14.8	20.6	25.0	41.3
Radioactive isotope facility	27.3	29.6	48.5	36.6	17.7	30.8	15.9	13.0	18.6	29.6
Electroencephalograph	24.5	29.0	41.1	31.5	15.6	20.7	11.5	13.3	15.4	37.0
Cobalt and radium therapy	17.3	22.7	32.0	23.5	11.1	17.4	13.7	8.5	12.0	15.5
Medical social service department	16.8	35.0	46.4	18.5	8.2	12.4	6.1	5.2	8.0	18.2
Occupational therapy department	12.2	17.0	17.0	18.7	12.0	8.2	3.7	5.1	7.7	16.6
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	12.2	15.1	16.3	16.7	10.2	12.6	7.6	7.5	11.4	12.0
Extended care unit	11.6	8.8	9.0	10.9	17.2	5.9	6.5	6.8	21.3	19.3
Rehabilitation unit	6.9	12.6	15.1	9.5	6.2	4.6	1.7	1.3	4.0	7.6
Home care program	6.2	6.0	14.3	8.4	4.0	3.0	2.4	2.2	8.0	7.6
Other services	14.1	15.4	20.5	17.3	10.4	13.8	14.6	9.4	11.7	14.1

hospitals accounted for more than half of all short-stay hospitals (60 percent) and 85 percent of all adult beds in the United States. Table 3.1.9 shows that these proportions varied by region, with 94 percent of the beds in the Northeastern States in JCAH accredited hospitals, compared with 77 percent in the South.

AOA accreditation.—As with hospitals accredited by the Joint Commission, facilities accredited by the American Osteopathic Association were deemed to have met the standards established by regulation and embodied in the "Conditions of Participation," effective January 1, 1967, and thereafter.⁶ During 1968, 193 accredited osteopathic hospitals were participating in the program, all but one short-stay facilities. Table K shows that accredited osteopathic hospitals are located predominantly in States in the Middle West and the Southwest, and only rarely on the eastern or western coasts.

Table K.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay osteopathic hospitals and beds, by division, 1968

Division	Hospitals		Beds	
	Number	Percentage distribution	Number	Percentage distribution
United States -----	192	100.0	15,054	100.0
New England -----	5	2.6	392	2.6
Middle Atlantic -----	27	14.1	2,614	17.4
East North Central -----	52	27.1	6,419	42.7
West North Central -----	29	15.1	1,597	10.6
South Atlantic -----	18	9.4	885	5.9
East South Central -----	2	1.0	17	0.1
West South Central -----	42	21.9	2,007	13.3
Mountain -----	11	5.7	802	5.3
Pacific -----	6	3.1	321	2.1

Training programs.—The quality of care in a hospital is determined in part by the presence of programs for training medical students. Hospitals applying for participation in the Medicare program report the nature of their training programs (figure 1). From these replies, institutions have been classified into three categories (table 3.1.9). Nine percent of all short-stay hospitals, containing 26 percent of the adult short-stay beds, were affiliated with a medical school, i.e., the hospital is used to some extent in a medical school's teaching program.

⁶ See "Registry of Accredited Osteopathic Institutions, 1970-71," American Osteopathic Association, 1970.

Four hundred fifty-four hospitals not affiliated with a medical school reported some type of approved intern program. In 116 additional hospitals there were one or more approved programs for training residents only.

The distribution of short-stay hospitals and adult beds, by class of training program, in the four geographic regions of the country, is shown in table L. The greatest relative concentration of participating short-stay hospitals in the United States affiliated with medical schools is in the North Central and Northeastern States, with 31.8 and 30.2 percent, respectively. Conversely, States in the West accounted for 11 percent of the affiliated hospitals.

LONG-STAY HOSPITALS

Compared with short-stay facilities, hospitals in which the average patient stay is 30 days or more are fewer in number and, in general, of much larger size. There were 646 long-stay hospitals (almost 10 percent of all hospitals) participating in the Medicare program in 1968, but these included one-third of all the adult beds. Data for these institutions are shown in the general tables in the same detail as for short-stay hospitals.

Tuberculosis hospitals.—The median size of the 120 participating tuberculosis hospitals was 104 beds. The majority of these beds, and the highest ratio of beds with respect to the Medicare population, are found in the East North Central and South Atlantic States (table 3.1.3). Almost all are State or local hospitals. The facilities and services reported by these institutions relate to the type of care for which they are primarily organized. Among the more frequently reported services (not as commonly reported in short-stay hospitals) are medical social service and occupational therapy departments (table 3.1.7). Eighty-one percent of the tuberculosis beds are in JCAH accredited institutions, and almost one-fourth of the beds are in hospitals affiliated with medical schools (table 3.1.9).

Psychiatric hospitals.—There were over 300,000 beds in the 344 psychiatric hospitals participating in the Medicare program, with a median size of 206 beds. The Middle Atlantic, New England, and Pacific States had a far higher average ratio of psychiatric

Table L.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay hospitals and beds, by region and type of training program, United States, 1968

Training program	United States		Northeast		North Central		The South		The West	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Hospitals										
United States -----	6,173	100.0	1,024	16.6	1,890	30.6	2,116	34.3	1,143	18.5
Affiliated with medical school -----	566	100.0	171	30.2	180	31.8	152	26.9	63	11.1
Approved intern program -----	451	100.0	175	38.8	146	32.4	79	17.5	51	11.3
Approved resident program only -----	116	100.0	33	28.4	30	25.9	28	24.1	25	21.6
Beds										
United States -----	773,079	100.0	197,796	25.6	240,406	31.1	221,815	28.7	113,062	14.6
Affiliated with medical school -----	205,285	100.0	69,580	33.9	62,426	30.4	53,741	26.2	19,538	9.5
Approved intern program -----	128,908	100.0	49,968	38.7	42,136	32.7	22,546	17.5	14,258	11.1
Approved resident program only -----	23,625	100.0	5,932	25.1	4,894	20.7	6,771	28.7	6,028	25.5

beds per 1,000 persons enrolled than the remainder of the country (table 3.1.1). Almost two-thirds of the psychiatric hospitals are under State or local control, and these include most of the larger institutions. Two of the 57 proprietary psychiatric hospitals had as many as 200 beds; half the voluntary hospitals had fewer than 100 beds (table 3.1.6). Facilities and services reported in psychiatric hospitals also were appropriate to the particular needs of the patients in these institutions—occupational therapy, medical social service, electroencephalograph, and pharmacy service were reported with frequencies greater than those for short-stay hospitals (table 3.1.7). Almost the same proportion of hospitals and beds were accredited by the JCAH as was true for the short-stay hospitals. Almost half the psychiatric beds were in institutions affiliated with medical schools with an additional one-fourth of the beds in hospitals with resident programs only.

Table M.—Number and percentage distribution of participating long-stay hospitals, by type of hospital and bed size, all areas, 1968

Bed size	All hospitals	Tuberculosis	Psychiatric	Other long-stay
Number				
All areas -----	646	120	344	182
Less than 25 beds -----	21	3	7	11
25-49 -----	66	7	27	32
50-99 -----	136	29	63	44
100-149 -----	86	26	37	23
150-199 -----	50	12	24	14
200-249 -----	37	9	16	12
250-299 -----	25	5	11	9
300-399 -----	38	12	14	12
400-499 -----	24	4	12	8
500-749 -----	41	9	23	9
750-999 -----	18	2	13	3
1,000-1,999 -----	50	2	43	5
2,000 or more -----	54	—	54	—
Percentage distribution				
All areas -----	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 25 beds -----	3.2	2.5	2.0	6.0
25-49 -----	10.2	5.8	7.8	17.7
50-99 -----	21.1	24.1	18.3	24.3
100-149 -----	13.4	21.7	10.8	12.6
150-199 -----	7.7	10.0	7.0	7.7
200-249 -----	5.7	7.5	4.6	6.6
250-299 -----	3.9	4.2	3.2	4.9
300-399 -----	5.9	10.0	4.1	6.6
400-499 -----	3.7	3.3	3.5	4.4
500-749 -----	6.3	7.5	6.7	4.9
750-999 -----	2.8	1.7	3.8	1.6
1,000-1,999 -----	7.7	1.7	12.5	2.7
2,000 or more -----	8.4	—	15.7	—
Number of facilities				
State				
Total -----				
California -----	—	—	—	3
Colorado -----	—	—	—	1
Florida -----	—	—	—	1
Illinois -----	—	—	—	1
Massachusetts -----	—	—	—	1
Michigan -----	—	—	—	1
Missouri -----	—	—	—	2
New Jersey -----	—	—	—	1
New York -----	—	—	—	1
Ohio -----	—	—	—	1
Oregon -----	—	—	—	1
Pennsylvania -----	—	—	—	1
Texas -----	—	—	—	1
Washington -----	—	—	—	2
Wisconsin -----	—	—	—	1

Conditions of Participation

The following material is from the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 20, Chapter III, "Conditions of Participation: Hospitals" (HIR-10), Social Security Administration.

General hospitals.—In order to participate in the hospital insurance program, hospitals must satisfy requirements specified in the law and in regulations issued by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. By law, a hospital is defined as an institution primarily engaged in providing diagnostic, therapeutic, or rehabilitation services by or under the supervision of physicians to inpatients. The hospital

Other long-stay hospitals.—These institutions comprised 3 percent of all participating hospitals and contained 3 percent of the adult beds. Only 4 percent of these beds were in proprietary hospitals, an additional 22 percent in voluntary hospitals, and the remainder in government hospitals (table 3.1.5). There are eight long-stay beds per 1,000 enrolled population in the New England States, the highest ratio of any division for this class of hospital (table 3.1.1). For the country as a whole, over half the long-stay hospitals, containing more than two-thirds of the adult beds, were accredited by the JCAH. Over one-fourth of the beds were in hospitals affiliated with medical schools.

Christian Science sanatoriums.—Christian Science sanatoriums that are operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist, in Boston, may participate in the program as both "hospitals" and "extended care facilities." Payments to Christian Science sanatoriums cover costs of services ordinarily furnished by these sanatoriums that are comparable to those for which payment is made to hospitals in the sense that services in a sanatorium are a substitute for, and not in addition to, medical services that might be furnished a person if his religious beliefs were not contrary to the use of the usual facilities. By the end of 1968, 19 such sanatoriums, distributed in 15 States, were participating as shown below. Data on these institutions are not included in either the general or text tables covering participating hospitals.

State	Number of facilities
Total -----	19
California -----	3
Colorado -----	1
Florida -----	1
Illinois -----	1
Massachusetts -----	1
Michigan -----	1
Missouri -----	2
New Jersey -----	1
New York -----	1
Ohio -----	1
Oregon -----	1
Pennsylvania -----	1
Texas -----	1
Washington -----	2
Wisconsin -----	1

must maintain clinical records for all patients, have by-laws in effect for its medical staff, require every patient to be under the care of a physician, and provide 24-hour nursing service, rendered or supervised by a registered professional nurse, with a licensed practical nurse or registered professional nurse on duty at all times. An acceptable hospital utilization review plan must be in effect, and the hospital must be licensed (or meet licensing standards) pursuant to applicable State or local law. In addition, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may prescribe

other requirements that he deems necessary to protect the health and safety of the institution's patients.

Other requirements "necessary for health and safety" that are established by the Secretary may not be higher than those prescribed by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. However, such requirements may be varied for different areas or different types of institutions. In addition, higher requirements than those prescribed by JCAH may be established by the Secretary at the request of a State. In all instances, the requirements under Medicare must be equivalent to those established by the State for its medical assistance programs.⁷

Special certification.—Where denial of participation to hospitals seriously limits the access of beneficiaries to needed services because of such factors as isolated location or the absence of sufficient facilities in an area, the hospital may, upon recommendation of the State agency be approved as a provider of services. Such approvals (also termed "limited access" certifications) are granted only where the hospital has no deficiencies that would jeopardize the health and safety of patients, and is making the best use of existing resources to improve its services. This special certification is limited to general hospitals. Each case is decided on its individual merits, and while the degree and extent of compliance will vary, the facility must meet the original statutory conditions spelled out in the Social Security Amendments of 1965, Section 1861(e)(1)-(7), in addition to any other such requirements as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may find necessary.

Nonparticipating hospitals for emergency use.—Under the hospital insurance program, payments may also be made for emergency care provided to Medicare beneficiaries by certain nonparticipating hospitals including Federal hospitals. However, such institutions must meet all of the statutory provisions for participating hospitals except for the requirement for a functioning utilization review plan. In addition, such institutions do not have to satisfy other requirements promulgated by the Secretary for participating hospitals to protect the health and safety of their patients. The payment of benefits for emergency hospital diagnostic services or inpatient care is permitted until it is no longer necessary from a medical standpoint to care for the patient in a nonparticipating institution. To be paid under the program for emergency services, nonparticipating hospitals, like participating hospitals, must agree not to charge the patient amounts (except the deductibles) in addition to the program's payments for covered services.

Christian Science sanatoriums.—Christian Science sanatoriums that are operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston may participate in the program as "hospitals." Payments

to Christian Science sanatoriums cover costs of services ordinarily furnished by these sanatoriums that are comparable to those for which payment is made to hospitals in the sense that services in a sanatorium are a substitute for, and not an addition to, medical services that might be furnished a person if his religious beliefs were not contrary to the use of the usual facilities.

Tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals.—A tuberculosis hospital is one that is primarily engaged in providing medical services for the diagnosis or treatment of the disease, by or under the supervision of a physician. Similarly, a psychiatric hospital is one primarily engaged in providing psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of the mentally ill. To participate under Medicare such hospitals must meet the conditions of participation for other hospitals established in the law or by the Secretary in regulations. They must also meet certain additional special requirements. Tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals must be accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. Such hospitals must maintain clinical records on all patients. They must also maintain other records that enable the Secretary to determine the degree and intensity of treatment furnished to beneficiaries. Tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals must also meet such staffing requirements as the Secretary finds necessary for the institution to carry out an active treatment program.

Tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals may provide both active and custodial care. The special requirements relating to records and staffing, described above, are intended to help assure that the Medicare program does not pay for custodial care in either tuberculosis or psychiatric hospitals. Where such hospitals provide both active and custodial care, the distinct part, that is, the specific wing or ward, that provides active care may participate in the program if it meets the records and staffing conditions noted above and the entire facility is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. If the entire facility is not accredited, the distinct part providing active treatment may still participate if the latter meets conditions equivalent to the requirements for JCAH accreditation.

Utilization review plan.—The purpose of utilization review is to assure that patients are in the health facility appropriate to the care and services they require. To be acceptable, a hospital's utilization review plan must apply to all patients who are Medicare beneficiaries. It must provide for (1) the review, on a sample or other basis, of admissions to the hospital, the length of stay, and the professional services (including drugs and biologicals) furnished, with respect to the medical necessity of the services, and the most efficient use of available health facilities and services; and (2) for the review of each case of continuous extended duration. The definition of what constitutes an "extended duration" case is left to each hospital. Most hospitals have defined them as cases with stays of 30 days or more.

⁷ Standards established by the accrediting agency for osteopathic hospitals, the American Osteopathic Association, were deemed equivalent to those accorded to the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. The policy first became operative, by regulation, during calendar year 1967.

The review should be made by either a staff committee of the institution composed of two or more physicians (with or without participation of other professional personnel), or a group from outside the institution similarly composed and established jointly by the local medical society and some or all of the hospitals in the locality, or where such a group does not exist to serve the institution, it is established in such a manner as may be approved by the Secretary.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act.—In addition to meeting the quality standards established under the health insurance legislation, hospitals wishing to participate in the Medicare program must be in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. In its application to Medicare, the Act requires that hospitals and other institutions participating in the program must provide access to their services and facilities without regard to the race, color, or national origin of a patient; that ancillary services and facilities be equally available to all people; and that the staff be recruited and employed in a nondiscriminatory manner. To meet these requirements, an institution must engage in no discrimination, separation, or other distinction on the basis of race, color, or national origin in providing services, facilities, or any other activities that influence the admission, care, or treatment of patients.

Certification process.—Hospitals that wish to participate under the Medicare program must apply for and establish their eligibility to do so. The hospital must demonstrate that it meets the conditions of participation described above.

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act provides that State agencies, primarily health departments, operating under agreement with the Secretary, will determine whether prospective hospitals meet the conditions of participation. The State agencies certify to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare institutions that meet these conditions. A hospital that is found to meet the specific statutory requirements and to be in substantial compliance with additional conditions prescribed in regulations may sign an agreement with the SSA to become a participating hospital.

In carrying out their responsibilities under the health insurance program, the State agencies conduct field surveys of hospitals to determine the extent to which these facilities are in substantial compliance with the applicable conditions of participation; undertake periodic resurveys of participating facilities to determine whether they continue to meet such conditions; provide consultative services to facilities experiencing difficulties in meeting the participation requirements; identify nonparticipating hospitals that could be reimbursed under the program for emergency services; and coordinate activities under the health insurance program with activities conducted under medical assistance programs. The State agencies are reimbursed for the costs of activities they perform under the program, including related costs of administrative overhead and staff.

The regulations provide that the initial certification of hospitals found to be in substantial compliance is for a period of 2 years. If deficiencies in one or more of the conditions are found on initial survey, a resurvey must be made by the State agency within 18 months or earlier, depending on the nature of the deficiencies.

Hospitals with special certifications ("limited access") are resurveyed within 12 months or sooner if the State agency believes it appropriate. If, on resurvey, it is determined that the provider has not corrected serious deficiencies and that the factor of limited access no longer applies, the provider's participation is terminated.

Hospitals accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals were deemed to meet all the conditions for participation, except for that relating to the utilization review plan.⁸ Hospitals are certified to participate in Medicare if they are found to be in substantial compliance with the conditions of participation. In determining whether a hospital complies substantially with the conditions of participation, State agencies use a series of standards supplemented by explanatory factors for each prescribed condition as set forth in regulations of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Application of these standards and factors requires a thorough evaluation of the degree to which operation of the hospital demonstrates adequate performance of the activities and functions embodied in the conditions.

Those hospitals with deficiencies in one or more of the conditions of participation may nevertheless be found to be in substantial compliance and certified for participation if the deficiency: (1) does not involve failure to meet a specific statutory requirement, (2) does not interfere with adequate patient care, (3) does not represent a hazard to patient health or safety, and (4) is one which the institution is making reasonable plans and efforts to correct. Consultative services were made available by the State agencies to help providers complete their plans for correcting all deficiencies.

If a provider is judged not to be in compliance, or after a period of participation is no longer in compliance with the conditions of participation, the State agency informs the Social Security Administration of this fact. The Social Security Administration in turn (under powers delegated by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare) acts on the State agency's finding—terminating the provider's contract, if appropriate. If the provider disagrees with the Administration's decision, a review of the decision may be requested, at which time an administrative review of SSA's determination is accomplished.

An agreement may be terminated by either the provider of services or the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. Beneficiaries are protected from an abrupt termination of an agreement by a provider

⁸ Hospitals accredited by the American Osteopathic Association were first accorded comparable status during calendar year 1967.

through a requirement that notice must be given by the provider to the Secretary and to the public. The length of time between the notice and the point at which the termination becomes effective is specified in regulations, but the length of time cannot be longer than 6 months.

The Secretary may terminate an agreement only after reasonable notice and only if the provider (a) does not comply with the provisions of the agreement or of the law and regulation, (b) is no longer eligible to participate, or (c) fails to provide data needed to determine what benefit amounts are payable or refuses access to financial records for verification of bills. The Secretary is required to give the provider reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing before making a final determination that the provider does not qualify to participate under the program or before terminating an agreement. The final administrative decision is subject to judicial review.

Level of certification.—Hospitals can be accepted for complete participation in the program at the following levels of certification:

1. With no significant deficiencies
2. With correctible deficiencies
3. Special certification

Almost 66 percent of all short-stay hospitals had no significant deficiencies, with an additional 25 percent having correctible deficiencies (table N). Significantly greater proportions of the tuberculosis and other long-stay hospitals were found to have no significant deficiencies. Psychiatric institutions had the highest proportion with correctible deficiencies—just over 36 percent.

Table N.—Number and percentage distribution of participating hospitals, by level of certification and type of hospital, all areas, 1968

Level of certification	All hospitals	Long-stay hospitals			
		Short-stay hospitals	Tuberculosis	Psychiatric	Other
Number					
All areas -----	6,922	6,276	120	344	182
No significant deficiencies -----	4,568	4,123	93	218	134
Correctible deficiencies -----	1,740	1,544	27	125	44
Special certification -----	614	609	—	1	4
Percentage distribution					
All areas -----	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No significant deficiencies -----	66.0	65.7	77.5	63.4	73.6
Correctible deficiencies -----	25.1	24.6	22.5	36.3	24.2
Special certification -----	8.9	9.7	—	0.3	2.2

Hospitals with special certification.—A total of 609 short-stay hospitals, or 8.8 percent of all participating hospitals, were accorded special certification (table O). "Special certification" is defined on page xv.

There were great variations in their distribution among the geographic divisions, more than one-third (36.4 percent) of the hospitals in the West South Central States had special certifications, compared to less than 1 percent in the New England States. The States in the East South Central, West South Central, and Mountain divisions accounted for almost 81 percent of all hospitals in this category. Texas alone accounted for almost 40 percent of all specially-certified hospitals.

Table O.—Number of participating hospitals and percent with special certification, by division and State, 1968

Division and State	All hospitals	Percent with special certification
All areas -----	6,922	8.9
United States -----	6,810	8.8
New England -----	390	0.8
Maine -----	63	3.2
New Hampshire -----	35	2.8
Vermont -----	24	—
Massachusetts -----	195	—
Rhode Island -----	22	—
Connecticut -----	51	—
Middle Atlantic -----	820	1.8
New York -----	401	3.0
New Jersey -----	122	2.4
Pennsylvania -----	297	—
East North Central -----	1,174	1.0
Ohio -----	270	1.8
Indiana -----	137	—
Illinois -----	301	1.0
Michigan -----	278	1.4
Wisconsin -----	188	—
West North Central -----	923	3.4
Minnesota -----	196	—
Iowa -----	147	2.0
Missouri -----	172	11.6
North Dakota -----	64	7.8
South Dakota -----	64	—
Nebraska -----	111	2.7
Kansas -----	169	—
South Atlantic -----	832	4.4
Delaware -----	9	—
Maryland -----	59	1.7
District of Columbia -----	14	—
Virginia -----	120	—
West Virginia -----	84	1.2
North Carolina -----	150	6.0
South Carolina -----	73	—
Georgia -----	145	15.2
Florida -----	178	2.2
East South Central -----	486	19.3
Kentucky -----	130	—
Tennessee -----	153	30.7
Alabama -----	118	12.7
Mississippi -----	85	37.6
West South Central -----	929	36.4
Arkansas -----	107	24.3
Louisiana -----	125	30.4
Oklahoma -----	149	28.2
Texas -----	548	42.3
Mountain -----	401	15.2
Montana -----	68	4.4
Idaho -----	48	31.2
Wyoming -----	30	10.0
Colorado -----	90	20.0
New Mexico -----	45	13.3
Arizona -----	63	3.2
Utah -----	37	29.7
Nevada -----	20	15.0
Pacific -----	855	1.2
Washington -----	122	—
Oregon -----	90	—
California -----	596	0.8
Alaska -----	21	4.8
Hawaii -----	26	15.4
Outlying areas -----	112	10.7
Guam -----	1	—
Puerto Rico -----	105	11.4
Virgin Islands -----	5	—
Other outlying areas -----	1	—

Nonparticipating Hospitals

A NONPARTICIPATING hospital¹ is "one which does not have an agreement to participate whether or not it meets other requirements for participation. Such a

¹ See Section 202, "Hospital Emergency Services," *Hospital Manual* (HIM-10), Social Security Administration.

hospital, however, may receive payment for inpatient hospital services or outpatient hospital diagnostic services furnished by it, or by others under arrangements with it, under the following conditions:

"a. the services must be emergency services;

Table P.—Number of emergency hospitals and beds, by division and State, 1968

Division and State	Hospitals	Beds
All areas	810	105,780
United States	787	104,850
New England	22	2,590
Maine	5	1,369
New Hampshire	1	128
Vermont	3	71
Massachusetts	11	658
Rhode Island	1	50
Connecticut	1	314
Middle Atlantic	93	8,902
New York	39	3,615
New Jersey	20	2,259
Pennsylvania	34	3,028
East North Central	81	10,525
Ohio	21	3,825
Indiana	5	260
Illinois	23	3,241
Michigan	19	1,431
Wisconsin	13	1,768
West North Central	27	2,113
Minnesota	1	8
Iowa	11	1,148
Missouri	6	717
North Dakota	2	42
South Dakota	—	—
Nebraska	7	198
Kansas	—	—
South Atlantic	160	26,125
Delaware	1	60
Maryland	9	2,176
District of Columbia	3	281
Virginia	26	9,388
West Virginia	13	5,319
North Carolina	20	1,211
South Carolina	17	2,060
Georgia	42	2,286
Florida	29	3,344
East South Central	151	30,647
Kentucky	21	3,246
Tennessee	29	9,207
Alabama	37	11,978
Mississippi	64	6,216
West South Central	155	16,867
Arkansas	10	1,446
Louisiana	66	9,523
Oklahoma	18	2,738
Texas	61	3,160
Mountain	40	3,657
Montana	6	169
Idaho	4	1,656
Wyoming	3	61
Colorado	4	63
New Mexico	8	1,001
Arizona	11	498
Utah	4	209
Nevada	—	—
Pacific	58	3,424
Washington	12	384
Oregon	4	91
California	38	2,570
Alaska	—	—
Hawaii	4	379
Outlying areas	23	930
Guam	—	—
Puerto Rico	23	930
Virgin Islands	—	—
Other outlying areas	—	—

“b. they must be covered under *hospital* insurance;

“c. the hospital must meet the requirements of the definition of a hospital (see page xix), psychiatric hospital, or tuberculosis hospital, except for the utilization review plan and the health and safety conditions prescribed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare; and

“d. it must agree on an *individual basis* not to charge any patient or other person for items or services covered by hospital insurance except deductibles and coinsurance amounts; and return any money incorrectly collected.”

There are two bases for a hospital's eligibility to provide emergency services: an “emergency” hospital

Table Q.—Number of Federal¹ hospitals and beds, by division and State, 1968

Division and State	Hospitals	Beds
All areas	414	167,860
United States	411	167,420
New England	22	10,725
Maine	3	929
New Hampshire	2	379
Vermont	1	188
Massachusetts	9	5,075
Rhode Island	3	783
Connecticut	4	3,371
Middle Atlantic	35	25,985
New York	17	14,542
New Jersey	5	3,524
Pennsylvania	13	7,919
East North Central	43	26,979
Ohio	8	3,989
Indiana	6	2,734
Illinois	10	9,377
Michigan	15	7,586
Wisconsin	4	3,293
West North Central	35	13,763
Minnesota	2	2,393
Iowa	3	2,320
Missouri	9	3,591
North Dakota	3	394
South Dakota	5	1,412
Nebraska	5	1,082
Kansas	8	2,571
South Atlantic	74	26,158
Delaware	2	370
Maryland	13	4,751
District of Columbia	1	1,485
Virginia	11	4,875
West Virginia	5	1,461
North Carolina	9	4,014
South Carolina	6	2,194
Georgia	13	3,819
Florida	14	3,189
East South Central	29	14,350
Kentucky	6	3,478
Tennessee	7	3,946
Alabama	10	4,928
Mississippi	6	1,998
West South Central	57	17,878
Arkansas	5	2,862
Louisiana	8	2,490
Oklahoma	12	1,648
Texas	32	10,878
Mountain	52	8,069
Montana	7	431
Idaho	2	243
Wyoming	3	875
Colorado	6	2,679
New Mexico	12	1,294
Arizona	17	1,644
Utah	1	578
Nevada	4	325
Pacific	64	23,513
Washington	13	3,524
Oregon	3	1,260
California	35	16,580
Alaska	12	1,199
Hawaii	1	1,000
Outlying areas	3	440
Guam	—	—
Puerto Rico	3	440
Virgin Islands	—	—
Other outlying areas	—	—

¹ Excludes Federal hospitals participating as community hospitals.

is one that agrees to the above conditions and is not federally owned; and a Federal hospital otherwise meeting the definition of a hospital. A number of hospitals that were not certified under the program (and not included in the general tables) were approved to render reimbursable inpatient services if the admission were emergency in nature. “Emergency” services were defined as “outpatient hospital diagnostic services, and inpatient hospital services which are necessary to prevent the death or serious impairment of the health of the individual and which, because of the threat to the life or health of the individual, necessitates the use of the most accessible hospital available which is equipped to furnish such services.”

The number of hospitals approved to be reimbursed

for emergency services is shown above in table P. There were 810 non-Federal emergency hospitals, with 105,780 beds, active during 1968. The South Atlantic, East South Central, and West South Central States accounted for almost 60 percent of all emergency hospitals, and 70 percent of the beds in these facilities.

As in 1967, most of the emergency hospitals in the South were so designated primarily due to failure of these short-stay hospitals to comply with certain civil rights guidelines.

Federal hospitals, by statute, cannot participate in the Medicare program unless the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that such hospitals serve the community as a whole. During 1968, six Federal hospitals were designated as community facilities—four in Alaska, one in the District of Columbia, and

one in American Samoa. All other Federal hospitals that met the definition of a "hospital" under the 1965 amendments to the Social Security Act were approved to render "emergency" services, also as defined in the 1965 amendments. The numbers of Federal facilities and their beds, by State, are shown in table Q.

The Guide Issue of *Hospitals* (August 1, 1969), published by the American Hospital Association, shows that there were 416 Federal hospitals in the United States at the end of 1968. The present report lists 411 Federal hospitals² eligible for emergency services, and six participating fully during the same period.³

² Excludes 3 Federal hospitals in Puerto Rico.

³ The Guide Issue of *Hospitals* does not include the Federal hospital in American Samoa in its total of 416 Federal hospitals.

Sources of the Data

To be reimbursed for services provided, a hospital must apply for and be accepted for participation in the hospital insurance program. Data included on the applications ("Hospital Request to Establish Eligibility," Form SSA-1514, figure 1) used by hospitals to request certification for participation are recorded in the central provider records and are updated as facilities are recertified periodically, as new ones apply for participation, or as some leave the program. Upon receipt of these forms in the Social Security Administration's central office, information provided by the hospital describing its characteristics is entered into a master provider of services file. All data shown in the general and text tables of this report are compiled from the information shown on the "Hospital Request to Establish Eligibility" (Form SSA-1514, figure 1) and on the "Certification and Transmittal" (Form SSA-1539, figure 2). The latter form is processed and transmitted by the contracting State agency upon receipt of the original provider application form. The information provided by each hospital includes such items as the State and county in which the institution is located; number of adult beds; type of control; major types of services provided; accreditation status, medical school affiliation, and approved training programs; and staff characteristics, including the number of physicians, registered nurses, qualified speech therapists, licensed practical nurses, home health aides, and other skilled medical care personnel.

When the information in the master provider of services file is combined with utilization data, it serves to relate the characteristics of facilities that provide care to the type and cost of service used by the aged.

The eligibility forms were completed by all applicant hospitals in accordance with instructions furnished by the Social Security Administration.¹ For

some items on the form, familiarity by these respondents with the well-established definitions promulgated by the American Hospital Association was assumed. These definitions and explanations are shown below.²

TYPES OF HOSPITALS

Short-stay general and special hospitals.—Includes only those where the average length of stay has been, or is, under 30 days.

Long-stay general and special hospitals.—Includes those hospitals where the average length of stay is 30 days or more. Such hospitals may be general, chronic disease, or special long-stay hospitals. Excluded are those hospitals primarily for the care and treatment of tuberculosis or mental diseases.

Tuberculosis hospitals.—Includes only those hospitals primarily engaged in providing medical services for the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis by or under the supervision of a physician.

Psychiatric hospitals.—Includes only those hospitals primarily engaged in providing psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill persons by or under the supervision of a physician.

Christian Science sanatoriums.—May be considered "hospitals" in respect to such items and services ordinarily furnished by the institution or additionally stipulated by the Secretary in regulations, if operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts. These institutions are not included in the general tables.

"Special certification" facility.—Where, by reason of factors such as isolated location or absence of sufficient hospitals in an area, the denial of eligibility of a provider to participate would seriously limit the access of beneficiaries to participating facilities, an institution may, upon recommendation by the State

¹ See the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 20, Chapter III, Part 405, "Conditions of Participation: Hospitals" (HIR-10), Social Security Administration.

² See "Instructions for Completing Annual Survey of Hospitals Registered by the American Hospital Association, 1969" *Hospitals* (Journal of the American Hospital Association), Guide Issue, August 1, 1970.

agency, be approved as a provider of services. Such approvals are granted only where there are no deficiencies of such character and severity as to jeopardize the health and safety of Medicare patients. Providers receiving such special approvals furnish information periodically to the State agency to show improvement toward an acceptable level of participation.

Facility for emergency services.—A beneficiary may use a nonparticipating hospital for emergency services where these services are defined as "outpatient hospital diagnostic services and inpatient hospital services which are necessary to prevent the death or serious impairment of the health of the individual, and which, because of the threat to the life or health of the individual necessitates the use of the most accessible hospital available which is equipped to furnish the services."³

Federal hospitals.—By statute, hospitals owned or operated by the Federal Government are excepted from unqualified participation in the program unless the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that a Federal hospital serves as a community institution. At the present time, six Federal hospitals—four in Alaska, one in the District of Columbia, and one in American Samoa—have been designated as "community" hospitals and participate fully in the programs. Otherwise, all other Federal hospitals are authorized to render emergency services only.

CONTROL OF HOSPITAL FACILITIES

Voluntary-church: Hospitals whose governing authority is a nonprofit religious organization. For "Catholic" hospitals, this organization can be either a nursing order, national or international, or the local ecclesiastical authority, i.e., the local bishop.

Voluntary-other: Hospitals whose governing authority is a nonprofit organization other than a religious one.

Proprietary: Hospitals whose governing authority is an individual, partnership, or profit-making corporation.

Government: Hospitals whose governing authority is a unit of government. The unit may be a State, county, or city, or a city and county government jointly, or a hospital district established by a State agency.

HOSPITAL FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Adult hospital beds: Includes beds regularly available for use by inpatients. These may be beds in isolation units, quiet rooms, reception and observation units, or any other such bed facilities that are set up and staffed for use by inpatients who have no other bed facility assigned to or reserved for them. Excludes bassinets and pediatric beds, and beds in facilities that are set up and staffed only for patients re-

ceiving special procedures for a portion of their stay, or which are used only as holding facilities prior to transfer to another hospital—for example, beds in labor rooms, postanesthesia or postoperative recovery rooms, or psychiatric holding beds.

Blood bank: Facility responsible for the drawing and processing of blood from donors, the typing and compatibility procedures, the titering of antibodies, the manufacture of blood products, and the transfusion service. May also include examinations concerned with genetic application of the blood group system.

Clinical laboratory: Laboratory responsible for tests and procedures in the fields of microbiology, serology, clinical chemistry, hematology, and immunochemistry.

Pathology laboratory: Laboratory responsible for tests and procedures in the fields of tissue pathology, exfoliative cytology, and autopsies.

Electrocardiograph: An instrument for making electrocardiograms, which are graphic tracings of the electric current produced by the contraction of the heart muscle and transmitted from a normal nodal base or from extra-node foci.

Electroencephalograph: An instrument used for the recording of the electric currents developed in the brain, by means of electrodes applied to the scalp, to the surface of the brain, or placed within the substance of the brain.

Pharmacy: A drug dispensary under the jurisdiction of a registered pharmacist regularly employed by the hospital.

Occupational therapy departments: Organized facilities and services of the hospital for the provision of occupational therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of a qualified occupational therapist.

Physical therapy department: Organized facilities and services at the hospital for the provision of physical therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of a qualified physical therapist.

Intensive care unit: A special area within a hospital for the treatment of critically ill patients who are under constant surveillance with emergency techniques and equipment immediately available. This unit is staffed by medical and paramedical personnel especially trained and selected for this unit.

Organized outpatient department: Organized facilities and services of the hospital for the provision of medical care, including diagnosis or treatment, or both, primarily for ambulatory patients.

Emergency department: Organized facilities and services of the hospital for the provision of emergency outpatient services for conditions considered to require immediate care. Unit must be staffed 24 hours a day.

Home care program: An organized hospital program with facilities and services for the provision of treatment services to patients in their place of residence.

Operating room: The suite or suites where surgical

³ See Section C5632, *State Operations Manual*, (HIM-7), Social Security Administration.

procedures are performed. Includes equipment such as heart pumps, cardiac monitors, and other ancillary equipment required to evaluate patients' tolerance to surgery.

Postoperative recovery room: A separate facility used exclusively to monitor patients recovering from anesthesia or to observe patients for postsurgical return to physiological stability. If these functions are combined with 24-hour intensive care, the facility is not a postoperative recovery room.

Medical social service department: Organized facilities and services for the provision of social services, under the direction of a qualified medical social worker.

X-ray, diagnostic: Use of radiographic and fluoroscopic equipment for the recognition and identification of internal conditions in a patient.

X-ray, therapeutic: Use of equipment such as radioactive cesium and iridium teletherapy units by physicians in the treatment of disease.

Radioactive isotope facility: A facility where artificial radioactive substances are used by physicians in the diagnosis and treatment of disease.

Psychiatric inpatient care unit: A specific section, ward, wing, floor, or separate building devoted primarily to the care of psychiatric inpatients.

Cobalt and radium therapy: Use of cobalt and natural radium therapy units by physicians in the controlled treatment of disease.

Rehabilitation unit: A unit that has as its primary objective the restoration of a patient to an optimal level of function through physical and restorative methods.

Extended care unit: A component in a hospital where medical care of an intensity less than that required in the hospital proper, but including 24-hour skilled nursing service and other therapeutic services,

is required for the level of care appropriate to the status of the patient as he is recovering.

Other services or facilities: May include newly emerging services or facilities, such as self-care units, units for renal dialysis, open heart surgery, etc.

ACCREDITATION AND AFFILIATION OF HOSPITALS

Accreditation by JCAH.—The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals (JCAH) evaluates hospitals for conformance to standards of accreditation. The Congress included a statutory condition in the Act whereby accreditation by the Joint Commission was deemed equivalent to meeting all the conditions for participation except the special conditions restricted only to tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals, and to all applicant hospitals with regard to the conditions for utilization review.

Affiliation with a medical school.—A number of licensed medical schools maintain and staff component hospitals to provide the full complement of clinic training. In addition, other major hospitals have established affiliation agreements with medical schools where the hospitals have been selected by medical schools to serve as "major units" in the schools' teaching programs. These two categories of hospitals are categorized as "affiliated."

Nonaffiliated, approved intern program.—Includes nonaffiliated hospitals with intern programs approved by any one of the following: American Medical Association, American Dental Association, or the American Osteopathic Association.

Nonaffiliated, approved resident program.—Includes nonaffiliated hospitals offering approved residencies in the clinical divisions of medicine, surgery, and other special fields to provide advanced training in preparation for the practice of a specialty following internship.

Provisions of the Law

THE HEALTH insurance program for the aged, commonly called Medicare, was enacted on July 30, 1965, as Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, and became effective on July 1, 1966. The program, a part of the 1965 amendments (Public Law 89-97), makes available two separate but coordinated insurance coverages—hospital insurance, covering nearly all persons aged 65 and over, and supplementary medical insurance, covering those persons in this age group who enroll voluntarily and pay the premium. Changes in the program, effective in 1968, were incorporated in the 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act (Public Law 90-248) enacted on January 2, 1968.

Hospital Insurance Program

The hospital insurance program (Part A of Medicare) pays for a large portion of the costs of hospital and related post-hospital services. It is financed on a self-supporting basis through a tax on a portion of current earnings, paid by employees, employers, and self-employed persons. The proceeds of this tax are placed in the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, from which reimbursements for benefits and administrative expenses incurred under the program are paid. The trust fund is reimbursed from general tax revenues for the costs of providing coverages for persons who qualify for hospital insurance but who are not eligible for monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits.

BENEFITS

Inpatient hospital benefits.—The program covers the cost of covered services in a participating hospital for up to 90 days in a "benefit period" (a period beginning with the first day of hospitalization and ending 60 days after discharge from a hospital or a skilled nursing home). Full payment is made for the first 60 days of hospitalization after a deductible of \$40 has been paid. For each of the remaining 30 days in the benefit period, the patient pays a coinsurance amount of \$10 a day. Each hospital insurance beneficiary also has a "lifetime reserve" of 60 additional days, subject to a copayment of \$20 a day. These additional days can be used at the patient's option

whenever the 90 days covered in a benefit period are exhausted. The program also provides benefits for emergency services rendered in a nonparticipating hospital. Each nonparticipating hospital providing emergency services elects whether to bill the program or to charge its patients directly. If they bill the program, they are reimbursed on the basis of reasonable costs of covered services rendered. If they bill the patient, he pays the bill and submits the itemized bill to SSA for reimbursement. The reimbursement paid is 60 percent of reasonable charges for room and board and 80 percent of the charges for ancillary services.

Inpatient tuberculosis and psychiatric hospital services are also covered. However, there is a lifetime limit of 190 days of care in a psychiatric hospital. Where an individual is a patient in a participating psychiatric hospital at the time he becomes entitled to hospital insurance, the number of days he was such an inpatient in the 150-day period immediately prior to his eligibility are deducted from his days of entitlement in that benefit period, but not from the lifetime limitation.

Covered hospital services include hospital room and board in accommodations containing from two to four beds, nursing services except for private-duty nursing, drugs and biologicals, and all those services ordinarily furnished by a hospital to its inpatients. Coverage under the hospital insurance program does not include the services of physicians (including radiologists, anesthesiologists, pathologists, and psychiatrists) except for those services provided by interns or residents in training under approved teaching programs in a hospital.

The cost of the first three pints of blood (or equivalent amounts of packed red blood cells) furnished a patient during a benefit period is a deductible amount unless the patient arranges for replacement. Charges for any additional blood are covered under the program.

Outpatient hospital diagnostic benefits.—These benefits cover the costs of tests and related services that are ordinarily furnished by a participating hospital to its outpatients for the purpose of diagnostic study. Such services are covered subject to a \$20 deductible and 20-percent coinsurance for services furnished the beneficiary by the same hospital during a

20-day period. Beginning April 1, 1968, all outpatient hospital benefits are covered by the Supplementary Medical Insurance program and are no longer subject to these limitations.

Post-hospital home health care benefits.—These benefits cover the cost of visiting nurse services and related home health services for as many as 100 visits for up to a year following the patient's most recent discharge from a hospital or participating extended care facility, provided he has been confined for at least 3 consecutive days in a hospital. A home health plan must be developed by a physician and implemented within 14 days after the patient's discharge from the hospital or extended care facility. The home health care must be for further treatment of a condition for which he received services as an inpatient in the hospital or extended care facility.

Post-hospital extended care facility benefits.—The program pays for the reasonable cost of all covered inpatient services in participating extended care facilities for up to 100 days of such care in any benefit period, following discharge from a hospital after a stay of 3 consecutive days or more, and admission to an extended care facility within 14 days of discharge. Full payment is made for the first 20 days. For each of the remaining 80 days, the patient pays a coinsurance amount of \$5 a day.

Supplementary Medical Insurance Program

The supplementary medical insurance program (Part B of Medicare) provides coverage of physicians' services, outpatient hospital services (beginning April 1, 1968), additional home health services, other medical services and supplies, and outpatient physical therapy services furnished by qualified providers (beginning July 1, 1968). Individuals 65 years of age and over may enroll in the program regardless of whether they are eligible for social security retirement benefits. Monthly premiums paid by the individual are matched by the Federal Government and paid into the Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, which reimburses carriers for benefits and administrative expenses incurred under the program.

BENEFITS

The SMI program pays for 80 percent of the allowed charges for covered physician services and other medical services (or 80 percent of reasonable cost) after the patient has met a deductible of \$50 during a calendar year. However, payment for outpatient psychiatric physician services is limited to the lesser of \$250 or 50 percent of the allowed charges in any year after the \$50 deductible has been met. The sum and percentage are derived from the statutory provision which permits an incurred expense for out-of-hospital treatment of mental illness of only \$312.50 or 62.5 percent of actual expenses in a calendar year. Since only 80 percent of allowed

charges can be reimbursed the effective maximum becomes \$250.

To preclude the possibility of having to meet a deductible twice in a short period of time, a "carry-over" provision is applied. Accordingly, covered expenses that are incurred in the last quarter of the year and counted toward the deductible in that year are also credited toward the deductible for the following year. However, after March 31, 1968, the provisions concerning the deductible and the coinsurance do not apply to the services of radiologists and pathologists furnished to hospital inpatients.

Covered under the program are such benefits as physicians' services, including home, hospital and office visits; services and supplies, including drugs and biologicals that cannot be self-administered, that are furnished as a part of a physician's professional service, most commonly in his office, and either rendered without charge or included in the physician's bills; diagnostic X-ray tests, diagnostic laboratory tests, and other diagnostic tests; X-ray; radium, and radioactive isotope therapy, including materials and the services of technicians; surgical dressings, splints, casts, and other devices used for reduction of fractures and dislocations; purchase or rental of durable medical equipment, including iron lungs, oxygen tents, hospital beds, and wheelchairs used in the patient's home (including an institution used as his home); ambulance service in cases where the use of other methods of transportation is contraindicated by the individual's condition; prosthetic devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal organ, including replacement of such devices; leg, arm, back, and neck braces, and artificial legs, arms, eyes, including replacement if required because of a change in the patient's physical condition; and 100 home health visits during a calendar year—these visits being independent of those provided under the hospital insurance program.

Also covered are hospital services, incident to physicians' services rendered to outpatients, including services beginning April 1, 1968 which were previously covered under the hospital insurance program, and outpatient physical therapy services beginning July 1, 1968.

Eligibility

The hospital insurance program.—Almost all persons aged 65 and over are eligible for benefits under the hospital insurance program. Included are those persons in this age group who are entitled to monthly social security cash benefits or payments from the railroad retirement system, regardless of whether they have applied for these cash benefits. During the period under consideration, a person could apply for hospital insurance protection even though he did not qualify for either social security cash benefits or a railroad retirement annuity if he had attained age 65 before 1968, or after 1967 with not less than 3

quarters of social security coverage, whenever acquired, for each calendar year elapsing after 1966 and before the year in which he had attained age 65. However, hospital insurance could not go into effect until the individual attained age 65. These classes of individuals were "deemed insured" under a special transitional provision.

Federal employees who retired from the Federal service after July 1, 1960, and who had the opportunity to be covered under the Federal Employees Health Benefits act of 1959, are ineligible for hospital insurance benefits under the transitional provisions. Also ineligible are aliens with less than 5 years of continuous residence in the United States, and those convicted of crimes against the security of the United States.

Hospital insurance protection can be retroactive for as many as 12 months before the month an individual files his application for entitlement. For example, an individual may apply 11 months after he attains age 65 and still be entitled to benefits from the month he attained age 65.

Supplementary medical insurance.—Persons entitled to benefits under the hospital insurance program (Part A), retired Federal employees, and persons not eligible for hospital insurance under the transitional provisions may voluntarily participate in the SMI program.

Enrollment.—Individuals may enroll in the SMI program only during specified periods—the initial and the general enrollment periods. The initial enrollment period begins with the third month preceding the one in which an individual attains age 65 and ends 3 months after the month of attainment, a total period of 7 months. If he enrolls during the 3 months prior to the month in which he attains age 65, his coverage is effective with the month in which he attains age 65; if he enrolls during the month he attains age 65, his coverage begins the following month; if he enrolls in any of the 3 months after he attains age 65, his coverage begins from 2 to 3 months after enrollment, depending on how long he waited before enrolling.

A general enrollment period was set between October 1, 1967 and March 31, 1968 for those who did not enroll in the initial enrollment period. A person who enrolls during a general enrollment period may receive benefits starting on the first of July following the general enrollment period. An eligible individual must enroll within 3 years after the close of his initial enrollment period or within 3 years after termination of prior enrollment.

An initial general enrollment period was set up at the beginning of the program for people who had attained age 65 before March 1, 1966. This enrollment period began September 1, 1965, and ended on May 31, 1966, for coverage to begin on July 1, 1966.

A State may enroll otherwise eligible individuals who receive cash payments under public assistance programs if the State requests such a State-Federal

enrollment agreement to be established and pays the necessary premiums.

Enrollment terminates with the beginning of the month following the month of death. Up to April 1, 1968, railroad retirement beneficiaries and individuals entitled to monthly cash social security benefits could terminate their enrollment voluntarily by notifying the Social Security Administration in writing during a general enrollment period of the desire to withdraw from the program. Under the 1967 amendments effective April 1, 1968, beneficiaries may give notice of withdrawal at any time and their coverage will be terminated at the close of the following calendar quarter. Other enrolled persons may terminate their coverage by withholding payment of premiums or by notifying the Social Security Administration in writing of the desire to withdraw from the program. The enrollee is provided a 90-day grace period for the payment of overdue premiums after which coverage is automatically terminated. An individual who previously has terminated his enrollment may re-enroll only in a general enrollment period beginning within 3 years of the date his previous enrollment had terminated. Re-enrollment, however, is allowed only once.

Financing the Program

Hospital Insurance.—The hospital insurance program is financed on a long-range, self-supporting basis through a separate schedule of increasing tax rates on the first \$7,800 of earnings in employment covered under the Social Security Act. The same tax rate applies to employees, employers, and self-employed persons. This rate was 0.35 percent in 1966, 0.50 percent for 1967, 0.60 for 1968-1972, and is scheduled to increase until it is 0.90 percent in 1987 and thereafter. The proceeds of this tax and that collected from the railroad retirement system are placed in a Hospital Insurance Trust Fund from which reimbursements for all benefits and administrative expenses incurred under the hospital insurance program are paid. The Hospital Insurance Trust Fund is reimbursed from general tax revenues for the cost of providing coverage for the almost 2½ million persons who qualify for hospital insurance but who are not entitled to monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits, that is, those "deemed insured."

Supplementary Medical Insurance.—Premiums are paid into the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund by those persons enrolled for supplementary medical insurance, (or on their behalf) and a matching amount is paid from general revenues by the Federal government.

The premiums of persons receiving social security cash benefits, railroad retirement, or Federal civil service annuities are deducted from their monthly benefit checks. Persons not receiving monthly benefits are billed quarterly for premiums by the Social

Security Administration or Railroad Retirement Board and have a 90-day grace period in which to make payment. Premiums may be paid for as long as a year in advance, and for individuals financially unable to make quarterly payments, arrangements can be made for monthly payments.

The premium rate of the supplementary medical insurance program may be adjusted annually if medical costs rise. The law requires that the rate be set at an amount that will generate income to the fund sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative costs incurred during the year. The monthly premium was \$3 for each month beginning with July 1966 and ending with March 1968; and \$4 a month beginning April 1968.

Under the 1967 amendments, States are permitted to enter into agreements with the Secretary, based on a request made before January 1, 1970, to buy in—that is, to pay the medical insurance premiums—for public assistance recipients aged 65 or over who were receiving money payments under an approved public assistance plan and for all aged persons eligible to receive medical assistance under an approved Title XIX plan.

Administration of the Program

Hospital Insurance.—Under the hospital insurance plan, groups or associations of providers, on behalf of their members, may nominate a national, State, or other public or private agency or organization to serve as intermediary in the claims process. A member of an association is free, however, to receive payment from an approved intermediary other than its association's nominee, if approved by the Secretary and agreeable to the intermediary selected. In addition, a provider may deal directly with the Social Security Administration.

The Secretary may enter into an agreement with a nominated organization if he finds this to be consistent with effective and efficient administration of the hospital insurance program. The intermediary makes payments to providers for covered items and services on the basis of reasonable cost determinations and assists in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of covered services. The agreement may also call for (1) furnishing consultative services to assist providers to establish and maintain necessary fiscal records and otherwise qualify as providers of services, (2) serving as a center for communicating with providers, and (3) making audits of provider records. Generally speaking, the Social Security Administration utilizes the services of the hospital insurance intermediary in making payments for home health and outpatient hospital services covered under medical insurance.

Payment may be made for a beneficiary for covered emergency inpatient hospital services or covered emergency outpatient hospital services where the hospital is not a participating facility and agrees not

to charge the beneficiary for covered services. Such a hospital may be outside the United States if it is more accessible than the nearest hospital in the United States adequately equipped to treat the patient.

Requests for payment for covered services must be signed by the beneficiary (or someone for him, if he is unable to do so). Payments are made on the basis of reasonable costs for these services to participating providers of services, that is, hospitals, extended-care facilities, and home health agencies, who have been certified for participation.

In some instances, hospitals may bill for physician services rendered to inpatients. In these cases, interim payment is made by the Part A intermediary. Depending on the nature of the billing, funds are transferred from the SMI trust fund to the HI trust fund to cover the cost of these services, or funds are paid directly from the SMI trust fund.

The intermediary selected by the provider reviews the claims for payment and pays the provider. Actual payment is made on the basis of an interim rate established between the provider and the intermediary. Final settlement based on each provider's operating year is made on the basis of a cost report submitted by the provider, and subject to an independent audit.

No payments can be made to Federal providers of services except for emergency services, unless this provider serves as a community institution. In addition, payment cannot be made to a provider for those services it is obligated to render at public expense under Federal law or contract.

Supplementary Medical Insurance.—Under the medical insurance program, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may enter into contracts with carriers for the performance of specified administrative functions. The carriers' principal function is to determine whether charges are allowable (reasonable) and to make payment.

The carrier selected by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to serve as an intermediary determines the allowed charges for bills submitted for each medical care service covered by the program and pays 80 percent of this amount after the \$50 deductible has been met.

The allowed charge for the service may be paid to the patient, or the patient may assign the bill for collection to the physician or other supplier of the service, if he is willing to accept assignment. In the former situation, the patient submits an itemized bill to the carrier and is reimbursed; in the latter, the physician or other supplier submits the bill and is reimbursed. When the payment is made directly to the physician (or supplier) on assignment, the allowed or reasonable charge determined by the carrier is the total charge. In both situations, the patient is responsible for the first \$50 of the charges for covered services he receives during the year and the amount of the bill over 80 percent of the allowed charges.

The law instructs the carrier to consider the following criteria in determining the "allowed" charge:

- (1) the customary charge for the service generally made by the physician or other person furnishing such services; and
- (2) the prevailing charge in the locality by other physicians and suppliers for similar services.

The law also specifies that the "allowed" charge cannot be higher than the charge applicable for the similar service rendered under comparable circumstances to the carriers' own policy holders or subscribers.

Carriers also have the authority and responsibility to determine, in a given case, whether a claim is for a covered service and to deny claims for noncovered or excluded items or services. In addition, carriers are to assist in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services furnished eligible individuals.

Most services covered by the medical insurance program are rendered on a fee-for-service basis.

However, services furnished under group practice prepayment plans are normally rendered in return for predetermined premium payments. In recognition of the need for special adaptation of the Medicare payment procedure for services rendered by group practice prepayment plans, the law provides that an organization which furnishes medical and other health services (or arranges for their availability) on a prepayment basis, may elect to be paid 80 percent of the reasonable cost of services in lieu of 80 percent of the allowed charge for such services.

The 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act introduced a time limit on filing of claims. For bills incurred in the supplementary medical insurance portion of the program after March 1968, claims must be filed no later than the close of the calendar year following the year in which the services are furnished. For services provided during the last 3 months of the calendar year, bills may be submitted through the end of the second year following.

Figure 1

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION



**HOSPITAL REQUEST TO ESTABLISH ELIGIBILITY
IN THE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THE AGED PROGRAM**

All hospitals desiring to establish their eligibility in the health insurance program should complete this form and return it to the State agency that is handling the certification process. If a return envelope is not provided, the name and address of the State agency may be obtained from the nearest Social Security Administration district office.

Hospitals accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals will be considered to meet all of the Conditions for Participation in the program, except that of having a utilization review plan.

SUBMISSION OF THIS FORM AND ESTABLISHING ELIGIBILITY DOES NOT OBLIGATE A HOSPITAL TO PARTICIPATE. AN AGREEMENT WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION AT A LATER DATE TO HOSPITALS WHO HAVE ESTABLISHED ELIGIBILITY. THERE IS NO COMMITMENT UNTIL THE AGREEMENT IS SIGNED.

Form approved. Budget Bureau No. 72-R717				
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE				
ID				
S/C				
SMSA				
DO				
DATE CERTIFIED				
CERTIFICATION				
I. Identifying Information	NAME OF HOSPITAL		STREET ADDRESS	
	CITY, COUNTY, AND STATE		ZIP CODE	TELEPHONE NUMBER (Including area code)
	NAME OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER		TITLE	
	NAME AND ADDRESS OF PARENT INSTITUTION (If applicable)			
II. Licensure	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensed or approved as a hospital by a state or local Government Agency <small>NAME OF AGENCY</small>		LICENSE EFFECTIVE <small>BEGINNING DATE</small> <small>THRU DATE</small>	<input type="checkbox"/> No license or approval required
	<input type="checkbox"/> THREE YEAR <small>BEGINNING DATE</small> <small>THRU DATE</small>		<input type="checkbox"/> ONE YEAR <small>BEGINNING DATE</small> <small>THRU DATE</small>	
III. JCAH Accreditation	<input type="checkbox"/> NOT ACCREDITED a. <input type="checkbox"/> Accreditation Pending b. <input type="checkbox"/> Refused <input type="checkbox"/> Never Applied			
IV. Utilization Review Plan	A. Does the hospital have a Utilization Review Plan in effect at present?			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	B. If "Yes," Utilization Review to be made by:			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Committee(s) of Hospital Medical Staff		<small>Group outside the</small> <input type="checkbox"/> Hospital established by Local Medical Society	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
PLEASE ATTACH A COPY OR TENTATIVE DESCRIPTION OF YOUR UTILIZATION REVIEW PLAN, IF AVAILABLE.				
V. Nursing	Does the hospital provide 24-hour nursing service rendered or supervised by a registered professional nurse and is a licensed practical nurse or a registered professional nurse on duty at all times?			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
VI. By-Laws	Does the hospital have by-laws in effect with respect to its staff of physicians?			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

VII. Type of Hospital (Check one that most accurately describes)		ITEMS VII THRU XIII ARE FOR STATISTICAL PURPOSES																					
		1 <input type="checkbox"/> General—Short Term	4 <input type="checkbox"/> Psychiatric	7 <input type="checkbox"/> Specialty—Long Term	2 <input type="checkbox"/> General—Long Term	5 <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic Disease	8 <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____	3 <input type="checkbox"/> Tuberculosis	6 <input type="checkbox"/> Specialty—Short Term														
VIII. Type of Control (Check one)		Voluntary Non-Profit		Government (Non-Federal)	4 <input type="checkbox"/> State	6 <input type="checkbox"/> City	8 <input type="checkbox"/> Hospital District																
		1 <input type="checkbox"/> Church	2 <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____	5 <input type="checkbox"/> County	7 <input type="checkbox"/> City—County																		
		Proprietary	3 <input type="checkbox"/>	Government (Federal)	9 <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Agency _____																		
IX. Facilities and Services Available on the Premises (Check all applicable)	01 <input type="checkbox"/> Blood Bank	10 <input type="checkbox"/> Organized Outpatient Dept.	19 <input type="checkbox"/> Psychiatric Inpatient Care Unit	02 <input type="checkbox"/> Clinical Laboratory	11 <input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Department	20 <input type="checkbox"/> Cobalt and Radium Therapy	03 <input type="checkbox"/> Pathology Laboratory	12 <input type="checkbox"/> Home Care Program	21 <input type="checkbox"/> Rehabilitation Unit	04 <input type="checkbox"/> Electrocardiograph	13 <input type="checkbox"/> Operating Room	22 <input type="checkbox"/> Extended Care Unit	05 <input type="checkbox"/> Electroencephalograph	14 <input type="checkbox"/> Post-Operative Recovery Room	23 <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____	06 <input type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy	15 <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Social Service Dept.	07 <input type="checkbox"/> Occupational Therapy Dept.	16 <input type="checkbox"/> X-Ray, Diagnostic	08 <input type="checkbox"/> Physical Therapy Dept.	17 <input type="checkbox"/> X-Ray, Therapeutic	09 <input type="checkbox"/> Intensive Care Unit	18 <input type="checkbox"/> Radioactive Isotope Facility
	X. Bed Capacity		TOTAL ADULT BEDS																				
	XI. Number of Medical Staff Members	A. ACTIVE		B. CONSULTING		C. HONORARY																	
		D. ASSOCIATE		E. COURTESY		F. INTERNS-IN-TRAINING																	
		G. RESIDENTS-IN-TRAINING		H. OTHER																			
	XII. Number of Employees (Full Time Equivalents)	A. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES		B. LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSES		C. REGISTERED PHARMACISTS																	
		D. REGISTERED OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS		E. QUALIFIED PHYSICAL THERAPISTS		F. QUALIFIED MEDICAL SOCIAL WORKERS																	
		G. OTHER SOCIAL WORK PERSONNEL		H. ALL OTHERS																			
XIII. Training Programs	A. AFFILIATED WITH A MEDICAL SCHOOL	B. INTERN PROGRAM APPROVED BY:		C. NUMBER OF RESIDENT PROGRAMS APPROVED BY:																			
	1 <input type="checkbox"/> Major	1 <input type="checkbox"/> American Medical Association	3 <input type="checkbox"/> American Osteopathic Association	1 <input type="checkbox"/> American Medical Association	3 <input type="checkbox"/> American Osteopathic Association																		
	2 <input type="checkbox"/> Limited	2 <input type="checkbox"/> American Dental Association	4 <input type="checkbox"/> No Intern Program	2 <input type="checkbox"/> American Dental Association	4 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if No Resident Program																		
	3 <input type="checkbox"/> Graduate																						
4 <input type="checkbox"/> No Affiliation																							
XIV. Non- Discrimination	A. The regulation of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare issued under the authority of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 requires every institution receiving financial assistance under any program administered by the Department to file an assurance of its compliance with the requirements of such regulation. The hospital insurance benefits program under Part A of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act is one of the programs which is covered by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act and to which the regulation is applicable. Have you already evaluated the availability of your services, your admission and room assignment practices, your practices in the granting of staff privileges, and your training programs (if any), and satisfied yourself that they are in compliance with the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the applicable Federal Regulations?																						
	1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes 2 <input type="checkbox"/> No																						
	B. Have you filed with any Federal or State agency an assurance of compliance with these requirements?																						
	1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes 2 <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes," name of agency _____																						
SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL			TITLE		DATE																		

Figure 2.

Form Approved.
Budget Bureau No. 72-R725



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

CERTIFICATION AND TRANSMITTAL

TO BE COMPLETED BY STATE AGENCY

1. NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY		2. TYPE OF FACILITY	
		(a) <input type="checkbox"/> JCAH General Hospital	(e) <input type="checkbox"/> ECF
		(b) <input type="checkbox"/> Non-JCAH General Hospital	(f) <input type="checkbox"/> HHA
		(c) <input type="checkbox"/> Psych. Hospital	(g) <input type="checkbox"/> HHA (Psych.)
		(d) <input type="checkbox"/> TB Hospital	(h) <input type="checkbox"/> Independent Lab.
3. TO: BHI Regional Representative Regional Office,		4. DATE OF APPLICATION	5. CERTIFICATION
			<input type="checkbox"/> INITIAL <input type="checkbox"/> RECERTIFICATION
6. STATE			
7. PURSUANT TO PROVISIONS OF SEC. 1864 OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT, AND UPON CONSIDERATION OF ALL FACTS, THE FACILITY IS CERTIFIED AS:			
(a) <input type="checkbox"/> In substantial compliance with the conditions of participation (with no significant deficiencies)			
(b) <input type="checkbox"/> In substantial compliance with the conditions of participation (with correctable deficiencies)			
(c) <input type="checkbox"/> Meeting the conditions for special certification (limited access)			
9. JCAH ACCREDITATION VERIFIED		10. RECOMM. RE-SURVEY DATE	11. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION WITH MAJOR DEFICIENCIES (Circle) (Complete when items 7b, 7c, or 7d are checked)
			I II III IV V VI VII VIII IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI XVII XVIII XIX XX XXI XXII XXIII XXIV XXV
12. EVIDENCE AND REASONING (Include results of consultation)			

CONT. ON ATTACHED SHEET

13. PREPARED BY	14. DATE	15. REVIEWED BY	16. DATE
TITLE		TITLE	

TO BE COMPLETED BY REGIONAL OFFICE

17. DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY		18. FACILITY IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH TITLE VI OF CIVIL RIGHTS ACT	
(a) <input type="checkbox"/> Facility is eligible to participate (b) <input type="checkbox"/> Facility is not eligible to participate		<input type="checkbox"/>	
19. REGIONAL OFFICE REVIEW ACTION			
(a) <input type="checkbox"/> Approved SA Certification (b) <input type="checkbox"/> No change		Following consultation with SA, (b) <input type="checkbox"/> original certification of compliance changed to non-compliance	Following consultation with SA, (c) <input type="checkbox"/> original certification of non-compliance changed to compliance
20. REMARKS			

21. PHS REVIEWER (where applicable)	22. DATE	23. DETERMINATION APPROVED	24. DATE
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TO: BHI
Division of Methods and Procedures
Baltimore, Maryland 21235

FORM SSA-1539 (2-66)

General Tables

Notes

Type of hospital.—See page x

Type of control.—See page x

Facilities and services.—See page xi

Affiliation of hospital.—See page xii

Geographic classifications.—Based on the address of the hospital.

All areas: Consists of the United States, Guam,

Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and other outlying areas.

United States: Consists of the 50 States, and the District of Columbia

Other outlying areas: Consists of American Samoa, the Canal Zone, Canton Island, Caroline Islands, Mariana Islands, Marshall Islands, Midway Islands, and Wake Island.

Symbols

Quantity zero	—	—
Quantity more than 0 but less than 0.05	—	0.0

18—TS 4665 444-202 9871

Table 3.1.1 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All hospitals		Short-stay hospitals			Tuberculosis hospitals			Psychiatric hospitals			Other long-stay general and special hospitals		
	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population
Total	6 922	1 159 914	6 276	780 454	39.5	120	25 981	1.3	344	314 149	15.9	182	39 330	2.0
United States	6 810	1 148 353	6 173	773 079	39.8	115	24 219	1.2	341	311 755	16.0	181	39 300	2.0
Northeastern States	1 210	360 425	1 024	197 796	38.6	16	4 219	0.8	103	139 227	27.1	67	19 183	3.7
North Central States	2 097	327 168	1 890	240 406	42.4	55	8 404	1.5	110	71 582	12.6	42	6 776	1.2
South	2 247	288 266	2 116	221 815	39.0	34	10 267	1.8	68	51 817	9.1	29	4 367	0.8
West	1 256	172 494	1 143	113 062	38.3	10	1 329	0.5	60	49 129	16.6	43	8 974	3.0
The Northeastern States:														
New England	390	81 987	317	46 835	37.3	7	850	0.7	32	24 567	19.6	34	9 735	7.8
Middle Atlantic	820	278 438	707	150 961	39.0	9	3 369	0.9	71	114 660	29.6	33	9 448	2.4
The North Central States:														
East North Central	1 174	223 036	1 016	159 344	42.3	47	6 788	1.8	78	51 656	13.7	33	5 248	1.4
West North Central	923	104 132	874	81 062	42.6	8	1 616	0.8	32	19 926	10.5	9	1 528	0.8
The South:														
South Atlantic	832	146 396	763	104 044	38.5	14	5 151	1.9	43	34 669	12.8	12	2 532	0.9
East South Central	486	50 490	459	43 238	34.9	13	2 133	1.7	9	4 344	3.5	5	775	0.6
West South Central	929	91 380	894	74 533	42.6	7	2 983	1.7	16	12 804	7.3	12	1 060	0.6
The West:														
Mountain	401	36 482	376	29 467	44.8	3	386	0.6	11	5 690	8.7	11	939	1.4
Pacific	855	136 012	767	83 595	36.4	7	943	0.4	49	43 439	18.9	32	8 035	3.5
New England:														
Maine	63	5 018	60	4 277	36.3	1	115	1.0	1	485	4.1	1	141	1.2
New Hampshire	35	5 136	32	2 625	33.1	1	82	1.0	1	2 400	30.2	1	29	0.4
Vermont	24	3 825	20	1 880	38.8	1	75	1.5	2	1 850	38.2	1	20	0.4
Massachusetts	195	40 541	154	26 365	42.0	4	578	0.9	17	8 168	13.0	20	5 430	8.6
Rhode Island	22	7 684	16	3 264	32.0	-	-	-	3	2 231	21.9	3	2 189	21.4
Connecticut	51	19 783	35	8 424	30.0	-	-	-	8	9 433	33.6	8	1 926	6.9
Middle Atlantic:														
New York	401	155 150	346	75 484	38.8	3	500	0.3	35	73 620	37.9	17	5 546	2.9
New Jersey	122	41 623	107	25 007	37.1	2	619	0.9	8	14 556	21.6	5	1 441	2.1
Pennsylvania	297	81 665	254	50 470	40.2	4	2 250	1.8	28	26 484	21.1	11	2 461	2.0
East North Central:														
Ohio	270	51 329	224	40 515	41.2	16	1 976	2.0	20	6 709	6.8	10	2 129	2.2
Indiana	137	25 024	120	17 974	36.9	5	593	1.2	9	6 088	12.5	3	369	0.8
Illinois	301	67 638	267	46 695	43.1	10	2 176	2.0	20	18 377	16.9	4	390	0.4
Michigan	278	55 389	240	34 878	46.7	7	1 459	2.0	17	16 799	22.5	14	2 253	3.0
Wisconsin	188	23 656	165	19 282	41.4	9	584	1.3	12	3 683	7.9	2	107	0.2
West North Central:														
Minnesota	196	26 417	183	18 672	45.9	3	279	0.7	7	7 107	17.5	3	359	0.9
Iowa	147	14 911	141	14 079	40.0	1	256	0.7	4	472	1.3	1	104	0.3
Missouri	172	30 500	158	21 772	39.4	1	665	1.2	10	7 102	12.9	3	961	1.7
North Dakota	64	5 524	60	3 645	54.9	-	-	-	2	1 775	26.7	2	104	1.6
South Dakota	64	3 534	63	3 458	43.0	-	-	-	1	76	0.9	-	-	-
Nebraska	111	8 415	107	7 712	42.4	1	130	0.7	3	573	3.2	-	-	-
Kansas	169	14 831	162	11 724	44.4	2	286	1.1	5	2 821	10.7	-	-	-
South Atlantic:														
Delaware	9	2 764	7	1 588	36.5	1	175	4.0	1	1 001	23.0	-	-	-
Maryland	59	23 742	45	11 080	39.8	1	500	1.8	9	11 124	39.9	4	1 038	3.7
District of Columbia	14	11 655	12	4 562	67.4	-	-	-	2	7 093	104.8	-	-	-
Virginia	120	18 534	107	15 520	44.3	4	1 040	3.0	8	1 630	4.7	1	344	1.0
West Virginia	84	9 491	78	8 533	43.7	1	390	2.0	5	568	2.9	-	-	-
North Carolina	150	23 911	140	17 254	43.6	4	1 494	3.8	3	4 923	12.4	3	240	0.6
South Carolina	73	13 011	68	7 419	40.2	-	-	-	3	5 472	29.6	2	120	0.6
Georgia	145	15 256	137	14 254	40.5	1	500	1.4	6	312	0.9	1	190	0.5
Florida	178	28 032	169	23 834	28.5	2	1 052	1.3	6	2 546	3.0	1	600	0.7
East South Central:														
Kentucky	130	15 589	116	10 698	32.0	7	941	2.8	5	3 770	11.3	2	180	0.5
Tennessee	153	17 278	142	15 129	40.6	5	1 039	2.8	3	515	1.4	3	595	1.6
Alabama	118	11 765	116	11 553	36.8	1	153	0.5	1	59	0.2	-	-	-
Mississippi	85	5 858	85	5 858	26.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West South Central:														
Arkansas	107	9 766	103	7 672	33.4	1	572	2.5	2	1 428	6.2	1	94	0.4
Louisiana	125	15 233	120	13 382	45.6	1	351	1.2	3	1 409	4.8	1	91	0.3
Oklahoma	149	13 808	143	10 786	37.5	-	-	-	4	2 749	9.6	2	273	1.0
Texas	548	52 573	528	42 693	45.4	5	2 060	2.2	7	7 218	7.7	8	602	0.6
Mountain:														
Montana	68	3 929	64	3 540	51.9	1	195	2.9	1	142	2.1	2	52	0.8
Idaho	48	2 389	47	2 339	35.1	1	50	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	30	2 085	28	1 474	48.8	-	-	-	1	560	18.5	1	51	1.7
Colorado	90	12 976	81	8 637	47.2	-	-	-	4	3 767	20.6	5	572	3.1
New Mexico	45	3 279	44	3 187	46.9	-	-	-	1	92	1.4	-	-	-
Arizona	63	6 299	58	5 646	40.2	1	141	1.0	3	488	3.5	1	24	0.2
Utah	37	3 835	35	2 996	41.0	-	-	-	1	641	8.8	1	198	2.7
Nevada	20	1 690	19	1 648	59.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	42	1.5
Pacific:														
Washington	122	14 835	115	10 768	34.4	2	424	1.4	5	3 643	11.6	-	-	-
Oregon	90	10 336	83	7 190	33.0	1	79	0.4	4	3 003	13.8	2	64	0.3
California	596	106 434	530	62 940	36.7	4	440	0.3	38	35 881	20.9	24	7 173	4.2
Alaska	21	9 932	19	6 675	110.7	-	-	-	1	225	36.9	1	32	5.2
Hawaii	26	3 475	20	2 022	49.0	-	-	-	1	687	16.6	5	766	18.6
Outlying areas:												-	-	-
Guam	1	199	1	199	162.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	105	11 011	96	6 825	43.6	5	1 762	11.2	3	2 394	15.3	1	30	0.2
Virgin Islands	5	206	5	206	76.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other outlying areas	1	145	1	145	370.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.2 NUMBER OF SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All short-stay hospitals	Voluntary hospitals		Proprietary hospitals		State hospitals ¹		Local hospitals	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
Total	6 276	3 536	528 473	933	53 144	227	42 736	1 580	156 101
United States	6 173	3 522	527 104	909	51 617	175	39 305	1 567	155 053
Northeastern States	1 024	821	154 847	96	10 778	43	6 709	64	25 462
North Central States	1 257	183	318	69	3 507	63	13 252	501	40 329
South	2 116	847	118 748	514	23 737	46	16 140	709	63 190
West	1 143	597	70 191	230	13 595	23	3 204	293	26 072
The Northeastern States:									
New England	317	263	38 092	144	1 128	24	3 737	16	3 878
Middle Atlantic	707	558	116 755	709	9 650	19	2 972	48	21 584
The North Central States:									
East North Central	1 016	746	125 499	116	1 591	46	9 075	195	23 179
West North Central	874	511	57 819	113	1 916	17	4 177	306	17 150
The South:									
South Atlantic	763	394	60 103	110	6 735	23	7 328	236	29 878
East South Central	459	162	22 139	88	3 635	5	1 555	204	15 909
West South Central	894	291	36 506	316	13 367	18	7 257	269	17 403
The West:									
Mountain	376	224	20 037	89	1 145	10	1 176	120	7 109
Pacific	767	373	50 154	208	12 450	13	2 028	173	18 963
New England:									
Maine	60	55	3 952	2	58	2	234	1	33
New Hampshire	32	27	2 242	1	74	1	128	3	181
Vermont	20	20	1 880	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	154	113	18 628	11	996	19	3 131	11	3 610
Rhode Island	16	15	3 149	-	-	1	115	-	-
Connecticut	35	33	8 241	-	-	1	129	1	54
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	346	238	49 516	61	7 683	8	1 567	39	16 718
New Jersey	107	96	21 424	4	567	-	-	7	3 016
Pennsylvania	256	224	45 815	17	1 400	11	1 405	2	1 850
East North Central:									
Ohio	224	171	33 688	3	123	14	2 195	36	4 509
Indiana	120	55	11 436	4	371	8	1 028	53	5 139
Illinois	267	195	36 969	12	754	15	3 484	45	5 488
Michigan	240	184	26 689	6	248	5	1 498	45	6 483
Wisconsin	165	141	16 717	4	95	4	910	16	1 560
West North Central:									
Minnesota	183	99	13 500	1	17	3	951	80	4 204
Iowa	141	74	9 141	3	81	1	1 192	63	3 665
Missouri	150	91	15 787	25	1 351	2	595	40	4 039
North Dakota	60	57	3 571	2	57	-	-	1	17
South Dakota	63	47	2 942	1	68	1	76	14	372
Nebraska	107	70	5 724	3	95	2	258	32	1 635
Kansas	162	73	7 154	5	247	8	1 105	76	3 218
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	7	7	1 588	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	45	41	8 376	-	-	1	572	3	2 132
District of Columbia	12	10	3 473	-	-	2	1 089	-	-
Virginia	107	76	11 340	22	1 898	7	2 212	2	70
West Virginia	78	41	5 430	24	1 774	1	357	12	972
North Carolina	140	84	10 938	13	710	5	1 085	38	4 521
South Carolina	68	27	2 634	6	186	4	932	31	3 667
Georgia	137	28	3 950	17	622	2	700	90	8 982
Florida	169	80	12 374	28	1 545	1	381	60	9 534
East South Central:									
Kentucky	116	73	7 771	14	652	1	215	28	2 060
Tennessee	142	43	8 065	44	1 323	2	503	53	5 238
Alabama	116	29	4 721	20	1 388	1	531	66	4 913
Mississippi	85	17	1 582	10	272	1	306	57	3 698
West South Central:									
Arkansas	103	28	3 638	23	921	3	506	49	2 607
Louisiana	120	30	4 732	42	1 553	10	4 740	38	2 357
Oklahoma	143	57	6 078	31	1 062	3	776	52	2 870
Texas	528	176	22 058	220	9 831	2	1 235	130	9 569
Mountain:									
Montana	64	53	3 007	1	23	1	50	9	460
Idaho	47	17	1 269	1	15	2	48	27	1 007
Wyoming	28	15	582	1	15	-	-	12	877
Colorado	81	56	6 554	1	88	4	686	20	1 309
New Mexico	44	26	2 069	-	-	1	87	17	1 031
Arizona	58	37	4 050	12	693	-	-	9	903
Utah	35	17	2 094	2	82	2	305	14	515
Nevada	19	3	412	4	229	-	-	12	1 007
Pacific:									
Washington	115	72	7 993	8	333	3	651	32	1 791
Oregon	83	42	5 048	17	755	3	326	21	1 061
California	530	235	35 123	180	11 255	1	750	114	15 812
Alaska	19	11	488	1	45	3	80	4	62
Hawaii	20	13	1 502	2	62	3	221	2	237
Outlying areas:									
Guam	1	-	-	-	-	1	199	-	-
Puerto Rico	96	14	1 369	24	1 527	48	3 034	10	895
Virgin Islands	5	-	-	-	-	3	198	2	8
Other outlying areas	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	145

¹ Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.3 NUMBER OF TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All tuberculosis hospitals	State hospitals		Local hospitals		All other hospitals ¹	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
Total	120	62	17 165	50	8 225	8	591
United States	115	58	15 523	50	8 225	7	471
Northeastern States	16	11	3 351	5	868	-	-
North Central States	55	13	1 873	37	6 207	5	324
South	34	30	9 834	3	385	1	48
West	10	4	465	5	765	1	99
The Northeastern States:							
New England	7	4	373	3	477	-	-
Middle Atlantic	9	7	2 978	2	391	-	-
The North Central States:							
East North Central	47	8	1 126	34	5 338	5	324
West North Central	8	5	747	3	869	-	-
The South:							
South Atlantic	14	14	5 151	-	-	-	-
East South Central	13	10	1 748	3	385	-	-
West South Central	7	6	2 935	-	-	1	48
The West:							
Mountain	3	3	386	-	-	-	-
Pacific	7	1	79	5	765	1	99
New England:							
Maine	1	1	115	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	1	82	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	75	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	4	1	101	3	477	-	-
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middle Atlantic:							
New York	3	3	500	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	1	288	1	331	-	-
Pennsylvania	4	3	2 190	1	60	-	-
East North Central:							
Ohio	16	3	325	12	1 601	1	50
Indiana	5	2	226	3	367	-	-
Illinois	10	2	496	7	1 555	1	125
Michigan	7	1	79	6	1 380	-	-
Wisconsin	9	-	-	6	435	3	149
West North Central:							
Minnesota	3	1	75	2	204	-	-
Iowa	1	1	256	-	-	-	-
Missouri	1	-	-	1	665	-	-
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	1	130	-	-	-	-
Kansas	2	2	286	-	-	-	-
South Atlantic:							
Delaware	1	1	175	-	-	-	-
Maryland	1	1	500	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	4	4	1 040	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	1	390	-	-	-	-
North Carolina	4	4	1 494	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Georgia	1	1	500	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	2	1 052	-	-	-	-
East South Central:							
Kentucky	7	6	909	1	32	-	-
Tennessee	5	4	839	1	200	-	-
Alabama	1	-	-	1	153	-	-
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West South Central:							
Arkansas	1	1	572	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	1	1	351	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	5	4	2 012	-	-	1	48
Mountain:							
Montana	1	1	195	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	1	50	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	1	1	141	-	-	-	-
Utah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific:							
Washington	2	-	-	2	424	-	-
Oregon	1	1	79	-	-	-	-
California	4	-	-	3	341	1	99
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outlying areas:							
Guam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	5	4	1 642	-	-	1	120
Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other outlying areas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹Includes voluntary and proprietary hospitals only.

Table 3.1.4 NUMBER OF PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All psychiatric hospitals	Voluntary hospitals		Proprietary hospitals		State hospitals		Local hospitals	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
Total	344	61	10 433	57	4 493	216	294 284	10	4 939
United States	341	60	10 158	56	4 093	215	292 565	10	4 939
Northeastern States	103	17	3 158	19	1 512	65	131 174	2	3 383
North Central States	110	18	2 411	11	1 027	74	66 688	7	1 456
South	68	13	3 743	9	443	46	47 631	-	-
West	60	12	846	17	1 111	30	47 072	1	100
The Northeastern States:									
New England	32	5	1 314	6	423	21	22 830	-	-
Middle Atlantic	71	12	1 844	13	1 089	44	108 344	2	3 383
The North Central States:									
East North Central	78	13	1 771	10	957	48	47 472	7	1 456
West North Central	32	5	640	1	70	26	19 216	-	-
The South:									
South Atlantic	43	8	3 085	7	358	28	31 226	-	-
East South Central	9	1	287	1	59	7	3 998	-	-
West South Central	16	4	371	1	26	11	12 407	-	-
The West:									
Mountain	11	4	333	1	30	6	5 327	-	-
Pacific	49	8	513	16	1 081	24	41 745	1	100
New England:									
Maine	1	-	-	-	-	1	485	-	-
New Hampshire	1	-	-	-	-	1	2 400	-	-
Vermont	2	1	500	-	-	1	1 350	-	-
Massachusetts	17	1	278	4	300	12	7 590	-	-
Rhode Island	3	1	74	-	-	2	2 157	-	-
Connecticut	8	2	462	2	123	4	8 848	-	-
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	35	5	900	8	618	21	72 067	1	35
New Jersey	8	-	-	2	206	5	11 002	1	3 348
Pennsylvania	28	7	944	3	265	18	25 275	-	-
East North Central:									
Ohio	20	3	309	1	134	16	6 266	-	-
Indiana	9	1	44	1	40	7	6 004	-	-
Illinois	20	3	305	5	582	12	17 490	-	-
Michigan	17	3	776	2	171	10	15 791	2	61
Wisconsin	12	3	337	1	30	3	1 921	5	1 395
West North Central:									
Minnesota	7	-	-	-	-	7	7 107	-	-
Iowa	4	-	-	-	-	4	472	-	-
Missouri	10	2	370	1	70	7	6 662	-	-
North Dakota	2	1	80	-	-	1	1 695	-	-
South Dakota	1	-	-	-	-	1	76	-	-
Nebraska	3	-	-	-	-	3	573	-	-
Kansas	5	2	190	-	-	3	2 631	-	-
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	1	-	-	-	-	1	1 001	-	-
Maryland	9	3	595	-	-	6	10 529	-	-
District of Columbia	2	-	-	-	-	2	7 093	-	-
Virginia	8	1	145	1	100	6	1 385	-	-
West Virginia	5	1	29	-	-	4	539	-	-
North Carolina	3	2	2 253	-	-	1	2 670	-	-
South Carolina	3	-	-	1	35	2	5 437	-	-
Georgia	6	-	-	4	167	2	145	-	-
Florida	6	1	63	1	56	4	2 427	-	-
East South Central:									
Kentucky	5	1	287	-	-	4	3 483	-	-
Tennessee	3	-	-	-	-	3	515	-	-
Alabama	1	-	-	1	59	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West South Central:									
Arkansas	2	-	-	-	-	2	1 428	-	-
Louisiana	3	1	195	-	-	2	1 214	-	-
Oklahoma	4	1	80	-	-	3	2 669	-	-
Texas	7	2	96	1	26	4	7 096	-	-
Mountain:									
Montana	1	-	-	-	-	1	142	-	-
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	-	-	-	-	1	560	-	-
Colorado	4	2	153	-	-	2	3 614	-	-
New Mexico	1	1	92	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	3	1	88	1	30	1	370	-	-
Utah	1	-	-	-	-	1	641	-	-
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific:									
Washington	5	-	-	2	119	3	3 524	-	-
Oregon	4	-	-	1	132	3	2 871	-	-
California	38	8	513	13	830	16	34 438	1	100
Alaska	1	-	-	-	-	1	225	-	-
Hawaii	1	-	-	-	-	1	687	-	-
Outlying areas:									
Guam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	3	1	275	1	400	1	1 719	-	-
Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other outlying areas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.5 NUMBER OF OTHER LONG-STAY GENERAL AND SPECIAL HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All other long stay general and special hospitals	Voluntary hospitals		Proprietary hospitals		State hospitals		Local hospitals	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
Total	182	81	8 887	16	1 387	34	12 304	51	16 752
United States	181	81	8 887	15	1 357	34	12 304	51	16 752
Northeastern States	67	28	3 974	2	135	20	8 958	17	6 116
North Central States	42	18	1 795	3	556	8	1 977	13	2 448
South	29	17	1 332	3	153	4	1 155	5	1 727
West	43	18	1 786	7	513	2	214	16	6 461
The Northeastern States:									
New England	34	11	1 596	—	—	16	6 833	7	1 306
Middle Atlantic	33	17	2 378	2	135	4	2 125	10	4 810
The North Central States:									
East North Central	33	13	1 309	2	237	5	1 254	13	2 448
West North Central	9	5	486	1	319	3	723	—	—
The South:									
South Atlantic	12	5	551	1	40	3	924	3	1 017
East South Central	5	3	65	—	—	—	—	2	710
West South Central	12	9	716	2	113	1	231	—	—
The West:									
Mountain	11	7	586	1	90	1	51	2	212
Pacific	32	11	1 200	6	423	1	163	14	6 249
New England:									
Maine	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	141
New Hampshire	1	1	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	1	—	—	—	—	1	20	—	—
Massachusetts	20	6	860	—	—	8	3 405	6	1 165
Rhode Island	3	—	—	—	—	3	2 189	—	—
Connecticut	8	4	707	—	—	4	1 219	—	—
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	17	9	1 873	1	64	1	192	6	3 417
New Jersey	5	1	48	—	—	—	—	4	1 393
Pennsylvania	11	7	457	1	71	3	1 933	—	—
East North Central:									
Ohio	10	4	472	—	—	1	255	5	1 402
Indiana	3	2	319	—	—	—	—	1	50
Illinois	4	3	252	—	—	—	—	1	138
Michigan	14	3	209	1	187	4	999	6	858
Wisconsin	2	1	57	1	50	—	—	—	—
West North Central:									
Minnesota	3	2	203	—	—	1	156	—	—
Iowa	1	1	104	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	3	1	116	1	319	1	526	—	—
North Dakota	2	1	63	—	—	1	41	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	4	1	114	—	—	3	924	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	344
West Virginia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Carolina	3	2	167	—	—	—	—	1	73
South Carolina	2	1	80	1	40	—	—	—	—
Georgia	1	1	190	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	600
East South Central:									
Kentucky	2	1	30	—	—	—	—	1	150
Tennessee	3	2	35	—	—	—	—	1	560
Alabama	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central:									
Arkansas	1	1	94	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	1	—	—	1	91	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	2	1	42	—	—	1	231	—	—
Texas	8	7	580	1	22	—	—	—	—
Mountain:									
Montana	2	1	38	—	—	—	—	1	14
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	1	—	—	—	—	1	51	—	—
Colorado	5	4	482	1	90	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	1	1	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
Utah	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	198
Nevada	1	1	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific:									
Washington	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	2	1	44	1	20	—	—	—	—
California	24	7	773	5	403	—	—	12	5 997
Alaska	1	1	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	5	2	351	—	—	1	163	2	252
Outlying areas:									
Guam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Puerto Rico	1	—	—	1	30	—	—	—	—
Virgin Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other outlying areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
ALL AREAS											
All hospitals	6 922	3 685	1 007	539	1 691	UNITED STATES	6 810	3 670	980	482	1 678
Less than 25 beds	695	222	216	40	217	All hospitals	654	222	214	7	211
25 to 49 beds	1 683	714	366	28	575	Less than 25 beds	1 663	710	358	22	573
50 to 99 beds	1 685	877	273	72	463	25 to 49 beds	1 664	875	260	66	463
100 to 149 beds	862	548	84	70	160	50 to 99 beds	851	543	82	69	157
150 to 199 beds	529	374	35	43	77	100 to 149 beds	522	371	34	41	76
200 to 249 beds	373	262	25	35	51	150 to 199 beds	372	262	25	34	51
250 to 299 beds	255	202	3	22	28	200 to 249 beds	253	201	3	21	28
300 to 399 beds	344	256	4	41	43	250 to 299 beds	343	256	4	41	42
400 to 499 beds	168	120	1	27	20	300 to 399 beds	162	120	-	22	20
500 to 749 beds	152	83	-	38	31	400 to 499 beds	152	83	-	38	31
750 to 999 beds	55	22	-	22	11	500 to 749 beds	54	22	-	21	11
1,000 to 1,999 beds	63	4	-	49	10	750 to 999 beds	62	4	-	48	10
2,000 beds or more	58	1	-	52	5	1,000 to 1,999 beds	58	1	-	52	5
Short-stay hospitals	6 276	3 536	933	227	1 580	Short-stay hospitals	6 173	3 522	909	175	1 567
Less than 25 beds	674	215	209	39	211	Less than 25 beds	633	215	207	6	205
25 to 49 beds	1 617	683	349	20	565	25 to 49 beds	1 598	679	342	14	563
50 to 99 beds	1 549	825	242	46	436	50 to 99 beds	1 528	823	229	40	436
100 to 149 beds	776	526	72	38	140	100 to 149 beds	766	521	71	37	137
150 to 199 beds	479	362	31	18	68	150 to 199 beds	473	359	30	17	67
200 to 249 beds	336	257	24	13	42	200 to 249 beds	336	257	24	13	42
250 to 299 beds	230	194	3	9	24	250 to 299 beds	229	194	3	8	26
300 to 399 beds	306	251	3	18	34	300 to 399 beds	305	251	3	18	33
400 to 499 beds	144	117	-	8	19	400 to 499 beds	140	117	-	4	19
500 to 749 beds	111	80	-	8	23	500 to 749 beds	111	80	-	8	23
750 to 999 beds	37	22	-	7	8	750 to 999 beds	37	22	-	7	8
1,000 to 1,999 beds	13	4	-	3	6	1,000 to 1,999 beds	13	4	-	3	6
2,000 beds or more	4	-	-	-	4	2,000 beds or more	4	-	-	-	4
Tuberculosis hospitals	120	7	1	62	50	Tuberculosis hospitals	115	7	-	58	50
Less than 25 beds	3	-	-	-	3	Less than 25 beds	3	-	-	-	3
25 to 49 beds	7	2	-	-	5	25 to 49 beds	7	2	-	-	5
50 to 99 beds	29	4	-	10	15	50 to 99 beds	29	4	-	10	15
100 to 149 beds	26	1	1	13	11	100 to 149 beds	25	1	-	13	11
150 to 199 beds	12	-	-	7	5	150 to 199 beds	11	-	-	6	5
200 to 249 beds	9	-	-	6	3	200 to 249 beds	8	-	-	5	3
250 to 299 beds	5	-	-	4	1	250 to 299 beds	5	-	-	4	1
300 to 399 beds	12	-	-	9	3	300 to 399 beds	12	-	-	9	3
400 to 499 beds	4	-	-	4	3	400 to 499 beds	3	-	-	3	-
500 to 749 beds	9	-	-	6	3	500 to 749 beds	9	-	-	6	3
750 to 999 beds	2	-	-	2	-	750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	1	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	1	1
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	344	61	57	216	10	Psychiatric hospitals	341	60	56	215	10
Less than 25 beds	7	1	5	-	1	Less than 25 beds	7	1	5	-	1
25 to 49 beds	27	7	14	4	2	25 to 49 beds	27	7	14	4	2
50 to 99 beds	63	23	23	15	2	50 to 99 beds	63	23	23	15	2
100 to 149 beds	37	9	10	16	2	100 to 149 beds	37	9	10	16	2
150 to 199 beds	24	7	3	14	-	150 to 199 beds	24	7	3	14	-
200 to 249 beds	16	3	1	12	-	200 to 249 beds	16	3	1	12	-
250 to 299 beds	11	5	-	5	1	250 to 299 beds	10	4	-	5	1
300 to 399 beds	14	2	-	12	-	300 to 399 beds	14	2	-	12	-
400 to 499 beds	12	1	1	10	-	400 to 499 beds	11	1	-	10	-
500 to 749 beds	23	2	-	21	-	500 to 749 beds	23	2	-	21	-
750 to 999 beds	13	-	-	12	1	750 to 999 beds	13	-	-	12	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	43	-	-	43	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	42	-	-	42	-
2,000 beds or more	54	1	-	52	1	2,000 beds or more	54	1	-	52	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	182	81	16	34	51	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	181	81	15	34	51
Less than 25 beds	11	6	2	1	2	Less than 25 beds	11	6	2	1	2
25 to 49 beds	32	22	3	4	3	25 to 49 beds	31	22	2	4	3
50 to 99 beds	44	25	8	1	10	50 to 99 beds	44	25	8	1	10
100 to 149 beds	23	12	1	3	7	100 to 149 beds	23	12	1	3	7
150 to 199 beds	14	5	1	4	4	150 to 199 beds	14	5	1	4	4
200 to 249 beds	12	2	-	4	6	200 to 249 beds	12	2	-	4	6
250 to 299 beds	9	3	-	4	2	250 to 299 beds	9	3	-	4	2
300 to 399 beds	12	3	1	2	6	300 to 399 beds	12	3	1	2	6
400 to 499 beds	8	2	-	5	1	400 to 499 beds	8	2	-	5	1
500 to 749 beds	9	1	-	3	5	500 to 749 beds	9	1	-	3	5
750 to 999 beds	3	-	-	1	2	750 to 999 beds	3	-	-	1	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	-	-	2	3	1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	-	-	2	3
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
NORTHEASTERN STATES											
All hospitals	1 210	866	117	139	88	All hospitals	2 097	1 298	83	158	558
Less than 25 beds	25	16	8	1	-	Less than 25 beds	189	89	17	1	82
25 to 49 beds	129	101	16	6	6	25 to 49 beds	513	282	29	7	195
50 to 99 beds	257	184	34	15	24	50 to 99 beds	507	290	23	32	162
100 to 149 beds	197	138	25	26	8	100 to 149 beds	284	201	7	22	54
150 to 199 beds	145	110	18	8	9	150 to 199 beds	162	117	4	21	20
200 to 249 beds	124	93	14	8	9	200 to 249 beds	105	78	2	12	13
250 to 299 beds	82	71	1	8	2	250 to 299 beds	67	57	-	4	6
300 to 399 beds	90	75	1	9	5	300 to 399 beds	122	105	1	9	7
400 to 499 beds	51	35	-	9	7	400 to 499 beds	46	40	-	4	2
500 to 749 beds	45	34	-	7	4	500 to 749 beds	53	31	-	9	13
750 to 999 beds	15	6	-	3	6	750 to 999 beds	20	7	-	11	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	21	3	-	14	4	1,000 to 1,999 beds	18	1	-	16	1
2,000 beds or more	29	-	-	25	4	2,000 beds or more	11	-	-	10	1
Short-stay hospitals	1 024	821	96	43	64	Short-stay hospitals	1 890	1 257	69	63	501
Less than 25 beds	21	15	6	-	-	Less than 25 beds	184	88	17	1	78
25 to 49 beds	111	91	12	3	5	25 to 49 beds	496	277	27	5	187
50 to 99 beds	228	175	24	10	19	50 to 99 beds	452	271	19	19	143
100 to 149 beds	176	132	22	17	5	100 to 149 beds	252	192	2	13	45
150 to 199 beds	132	105	17	4	6	150 to 199 beds	141	113	2	9	17
200 to 249 beds	110	89	13	2	6	200 to 249 beds	93	77	2	4	10
250 to 299 beds	72	68	1	2	1	250 to 299 beds	60	56	-	-	4
300 to 399 beds	79	72	1	4	2	300 to 399 beds	112	105	-	3	4
400 to 499 beds	39	33	-	-	6	400 to 499 beds	44	40	-	2	2
500 to 749 beds	36	32	-	1	3	500 to 749 beds	42	30	-	2	10
750 to 999 beds	11	6	-	-	5	750 to 999 beds	11	7	-	4	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	3	-	-	3	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	-	1	-
2,000 beds or more	3	-	-	-	3	2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis hospitals	16	-	-	11	5	Tuberculosis hospitals	55	5	-	13	37
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	3	-	-	-	3
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	5	1	-	-	4
50 to 99 beds	3	-	-	2	1	50 to 99 beds	22	3	-	6	13
100 to 149 beds	4	-	-	3	1	100 to 149 beds	9	1	-	1	7
150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	-	2	150 to 199 beds	5	-	-	3	2
200 to 249 beds	2	-	-	2	-	200 to 249 beds	3	-	-	1	2
250 to 299 beds	2	-	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	2	-	-	1	1
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1	300 to 399 beds	2	-	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	3	-	-	-	3
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	103	17	19	65	2	Psychiatric hospitals	110	18	11	74	7
Less than 25 beds	2	-	2	-	-	Less than 25 beds	1	-	-	-	1
25 to 49 beds	8	2	4	1	1	25 to 49 beds	5	2	2	-	1
50 to 99 beds	14	3	8	3	-	50 to 99 beds	20	8	3	-	2
100 to 149 beds	9	2	3	4	-	100 to 149 beds	16	3	5	7	1
150 to 199 beds	6	3	1	2	-	150 to 199 beds	12	3	1	8	-
200 to 249 beds	5	2	1	2	-	200 to 249 beds	8	1	-	7	-
250 to 299 beds	4	2	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	3	-	-	2	1
300 to 399 beds	6	1	-	5	-	300 to 399 beds	4	-	-	4	-
400 to 499 beds	5	1	-	4	-	400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-
500 to 749 beds	5	1	-	4	-	500 to 749 beds	7	1	-	6	-
750 to 999 beds	2	-	-	2	-	750 to 999 beds	8	-	-	7	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	11	-	-	11	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	15	-	-	15	-
2,000 beds or more	26	-	-	25	1	2,000 beds or more	10	-	-	10	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	67	28	2	20	17	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	42	18	3	8	13
Less than 25 beds	2	1	-	1	-	Less than 25 beds	1	1	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	10	8	-	2	-	25 to 49 beds	7	2	-	2	3
50 to 99 beds	12	6	2	-	4	50 to 99 beds	13	8	1	-	4
100 to 149 beds	8	4	-	2	2	100 to 149 beds	7	5	-	1	1
150 to 199 beds	5	2	-	2	1	150 to 199 beds	4	1	1	1	1
200 to 249 beds	7	2	-	2	3	200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	-	1
250 to 299 beds	4	1	-	2	1	250 to 299 beds	2	1	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	4	2	-	-	2	300 to 399 beds	4	-	1	1	2
400 to 499 beds	6	1	-	4	1	400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-
500 to 749 beds	4	1	-	2	1	500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	2	-	-	1	1	750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	-	-	2	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
SOUTH											
All hospitals	2 247	878	526	126	717	All hospitals	1 256	628	254	59	315
Less than 25 beds	246	43	151	—	52	Less than 25 beds	194	74	38	5	77
25 to 49 beds	677	185	213	3	276	25 to 49 beds	344	142	100	6	96
50 to 99 beds	582	239	115	11	217	50 to 99 beds	318	162	88	8	60
100 to 149 beds	245	130	31	18	66	100 to 149 beds	125	74	19	3	29
150 to 199 beds	133	84	6	8	35	150 to 199 beds	82	60	6	4	12
200 to 249 beds	91	51	7	12	21	200 to 249 beds	52	40	2	2	8
250 to 299 beds	66	46	1	5	14	250 to 299 beds	38	27	1	4	6
300 to 399 beds	91	52	2	22	15	300 to 399 beds	40	24	—	1	15
400 to 499 beds	40	26	—	7	400 to 499 beds	25	19	—	2	4	
500 to 749 beds	40	12	—	18	10	500 to 749 beds	14	6	—	4	4
750 to 999 beds	16	9	—	5	2	750 to 999 beds	3	—	—	2	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	12	—	—	10	2	1,000 to 1,999 beds	11	—	—	8	3
2,000 beds or more	8	1	—	7	—	2,000 beds or more	10	—	—	10	—
Short-stay hospitals	2 116	847	514	46	709	Short-stay hospitals	1 143	597	230	23	293
Less than 25 beds	243	42	149	—	52	Less than 25 beds	185	70	35	5	75
25 to 49 beds	659	175	209	—	275	25 to 49 beds	332	136	94	6	96
50 to 99 beds	563	230	110	7	216	50 to 99 beds	285	147	76	4	58
100 to 149 beds	228	126	30	6	66	100 to 149 beds	110	71	17	1	21
150 to 199 beds	123	81	6	3	33	150 to 199 beds	77	60	5	1	11
200 to 249 beds	85	51	7	7	20	200 to 249 beds	48	40	2	—	6
250 to 299 beds	61	44	1	2	14	250 to 299 beds	36	26	1	4	5
300 to 399 beds	78	51	2	11	14	300 to 399 beds	36	23	—	—	13
400 to 499 beds	34	26	—	1	7	400 to 499 beds	23	18	—	1	4
500 to 749 beds	25	12	—	5	8	500 to 749 beds	8	6	—	—	2
750 to 999 beds	13	9	—	2	2	750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	—	—	2	2	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	34	1	—	30	3	Tuberculosis hospitals	10	1	—	4	5
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	—	—	1	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	4	1	—	2	1
100 to 149 beds	8	—	—	8	—	100 to 149 beds	4	—	—	1	3
150 to 199 beds	3	—	—	2	1	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	3	—	—	2	1	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	8	—	—	8	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	2	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	6	—	—	6	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	68	13	9	46	—	Psychiatric hospitals	60	12	17	30	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	3	1	2	—	—
25 to 49 beds	9	3	3	3	—	25 to 49 beds	5	—	5	—	—
50 to 99 beds	11	3	4	4	—	50 to 99 beds	18	9	8	1	—
100 to 149 beds	7	2	1	4	—	100 to 149 beds	5	2	1	1	1
150 to 199 beds	4	1	—	3	—	150 to 199 beds	2	—	1	1	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	3	2	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	3	1	—	2	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	4	—	—	4	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	7	—	—	7	—	500 to 749 beds	4	—	—	4	—
750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	—	—	8	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	—	—	8	—
2,000 beds or more	8	1	—	7	—	2,000 beds or more	10	—	—	10	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	29	17	3	4	5	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	43	18	7	2	16
Less than 25 beds	2	1	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	6	3	1	—	2
25 to 49 beds	7	6	1	—	—	25 to 49 beds	7	6	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	8	6	1	—	1	50 to 99 beds	11	5	4	1	1
100 to 149 beds	2	2	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	6	1	1	—	4
150 to 199 beds	3	2	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	2	—	200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	—	2
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	2	1	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	1	1	300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—	500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	—	2
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	—	2
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
NEW ENGLAND											
All hospitals	390	279	20	65	26	All hospitals	820	587	97	74	62
Less than 25 beds	13	10	2	1	-	Less than 25 beds	12	6	6	-	-
25 to 49 beds	65	53	3	6	3	25 to 49 beds	64	48	13	-	3
50 to 99 beds	99	72	8	8	11	50 to 99 beds	158	112	26	7	13
100 to 149 beds	62	39	6	15	2	100 to 149 beds	135	99	19	11	6
150 to 199 beds	39	31	-	4	4	150 to 199 beds	106	79	18	4	5
200 to 249 beds	32	26	1	3	2	200 to 249 beds	92	67	13	5	7
250 to 299 beds	25	19	-	6	-	250 to 299 beds	57	52	1	2	2
300 to 399 beds	21	17	-	3	1	300 to 399 beds	69	58	1	6	4
400 to 499 beds	11	4	-	5	2	400 to 499 beds	40	31	-	4	5
500 to 749 beds	9	7	-	2	-	500 to 749 beds	36	27	-	5	4
750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	14	5	-	3	6
1,000 to 1,999 beds	7	-	-	7	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	14	3	-	7	4
2,000 beds or more	6	-	-	5	1	2,000 beds or more	23	-	-	20	3
Short-stay hospitals	317	263	14	24	16	Short-stay hospitals	707	558	82	19	48
Less than 25 beds	12	10	2	-	-	Less than 25 beds	9	5	4	-	-
25 to 49 beds	56	49	1	3	3	25 to 49 beds	55	42	11	-	2
50 to 99 beds	87	69	5	5	8	50 to 99 beds	141	106	19	5	11
100 to 149 beds	53	38	5	10	-	100 to 149 beds	123	94	17	7	5
150 to 199 beds	32	30	-	1	1	150 to 199 beds	100	75	17	3	5
200 to 249 beds	27	24	1	-	2	200 to 249 beds	83	65	12	2	4
250 to 299 beds	19	17	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	53	51	1	-	1
300 to 399 beds	18	16	-	2	-	300 to 399 beds	61	56	1	2	2
400 to 499 beds	4	3	-	-	1	400 to 499 beds	35	30	-	-	5
500 to 749 beds	7	6	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	29	26	-	-	3
750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	10	5	-	-	5
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	3	-	-	3
2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	-	1	2,000 beds or more	2	-	-	-	2
Tuberculosis hospitals	7	-	-	4	3	Tuberculosis hospitals	9	-	-	7	2
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	2	-	-	2	-	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	-	1
100 to 149 beds	3	-	-	2	1	100 to 149 beds	1	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	-	2	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	2	-	-	2	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	2	-	-	2	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	-	1
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	32	5	6	21	-	Psychiatric hospitals	71	12	13	44	2
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	2	-	2	-	-
25 to 49 beds	3	-	2	1	-	25 to 49 beds	5	2	2	-	1
50 to 99 beds	6	2	3	1	-	50 to 99 beds	8	1	5	2	-
100 to 149 beds	2	-	1	1	-	100 to 149 beds	7	2	2	3	-
150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	2	-	150 to 199 beds	4	3	1	-	-
200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-	200 to 249 beds	4	2	1	1	-
250 to 299 beds	3	1	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	1	1	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-	300 to 399 beds	5	1	-	4	-
400 to 499 beds	3	1	-	2	-	400 to 499 beds	2	-	-	2	-
500 to 749 beds	1	1	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	4	-	-	4	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	2	-	-	2	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	-	-	5	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	-	-	6	-
2,000 beds or more	5	-	-	5	-	2,000 beds or more	21	-	-	20	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	34	11	-	16	7	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	33	17	2	4	10
Less than 25 beds	1	-	-	1	-	Less than 25 beds	1	1	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	6	4	-	2	-	25 to 49 beds	4	4	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	4	1	-	-	3	50 to 99 beds	8	5	2	-	1
100 to 149 beds	4	1	-	2	1	100 to 149 beds	4	3	-	-	1
150 to 199 beds	3	1	-	1	1	150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	1	-
200 to 249 beds	4	2	-	2	-	200 to 249 beds	3	-	-	-	3
250 to 299 beds	3	1	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	-	1
300 to 399 beds	2	1	-	1	1	300 to 399 beds	2	1	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	4	-	-	3	1	400 to 499 beds	2	1	-	1	-
500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	3	1	-	1	1
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	2	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	2	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	1
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
EAST NORTH CENTRAL						WEST NORTH CENTRAL					
All hospitals	1 174	777	41	107	249	All hospitals	923	521	42	51	309
Less than 25 beds	39	22	5	1	11	Less than 25 beds	150	67	12	-	71
25 to 49 beds	194	120	14	3	57	25 to 49 beds	319	162	15	4	138
50 to 99 beds	317	191	13	20	93	50 to 99 beds	190	99	10	12	69
100 to 149 beds	190	129	5	17	39	100 to 149 beds	94	72	2	5	15
150 to 199 beds	116	79	3	18	16	150 to 199 beds	46	38	1	3	4
200 to 249 beds	79	63	1	7	8	200 to 249 beds	26	15	1	5	5
250 to 299 beds	49	40	-	3	6	250 to 299 beds	18	17	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	89	76	-	8	5	300 to 399 beds	33	29	1	1	2
400 to 499 beds	34	30	-	2	2	400 to 499 beds	12	10	-	2	-
500 to 749 beds	35	22	-	5	8	500 to 749 beds	18	9	-	4	5
750 to 999 beds	12	5	-	5	2	750 to 999 beds	8	2	-	6	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	10	-	-	9	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	1	-	7	-
2,000 beds or more	10	-	-	9	1	2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-
Short-stay hospitals	1 016	746	29	46	195	Short-stay hospitals	874	511	40	17	306
Less than 25 beds	34	21	5	1	7	Less than 25 beds	150	67	12	-	71
25 to 49 beds	179	116	12	2	49	25 to 49 beds	317	161	15	3	138
50 to 99 beds	274	175	10	15	74	50 to 99 beds	178	96	9	4	69
100 to 149 beds	166	124	-	10	32	100 to 149 beds	86	68	2	3	13
150 to 199 beds	97	76	1	7	13	150 to 199 beds	44	37	1	2	4
200 to 249 beds	72	63	1	3	5	200 to 249 beds	21	14	1	1	5
250 to 299 beds	43	39	-	-	4	250 to 299 beds	17	17	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	81	76	-	3	2	300 to 399 beds	31	29	-	-	2
400 to 499 beds	32	30	-	-	2	400 to 499 beds	12	10	-	2	-
500 to 749 beds	29	21	-	2	6	500 to 749 beds	13	9	-	-	4
750 to 999 beds	8	5	-	3	-	750 to 999 beds	3	2	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	-	1	-
2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	-	1	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	47	5	-	8	34	Tuberculosis hospitals	8	-	-	5	3
Less than 25 beds	3	-	-	-	3	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	5	1	-	-	4	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	20	3	-	4	13	50 to 99 beds	2	-	-	2	-
100 to 149 beds	6	1	-	-	5	100 to 149 beds	3	-	-	1	2
150 to 199 beds	5	-	-	3	2	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	2	-	-	-	2	200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-
250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	-	1	250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	2	-	-	1	1	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	2	-	-	-	2	500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	-	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	78	13	10	48	7	Psychiatric hospitals	32	5	1	26	-
Less than 25 beds	1	-	-	-	1	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	4	1	2	-	1	25 to 49 beds	1	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	12	7	2	1	2	50 to 99 beds	8	1	1	6	-
100 to 149 beds	14	2	5	6	1	100 to 149 beds	2	1	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	11	2	1	8	-	150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	4	-	-	4	-	200 to 249 beds	4	1	-	3	-
250 to 299 beds	3	-	-	2	1	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	3	-	-	3	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	4	1	-	3	-	500 to 749 beds	3	-	-	3	-
750 to 999 beds	3	-	-	2	1	750 to 999 beds	5	-	-	5	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	9	-	-	9	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	-	-	6	-
2,000 beds or more	9	-	-	9	-	2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	33	13	2	5	13	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	9	5	1	3	-
Less than 25 beds	1	1	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	6	2	-	1	3	25 to 49 beds	1	-	-	1	-
50 to 99 beds	11	6	1	-	4	50 to 99 beds	2	2	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	4	2	-	1	1	100 to 149 beds	3	3	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	3	1	1	-	1	150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	1	-
200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	-	1	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	2	1	-	1	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	3	-	-	1	2	300 to 399 beds	1	-	1	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	-	1	750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
SOUTH ATLANTIC											
All hospitals	832	407	118	68	239	All hospitals	486	166	89	22	209
Less than 25 beds	40	16	18	—	6	Less than 25 beds	43	11	22	—	10
25 to 49 beds	171	56	40	2	73	25 to 49 beds	172	37	44	—	91
50 to 99 beds	243	118	41	9	75	50 to 99 beds	129	46	20	—	63
100 to 149 beds	117	68	14	8	27	100 to 149 beds	39	16	1	6	16
150 to 199 beds	63	44	2	2	15	150 to 199 beds	32	13	—	5	14
200 to 249 beds	43	25	1	5	12	200 to 249 beds	25	16	2	2	5
250 to 299 beds	40	27	1	3	9	250 to 299 beds	9	7	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	50	30	1	13	6	300 to 399 beds	21	12	—	4	5
400 to 499 beds	24	14	—	4	6	400 to 499 beds	6	5	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	23	5	—	11	7	500 to 749 beds	5	1	—	2	2
750 to 999 beds	4	3	—	—	1	750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	—	—	6	2	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	6	1	—	5	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	763	394	110	23	236	Short-stay hospitals	459	162	88	5	204
Less than 25 beds	39	16	17	—	6	Less than 25 beds	42	10	22	—	10
25 to 49 beds	164	54	37	—	73	25 to 49 beds	169	35	44	—	90
50 to 99 beds	231	114	38	5	74	50 to 99 beds	128	46	19	—	63
100 to 149 beds	108	65	13	3	27	100 to 149 beds	33	16	1	—	16
150 to 199 beds	61	43	2	1	15	150 to 199 beds	26	13	—	1	12
200 to 249 beds	41	25	1	3	12	200 to 249 beds	23	16	2	1	4
250 to 299 beds	36	26	1	—	9	250 to 299 beds	8	6	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	41	29	1	6	5	300 to 399 beds	19	12	—	2	5
400 to 499 beds	20	14	—	—	6	400 to 499 beds	5	5	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	15	5	—	4	6	500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	4	3	—	—	1	750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	—	—	1	2	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	14	—	—	14	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	13	—	—	10	3
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	2	—	100 to 149 beds	6	—	—	6	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—	150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	1	1
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	4	—	—	4	—	300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	2	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	5	—	—	5	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	43	8	7	28	—	Psychiatric hospitals	9	1	1	7	—
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	6	2	2	2	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	8	1	3	4	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	6	2	1	3	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	3	—	—	3	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	2	1	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	3	1	—	2	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	—	—	3	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	—	—	5	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	6	1	—	5	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	12	5	1	3	3	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	5	3	—	—	2
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—	25 to 49 beds	2	2	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	4	3	—	—	1	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	1	1	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL											
All hospitals	929	305	319	36	269	All hospitals	401	235	24	20	122
Less than 25 beds	163	16	111	—	36	Less than 25 beds	96	48	7	2	39
25 to 49 beds	334	92	129	1	112	25 to 49 beds	131	74	10	3	44
50 to 99 beds	210	75	54	2	79	50 to 99 beds	75	46	5	4	20
100 to 149 beds	89	46	16	4	23	100 to 149 beds	34	23	1	2	8
150 to 199 beds	38	27	4	1	6	150 to 199 beds	21	15	—	2	4
200 to 249 beds	23	10	4	5	4	200 to 249 beds	13	10	—	1	2
250 to 299 beds	17	12	—	2	3	250 to 299 beds	10	7	1	1	1
300 to 399 beds	20	10	1	5	4	300 to 399 beds	9	4	—	1	4
400 to 499 beds	10	7	—	2	1	400 to 499 beds	8	7	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	12	6	—	5	1	500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	9	4	—	5	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—	2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—
Short-stay hospitals	894	291	316	18	269	Short-stay hospitals	376	224	22	10	120
Less than 25 beds	162	16	110	—	36	Less than 25 beds	94	47	7	2	38
25 to 49 beds	326	86	128	—	112	25 to 49 beds	127	71	9	3	44
50 to 99 beds	204	70	53	2	79	50 to 99 beds	67	41	4	2	20
100 to 149 beds	87	45	16	3	23	100 to 149 beds	31	22	1	—	8
150 to 199 beds	36	25	4	1	6	150 to 199 beds	19	15	—	1	3
200 to 249 beds	21	10	4	3	4	200 to 249 beds	12	10	—	—	2
250 to 299 beds	17	12	—	2	3	250 to 299 beds	9	6	1	1	1
300 to 399 beds	18	10	1	3	4	300 to 399 beds	8	4	—	1	4
400 to 499 beds	9	7	—	1	1	400 to 499 beds	8	7	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	7	6	—	—	1	500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	6	4	—	2	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	7	1	—	6	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	3	—	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	2	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	16	4	1	11	—	Psychiatric hospitals	11	4	1	6	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	3	1	1	1	—	25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	3	3	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—	100 to 149 beds	2	1	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	4	—	—	4	—	500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—	2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	12	9	2	1	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	11	7	1	1	2
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	2	1	—	—	1
25 to 49 beds	4	4	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	3	3	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	4	3	1	—	—	50 to 99 beds	4	2	1	1	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
PACIFIC											
All hospitals -----	855	393	230	39	193	ALABAMA	118	29	21	1	67
Less than 25 beds-----	98	26	31	3	38	All hospitals -----	5	1	-	-	4
25 to 49 beds-----	213	68	90	3	52	Less than 25 beds-----	42	1	9	-	32
50 to 99 beds-----	243	116	83	4	40	25 to 49 beds-----	36	11	9	-	16
100 to 149 beds-----	91	51	18	1	21	50 to 99 beds-----	9	2	1	-	6
150 to 199 beds-----	61	45	6	2	8	100 to 149 beds-----	8	5	-	-	3
200 to 249 beds-----	39	30	2	1	6	150 to 199 beds-----	6	2	2	-	2
250 to 299 beds-----	28	20	-	3	5	200 to 249 beds-----	4	2	-	-	2
300 to 399 beds-----	31	20	-	-	11	250 to 299 beds-----	5	3	-	-	2
400 to 499 beds-----	17	12	-	1	4	300 to 399 beds-----	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds-----	11	5	-	2	4	400 to 499 beds-----	2	1	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds-----	3	-	-	2	1	500 to 749 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	11	-	-	8	3	750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more-----	9	-	-	9	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-
Short-stay hospitals -----	767	373	208	13	173	Short-stay hospitals -----	116	29	20	1	66
Less than 25 beds-----	91	23	28	3	37	Less than 25 beds-----	5	1	-	-	4
25 to 49 beds-----	205	65	85	3	52	25 to 49 beds-----	42	1	9	-	32
50 to 99 beds-----	218	106	72	2	38	50 to 99 beds-----	35	11	8	-	16
100 to 149 beds-----	79	49	16	1	13	100 to 149 beds-----	9	2	1	-	6
150 to 199 beds-----	58	45	5	-	8	150 to 199 beds-----	7	5	-	-	2
200 to 249 beds-----	36	30	2	-	4	200 to 249 beds-----	6	2	2	-	2
250 to 299 beds-----	27	20	-	3	4	250 to 299 beds-----	4	2	-	-	2
300 to 399 beds-----	28	19	-	-	9	300 to 399 beds-----	5	3	-	-	2
400 to 499 beds-----	15	11	-	-	4	400 to 499 beds-----	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds-----	7	5	-	-	2	500 to 749 beds-----	2	1	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds-----	2	-	-	-	1	750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	1	-	-	-	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals -----	7	1	-	1	5	Tuberculosis hospitals -----	1	-	-	-	1
Less than 25 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds-----	3	1	-	1	1	50 to 99 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds-----	3	-	-	-	3	100 to 149 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds-----	1	-	-	1	-
200 to 249 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds-----	1	-	-	-	1	300 to 399 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals -----	49	8	16	24	1	Psychiatric hospitals -----	1	-	1	-	-
Less than 25 beds-----	3	1	2	-	-	Less than 25 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds-----	4	-	4	-	-	25 to 49 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds-----	15	6	8	1	-	50 to 99 beds-----	1	-	1	-	-
100 to 149 beds-----	3	1	1	-	1	100 to 149 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds-----	2	-	1	1	-	150 to 199 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds-----	1	-	-	1	-	200 to 249 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds-----	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds-----	2	-	-	2	-	500 to 749 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds-----	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	8	-	-	8	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more-----	9	-	-	9	-	2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals -----	32	11	6	1	14	Other long-stay general and special hospitals -----	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds-----	4	2	1	-	1	Less than 25 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds-----	4	3	1	-	-	25 to 49 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds-----	7	3	3	-	1	50 to 99 beds-----	1	-	1	-	-
100 to 149 beds-----	6	1	1	-	4	100 to 149 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds-----	1	-	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds-----	2	-	-	-	2	200 to 249 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds-----	1	-	-	-	1	250 to 299 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds-----	2	1	-	-	1	300 to 399 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds-----	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds-----	2	-	-	-	2	500 to 749 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	2	-	-	-	2	1,000 to 1,999 beds-----	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more-----	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
ALASKA											
All hospitals	21	12	1	4	4	All hospitals	63	39	13	2	9
Less than 25 beds	9	5	—	1	3	Less than 25 beds	9	5	2	—	2
25 to 49 beds	7	3	1	2	1	25 to 49 beds	18	10	7	—	1
50 to 99 beds	3	3	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	16	10	3	—	3
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	7	5	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	5	4	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	—	1	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	3	1	—	1	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	19	11	1	3	4	Short-stay hospitals	58	37	12	—	9
Less than 25 beds	9	5	—	1	3	Less than 25 beds	8	4	2	—	2
25 to 49 beds	6	2	1	2	1	25 to 49 beds	17	10	6	—	1
50 to 99 beds	3	3	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	15	9	3	—	3
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	6	5	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	5	4	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	—	1	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—	Psychiatric hospitals	3	1	1	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	—	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
ARKANSAS											
All hospitals	107	29	23	6	49	CALIFORNIA	596	251	198	17	130
Less than 25 beds	16	2	9	-	5	All hospitals	55	14	22	-	19
25 to 49 beds	34	6	5	-	23	Less than 25 beds	142	36	75	-	31
50 to 99 beds	31	6	9	1	15	25 to 49 beds	178	73	77	1	27
100 to 149 beds	13	7	-	1	5	50 to 99 beds	61	30	16	-	15
150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	-	1	100 to 149 beds	45	31	6	1	7
200 to 249 beds	2	2	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	30	22	2	-	6
250 to 299 beds	2	2	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	22	18	-	-	4
300 to 399 beds	3	2	-	1	-	250 to 299 beds	24	15	-	-	9
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	11	7	-	-	4
500 to 749 beds	2	-	-	2	-	400 to 499 beds	9	5	-	-	4
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	2	-	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	8	-	-	5	3
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	9	-	-	9	-
Short-stay hospitals	103	28	23	3	49	Short-stay hospitals	530	235	180	1	114
Less than 25 beds	16	2	9	-	5	Less than 25 beds	49	11	20	-	18
25 to 49 beds	34	6	5	-	23	25 to 49 beds	138	36	71	-	31
50 to 99 beds	30	5	9	1	15	50 to 99 beds	155	63	67	-	25
100 to 149 beds	13	7	-	1	5	100 to 149 beds	53	28	15	-	10
150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	-	1	150 to 199 beds	43	31	5	-	7
200 to 249 beds	2	2	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	28	22	2	-	4
250 to 299 beds	2	2	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	21	18	-	-	3
300 to 399 beds	3	2	-	1	-	300 to 399 beds	23	15	-	-	8
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	10	6	-	-	4
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	7	5	-	-	2
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	2	-	-	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	4	1	-	-	3
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	2	1	-	-	1
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	2	-	-	-	2
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	-	-	5	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	9	-	-	9	-
Psychiatric hospitals	2	-	-	2	-	Psychiatric hospitals	38	8	13	16	1
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	3	1	2	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	3	-	3	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	14	6	7	1	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	2	1	-	-	1
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	2	-	1	1	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	-	-	5	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	9	-	-	9	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	-	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	24	7	5	-	12
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	3	2	-	-	1
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	1	-	1	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	7	3	3	-	1
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	4	1	1	-	2
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	2	-	-	-	2
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	-	1
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	2	-	-	-	2
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	-	2
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
COLORADO											
All hospitals	90	62	2	6	20	All hospitals	51	39	2	9	1
Less than 25 beds	20	11	—	1	8	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	25	17	—	1	7	25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	16	13	2	—	1	50 to 99 beds	10	8	1	—	1
100 to 149 beds	6	5	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	4	3	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	4	2	—	1	1	150 to 199 beds	9	9	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	4	3	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	8	5	—	3	—
250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	4	3	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	5	3	—	—	2	300 to 399 beds	5	5	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	4	3	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	4	3	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	3	3	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	3	—	—	3	—
Short-stay hospitals	81	56	1	4	20	Short-stay hospitals	35	33	—	1	1
Less than 25 beds	20	11	—	1	8	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	24	16	—	1	7	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	12	10	1	—	1	50 to 99 beds	7	6	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	5	4	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	3	2	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	4	2	—	1	1	150 to 199 beds	8	8	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	5	5	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	5	3	—	1	2	300 to 399 beds	4	4	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	4	3	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	3	3	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	4	2	—	2	—	Psychiatric hospitals	8	2	2	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	2	1	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	3	—	—	3	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	5	4	1	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	8	4	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	2	1	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
DELAWARE											
All hospitals	9	7	-	2	-	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	14	10	-	4	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	3	3	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	1	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	1	1	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	6	5	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-
Short-stay hospitals	7	7	-	-	-	Short-stay hospitals	12	10	-	2	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	3	3	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	1	1	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	6	5	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-
Psychiatric hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Psychiatric hospitals	2	-	-	2	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	1	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
FLORIDA											
All hospitals	178	81	29	7	61	All hospitals	145	29	21	5	90
Less than 25 beds	8	2	6	—	—	Less than 25 beds	10	2	5	—	3
25 to 49 beds	38	11	10	—	17	25 to 49 beds	53	5	9	—	39
50 to 99 beds	52	23	9	—	20	50 to 99 beds	41	7	7	2	25
100 to 149 beds	21	13	3	—	5	100 to 149 beds	12	4	—	—	8
150 to 199 beds	10	7	—	—	3	150 to 199 beds	6	3	—	—	3
200 to 249 beds	11	7	—	—	4	200 to 249 beds	8	3	—	1	4
250 to 299 beds	13	9	1	—	3	250 to 299 beds	3	1	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	7	5	—	2	—	300 to 399 beds	5	3	—	—	2
400 to 499 beds	6	2	—	1	3	400 to 499 beds	3	1	—	—	2
500 to 749 beds	10	2	—	3	5	500 to 749 beds	3	—	—	2	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	1	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	169	80	28	1	60	Short-stay hospitals	137	28	17	2	90
Less than 25 beds	8	2	6	—	—	Less than 25 beds	9	2	4	—	3
25 to 49 beds	38	11	10	—	17	25 to 49 beds	52	5	8	—	39
50 to 99 beds	50	22	8	—	20	50 to 99 beds	37	7	5	—	25
100 to 149 beds	21	13	3	—	5	100 to 149 beds	12	4	—	—	8
150 to 199 beds	10	7	—	—	3	150 to 199 beds	5	2	—	—	3
200 to 249 beds	11	7	—	—	4	200 to 249 beds	8	3	—	1	4
250 to 299 beds	13	9	1	—	3	250 to 299 beds	3	1	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	6	5	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	5	3	—	—	2
400 to 499 beds	5	2	—	—	3	400 to 499 beds	3	1	—	—	2
500 to 749 beds	6	2	—	—	4	500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	—	—	2	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	6	1	1	4	—	Psychiatric hospitals	6	—	4	2	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	1	1	—	—	50 to 99 beds	4	—	2	2	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	—	1	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
HAWAII											
All hospitals	26	15	2	5	4	IDAHO	48	17	1	3	27
Less than 25 beds	3	2	-	1	-	All hospitals	13	2	1	1	9
25 to 49 beds	6	4	2	-	-	Less than 25 beds	20	5	-	1	14
50 to 99 beds	4	2	-	1	1	25 to 49 beds	7	4	-	1	2
100 to 149 beds	6	3	-	1	2	50 to 99 beds	5	3	-	-	2
150 to 199 beds	3	1	-	1	1	100 to 149 beds	3	3	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	1	1	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	1	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
Short-stay hospitals	20	13	2	3	2	Short-stay hospitals	47	17	1	2	27
Less than 25 beds	3	2	-	1	-	Less than 25 beds	13	2	1	1	9
25 to 49 beds	5	3	2	-	-	25 to 49 beds	20	5	-	1	14
50 to 99 beds	4	2	-	1	1	50 to 99 beds	6	4	-	-	2
100 to 149 beds	4	3	-	1	-	100 to 149 beds	5	3	-	-	2
150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	-	1	150 to 199 beds	3	3	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	1	1	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	-	-	1	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Psychiatric hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	5	2	-	1	2	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	2	-	-	-	2	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	1	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
ILLINOIS											
All hospitals	301	202	17	29	53	All hospitals	137	58	5	17	57
Less than 25 beds	9	5	1	1	2	Less than 25 beds	4	3	—	—	1
25 to 49 beds	35	14	6	1	14	25 to 49 beds	19	7	2	—	10
50 to 99 beds	71	43	4	3	21	50 to 99 beds	44	11	2	4	27
100 to 149 beds	58	40	4	3	11	100 to 149 beds	22	6	—	4	12
150 to 199 beds	37	32	1	3	1	150 to 199 beds	12	5	1	2	4
200 to 249 beds	26	21	1	2	2	200 to 249 beds	8	5	—	1	2
250 to 299 beds	12	11	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	24	20	—	4	—	300 to 399 beds	13	12	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	7	7	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	3	2	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	10	7	—	3	—	500 to 749 beds	4	2	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	—	—	5	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	3	—	—	2	1	2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—
Short-stay hospitals	267	195	12	15	45	Short-stay hospitals	120	55	4	8	53
Less than 25 beds	7	5	1	1	—	Less than 25 beds	4	3	—	—	1
25 to 49 beds	35	14	6	1	14	25 to 49 beds	17	6	1	—	10
50 to 99 beds	63	38	4	3	18	50 to 99 beds	41	11	2	3	25
100 to 149 beds	52	39	—	3	10	100 to 149 beds	18	5	—	3	10
150 to 199 beds	33	31	—	1	1	150 to 199 beds	10	4	1	1	4
200 to 249 beds	25	21	1	2	1	200 to 249 beds	7	5	—	—	2
250 to 299 beds	11	11	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	22	20	—	2	—	300 to 399 beds	13	12	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	7	7	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	8	7	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	3	2	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	—	1	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	10	1	—	2	7	Tuberculosis hospitals	5	—	—	2	3
Less than 25 beds	2	—	—	—	2	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	—	—	—	3	50 to 99 beds	2	—	—	1	1
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	—	2
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	20	3	5	12	—	Psychiatric hospitals	9	1	1	7	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	2	1	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	4	—	4	—	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	3	1	1	1	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	—	5	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—	2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	3	—	—	1	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	2	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	3	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
IOWA											
All hospitals	147	75	3	6	63	KANSAS	169	75	5	13	76
Less than 25 beds	8	2	2	—	4	All hospitals	45	13	1	—	31
25 to 49 beds	53	23	—	—	30	Less than 25 beds	53	21	2	2	28
50 to 99 beds	40	14	1	2	23	25 to 49 beds	32	18	1	3	10
100 to 149 beds	20	15	—	1	4	50 to 99 beds	16	8	1	1	6
150 to 199 beds	7	6	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	9	7	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	6	4	—	1	1	150 to 199 beds	5	3	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	4	3	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	6	6	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	2	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	3	1	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
Short-stay hospitals	141	74	3	1	63	Short-stay hospitals	162	73	5	8	76
Less than 25 beds	8	2	2	—	4	Less than 25 beds	45	13	1	—	31
25 to 49 beds	53	23	—	—	30	25 to 49 beds	52	20	2	2	28
50 to 99 beds	38	14	1	—	23	50 to 99 beds	31	18	1	2	10
100 to 149 beds	18	14	—	—	4	100 to 149 beds	16	8	1	1	6
150 to 199 beds	7	6	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	8	6	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	5	4	—	—	1	200 to 249 beds	4	3	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	6	6	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	2	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	2	—	—	2	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	4	—	—	4	—	Psychiatric hospitals	5	2	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	—	—	2	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	—	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
KENTUCKY											
All hospitals	130	75	14	11	30	LOUISIANA	125	31	43	13	38
Less than 25 beds	11	9	2	—	—	Less than 25 beds	24	2	17	—	5
25 to 49 beds	41	19	6	—	16	25 to 49 beds	32	—	19	—	13
50 to 99 beds	34	18	6	—	10	50 to 99 beds	27	9	4	1	13
100 to 149 beds	15	10	—	5	—	100 to 149 beds	16	7	2	1	6
150 to 199 beds	7	5	—	—	2	150 to 199 beds	8	7	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	6	5	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	4	1	1	2	—
250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	1	1
300 to 399 beds	7	4	—	1	2	300 to 399 beds	6	3	—	3	—
400 to 499 beds	2	1	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	116	73	14	1	28	Short-stay hospitals	120	30	42	10	38
Less than 25 beds	11	9	2	—	—	Less than 25 beds	24	2	17	—	5
25 to 49 beds	39	18	6	—	15	25 to 49 beds	32	—	19	—	13
50 to 99 beds	34	18	6	—	10	50 to 99 beds	26	9	3	1	13
100 to 149 beds	10	10	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	16	7	2	1	6
150 to 199 beds	6	5	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	7	6	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	6	5	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	4	1	1	2	—
250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	1	1
300 to 399 beds	6	4	—	—	2	300 to 399 beds	5	3	—	2	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	7	—	—	6	1	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	5	—	—	5	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	5	1	—	4	—	Psychiatric hospitals	3	1	—	2	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	—	1	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	1	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
MAINE											
All hospitals	63	55	2	4	2	All hospitals	59	45	—	11	3
Less than 25 beds	6	5	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	24	22	1	—	1	25 to 49 beds	4	4	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	17	17	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	11	10	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	9	5	—	3	1	100 to 149 beds	6	6	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	6	6	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	4	3	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	10	8	—	2	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	7	5	—	1	1
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	3	—	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	—	—	2	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	60	55	2	2	1	Short-stay hospitals	45	41	—	1	3
Less than 25 beds	6	5	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	24	22	1	—	1	25 to 49 beds	3	3	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	17	17	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	11	10	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	7	5	—	2	—	100 to 149 beds	5	5	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	6	6	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	7	7	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	5	4	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—	Psychiatric hospitals	9	3	—	6	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	—	1	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	1	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
MASSACHUSETTS											
All hospitals	195	120	15	40	20	All hospitals	278	190	9	20	59
Less than 25 beds	3	2	1	-	-	Less than 25 beds	15	8	2	-	5
25 to 49 beds	22	15	1	5	1	25 to 49 beds	52	38	1	1	12
50 to 99 beds	49	29	6	6	8	50 to 99 beds	80	52	5	4	19
100 to 149 beds	34	19	6	8	1	100 to 149 beds	34	27	-	2	5
150 to 199 beds	25	17	-	4	4	150 to 199 beds	26	16	1	3	6
200 to 249 beds	16	13	1	-	2	200 to 249 beds	17	15	-	1	1
250 to 299 beds	17	12	-	5	-	250 to 299 beds	11	8	-	-	3
300 to 399 beds	14	10	-	3	1	300 to 399 beds	19	16	-	1	2
400 to 499 beds	5	1	-	2	2	400 to 499 beds	7	5	-	1	1
500 to 749 beds	3	1	-	2	-	500 to 749 beds	9	4	-	-	5
750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	2	1	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	-	-	5	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	-	1	2,000 beds or more	5	-	-	5	-
Short-stay hospitals	154	113	11	19	11	Short-stay hospitals	240	184	6	5	45
Less than 25 beds	3	2	1	-	-	Less than 25 beds	13	7	2	-	4
25 to 49 beds	16	12	-	3	1	25 to 49 beds	48	38	1	-	9
50 to 99 beds	43	29	4	5	5	50 to 99 beds	68	49	3	2	14
100 to 149 beds	29	19	5	5	-	100 to 149 beds	31	26	-	-	5
150 to 199 beds	19	17	-	1	1	150 to 199 beds	22	16	-	1	5
200 to 249 beds	14	11	1	-	2	200 to 249 beds	16	15	-	1	-
250 to 299 beds	12	10	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	11	8	-	-	3
300 to 399 beds	12	10	-	2	-	300 to 399 beds	17	16	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	2	1	-	-	1	400 to 499 beds	6	5	-	-	1
500 to 749 beds	2	1	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	6	3	-	-	3
750 to 999 beds	1	1	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	2	1	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	-	1	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	4	-	-	1	3	Tuberculosis hospitals	7	-	-	1	6
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	1	-	-	-	1
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	4	-	-	1	3
100 to 149 beds	2	-	-	1	1	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	-	2	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	2	-	-	-	2
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	17	1	4	12	-	Psychiatric hospitals	17	3	2	10	2
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	1	-	-	-	1
25 to 49 beds	2	-	1	1	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	3	-	2	1	-	50 to 99 beds	5	1	2	1	1
100 to 149 beds	1	-	1	-	-	100 to 149 beds	2	1	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	2	-	150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	2	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	3	1	-	2	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	1	1	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	-	-	4	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	5	-	-	5	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	20	6	-	8	6	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	14	3	1	4	6
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	1	1	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	4	3	-	1	-	25 to 49 beds	3	-	-	1	2
50 to 99 beds	3	-	-	-	3	50 to 99 beds	3	2	-	1	-
100 to 149 beds	2	-	-	2	-	100 to 149 beds	1	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	2	-	-	1	1	150 to 199 beds	2	-	1	-	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	-	1
250 to 299 beds	2	1	-	1	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	1	300 to 399 beds	2	-	-	1	1
400 to 499 beds	2	-	-	1	1	400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-
500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
MINNESOTA											
All hospitals	196	101	1	12	82	All hospitals	85	17	10	1	57
Less than 25 beds	25	9	1	—	15	Less than 25 beds	7	—	4	—	3
25 to 49 beds	82	33	—	1	48	25 to 49 beds	34	5	6	—	23
50 to 99 beds	28	15	—	—	12	50 to 99 beds	26	6	—	—	20
100 to 149 beds	21	16	—	1	4	100 to 149 beds	6	2	—	—	4
150 to 199 beds	8	6	—	1	1	150 to 199 beds	9	3	—	—	6
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	2	1	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	11	10	—	—	1	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	5	5	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	4	1	—	2	1	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	5	1	—	4	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	183	99	1	3	80	Short-stay hospitals	85	17	10	1	57
Less than 25 beds	25	9	1	—	15	Less than 25 beds	7	—	4	—	3
25 to 49 beds	82	33	—	1	48	25 to 49 beds	34	5	6	—	23
50 to 99 beds	26	14	—	—	12	50 to 99 beds	26	6	—	—	20
100 to 149 beds	18	15	—	1	2	100 to 149 beds	6	2	—	—	4
150 to 199 beds	7	6	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	9	3	—	—	6
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	2	1	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	11	10	—	—	1	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	5	5	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	1	—	—	1	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	2	1	—	—	1	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	3	—	—	1	2	Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	—	2	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	7	—	—	7	—	Psychiatric hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	3	—	—	3	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	2	—	1	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
MISSOURI											
All hospitals	172	94	27	10	41	MONTANA	68	54	1	3	10
Less than 25 beds	12	4	6	—	2	All hospitals	68	54	1	3	10
25 to 49 beds	35	16	10	—	9	Less than 25 beds	26	18	1	—	7
50 to 99 beds	53	23	7	2	21	25 to 49 beds	18	17	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	17	14	1	1	1	50 to 99 beds	11	10	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	14	12	1	—	1	100 to 149 beds	5	3	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	9	4	1	1	3	150 to 199 beds	5	4	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	3	2	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	12	10	1	—	1	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	2	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	11	6	—	2	3	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	1	—	2	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	158	91	25	2	40	Short-stay hospitals	64	53	1	1	9
Less than 25 beds	12	4	6	—	2	Less than 25 beds	25	18	1	—	6
25 to 49 beds	35	16	10	—	9	25 to 49 beds	17	16	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	50	23	6	—	21	50 to 99 beds	11	10	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	15	12	1	1	1	100 to 149 beds	4	3	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	14	12	1	—	1	150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	7	3	1	—	3	200 to 249 beds	3	2	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	11	10	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	2	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	8	6	—	—	2	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	—	1	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	10	2	1	7	—	Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	—	1	2	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	1	—	1	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	1	1	1	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	1	—	—	—	1
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	1	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
NEBRASKA											
All hospitals	111	70	3	6	32	All hospitals	20	4	4	-	12
Less than 25 beds	26	14	1	-	11	Less than 25 beds	5	-	2	-	3
25 to 49 beds	44	25	2	-	17	25 to 49 beds	9	2	1	-	6
50 to 99 beds	18	14	-	2	2	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	-	1
100 to 149 beds	9	8	-	1	-	100 to 149 beds	2	1	1	-	-
150 to 199 beds	3	2	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	3	1	-	1	1	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	3	3	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	2	1	-	-	1
300 to 399 beds	2	1	-	1	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	2	1	-	-	1	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Short-stay hospitals	107	70	3	2	32	Short-stay hospitals	19	3	4	-	12
Less than 25 beds	26	14	1	-	11	Less than 25 beds	5	-	2	-	3
25 to 49 beds	44	25	2	-	17	25 to 49 beds	8	1	1	-	6
50 to 99 beds	17	14	-	1	2	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	-	1
100 to 149 beds	8	8	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	2	1	1	-	-
150 to 199 beds	3	2	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	2	1	-	-	1	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	3	3	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	2	1	-	-	1
300 to 399 beds	1	1	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	2	1	-	-	1	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	1	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	3	-	-	3	-	Psychiatric hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
NEW HAMPSHIRE											
All hospitals	35	28	1	3	3	All hospitals	122	97	6	6	13
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	12	11	-	-	1	25 to 49 beds	9	9	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	11	7	1	1	2	50 to 99 beds	11	7	3	-	1
100 to 149 beds	9	8	-	1	-	100 to 149 beds	23	20	1	1	-
150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	14	13	1	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	14	11	-	-	3
250 to 299 beds	1	1	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	10	8	1	1	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	19	17	-	-	2
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	9	8	-	-	1
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	7	4	-	-	3
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	2	-
2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-	2,000 beds or more	3	-	-	2	1
Short-stay hospitals	32	27	1	1	3	Short-stay hospitals	107	96	4	-	7
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	11	10	-	-	1	25 to 49 beds	8	8	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	10	7	1	-	2	50 to 99 beds	10	7	2	-	1
100 to 149 beds	9	8	-	1	-	100 to 149 beds	21	20	-	-	1
150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	14	13	1	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	12	11	-	-	1
250 to 299 beds	1	1	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	9	8	1	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	17	17	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	9	8	-	-	1
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	6	4	-	2	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	2	-	-	1	1
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	Psychiatric hospitals	8	-	2	5	1
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	1	-	1	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	2	-	1	1	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	2	-
2,000 beds or more	1	-	-	1	-	2,000 beds or more	3	-	-	2	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	-	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	5	1	-	-	4
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	2	-	-	-	2
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	-	1
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
NEW MEXICO											
All hospitals	45	27	-	1	17	NEW YORK	401	252	70	33	46
Less than 25 beds	7	3	-	-	4	All hospitals	8	4	4	-	-
25 to 49 beds	15	10	-	-	5	Less than 25 beds	34	22	9	-	3
50 to 99 beds	14	8	-	1	5	25 to 49 beds	85	55	15	4	11
100 to 149 beds	5	3	-	-	2	50 to 99 beds	51	31	12	3	5
150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	-	1	100 to 149 beds	61	37	17	3	4
200 to 249 beds	1	1	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	47	26	13	4	4
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	29	27	-	-	2
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	26	22	-	2	2
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	17	11	-	2	4
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	13	12	-	-	1
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	8	3	-	-	5
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	7	2	-	2	3
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	15	-	-	13	2
Short-stay hospitals	44	26	-	1	17	Short-stay hospitals	346	238	61	8	39
Less than 25 beds	7	3	-	-	4	Less than 25 beds	6	4	2	-	-
25 to 49 beds	15	10	-	-	5	25 to 49 beds	29	20	7	-	2
50 to 99 beds	13	7	-	1	5	50 to 99 beds	77	53	12	2	10
100 to 149 beds	5	3	-	-	2	100 to 149 beds	45	28	12	1	4
150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	-	1	150 to 199 beds	58	36	16	2	4
200 to 249 beds	1	1	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	40	24	12	1	3
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	28	27	-	-	1
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	24	20	-	2	2
400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	14	10	-	-	4
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	12	11	-	-	1
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	7	3	-	-	4
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	2	-	2	2
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	2	-	-	-	2
Tuberculosis hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	3	-	-	3	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	1	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	2	-	-	2	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	1	1	-	-	-	Psychiatric hospitals	35	5	8	21	1
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	2	-	2	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	4	1	2	-	1
50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	4	-	2	-	2
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	2	1	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	1	-	1	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	4	2	1	1	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	1	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	2	-	2	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	-	-	2	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	13	-	-	13	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	17	9	1	1	6
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	4	2	1	-	1
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	3	2	-	-	1
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	2	1	-	-	1
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	-	1
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	-	1
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	1	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	1	1	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	-	1
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
NORTH CAROLINA											
All hospitals	150	88	13	10	39	All hospitals	64	59	2	2	1
Less than 25 beds	11	7	3	—	1	Less than 25 beds	14	12	1	—	1
25 to 49 beds	22	12	4	—	6	25 to 49 beds	26	24	1	1	—
50 to 99 beds	43	28	3	1	11	50 to 99 beds	11	11	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	31	17	3	2	9	100 to 149 beds	5	5	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	13	7	—	—	6	150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	10	5	—	2	3	200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	4	3	—	—	1	250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	7	3	—	2	2	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	4	3	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	2	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	1	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	140	84	13	5	38	Short-stay hospitals	60	57	2	—	1
Less than 25 beds	11	7	3	—	1	Less than 25 beds	14	12	1	—	1
25 to 49 beds	22	12	4	—	6	25 to 49 beds	25	24	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	40	26	3	1	10	50 to 99 beds	9	9	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	29	16	3	1	9	100 to 149 beds	5	5	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	13	7	—	—	6	150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	10	5	—	2	3	200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	4	3	—	—	1	250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	6	3	—	1	2	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	4	—	—	4	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	3	2	—	1	—	Psychiatric hospitals	2	1	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	1	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	2	—	—	1	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	3	2	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
OHIO											
All hospitals	270	179	4	34	53	OKLAHOMA	149	59	31	7	52
Less than 25 beds	2	1	—	—	1	All hospitals	149	59	31	7	52
25 to 49 beds	34	22	2	—	10	Less than 25 beds	22	3	10	—	9
50 to 99 beds	64	36	1	8	19	25 to 49 beds	59	23	16	—	20
100 to 149 beds	57	40	1	7	9	50 to 99 beds	34	13	4	—	17
150 to 199 beds	30	17	—	10	3	100 to 149 beds	15	9	1	2	3
200 to 249 beds	18	12	—	3	3	150 to 199 beds	5	3	—	—	2
250 to 299 beds	15	11	—	2	2	200 to 249 beds	5	2	—	2	1
300 to 399 beds	21	17	—	1	3	250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	14	13	—	—	1	300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	10	9	—	—	1	400 to 499 beds	2	1	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	3	1	—	—	1	500 to 749 beds	3	2	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	1	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
Short-stay hospitals	224	171	3	14	36	Short-stay hospitals	143	57	31	3	52
Less than 25 beds	2	1	—	—	1	Less than 25 beds	22	3	10	—	9
25 to 49 beds	30	20	2	—	8	25 to 49 beds	58	22	16	—	20
50 to 99 beds	53	33	1	6	13	50 to 99 beds	33	12	4	—	17
100 to 149 beds	47	38	—	3	6	100 to 149 beds	14	9	1	1	3
150 to 199 beds	23	17	—	4	2	150 to 199 beds	5	3	—	—	2
200 to 249 beds	14	12	—	—	2	200 to 249 beds	4	2	—	1	1
250 to 299 beds	11	10	—	—	1	250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	18	17	—	—	1	300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	14	13	—	—	1	400 to 499 beds	2	1	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	10	9	—	—	1	500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	2	1	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	16	1	—	3	12	Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	7	1	—	2	4	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	3	—	—	—	3	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	1	1	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	—	1	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	—	1	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	20	3	1	16	—	Psychiatric hospitals	4	1	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	6	1	1	4	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	5	—	—	5	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	3	—	—	3	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	10	4	—	1	5	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	3	2	—	—	1	25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	—	—	—	2	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	2	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	2	1	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
OREGON											
All hospitals	90	43	19	7	21	PENNSYLVANIA					
Less than 25 beds	14	1	7	1	5	All hospitals	297	238	21	35	3
25 to 49 beds	28	8	8	1	11	Less than 25 beds	4	2	2	—	—
50 to 99 beds	25	18	2	1	4	25 to 49 beds	21	17	4	—	—
100 to 149 beds	8	6	2	—	—	50 to 99 beds	62	50	8	3	1
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	61	48	6	7	1
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	31	29	—	1	1
250 to 299 beds	3	1	—	1	1	200 to 249 beds	31	30	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	2	2	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	18	17	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	3	2	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	24	19	1	4	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	14	12	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	16	11	—	5	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	5	2	—	3	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	1	—	3	1
Short-stay hospitals	83	42	17	3	21	Short-stay hospitals	254	224	17	11	2
Less than 25 beds	13	1	6	1	5	Less than 25 beds	3	1	2	—	—
25 to 49 beds	27	7	8	1	11	25 to 49 beds	18	14	4	—	—
50 to 99 beds	24	18	2	—	4	50 to 99 beds	54	46	5	3	—
100 to 149 beds	7	6	1	—	—	100 to 149 beds	57	46	5	6	—
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	28	26	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	31	30	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	3	1	—	1	1	250 to 299 beds	16	16	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	2	2	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	20	19	1	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	12	12	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	11	11	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	2	2	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	4	—	—	3	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	4	—	1	3	—	Psychiatric hospitals	28	7	3	18	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	1	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	1	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	11	7	1	3	—
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals						
RHODE ISLAND																	
All hospitals	22	16	—	6	—	SOUTH CAROLINA											
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	All hospitals	73	28	8	6	31						
25 to 49 beds	2	1	—	1	—	Less than 25 beds	3	1	2	—	—						
50 to 99 beds	3	3	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	15	4	5	—	6						
100 to 149 beds	4	2	—	2	—	50 to 99 beds	28	13	1	1	13						
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	10	5	—	—	5						
200 to 249 beds	5	5	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	8	4	—	1	3						
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	—	2						
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	—	1						
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	1	—	—	1						
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1						
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—						
Short-stay hospitals	16	15	—	1	—	2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—						
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Short-stay hospitals	68	27	6	4	31						
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	3	1	2	—	—						
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	13	4	3	—	6						
100 to 149 beds	3	2	—	1	—	50 to 99 beds	27	12	1	1	13						
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	10	5	—	—	5						
200 to 249 beds	5	5	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	8	4	—	1	3						
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	—	2						
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	—	1						
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	1	—	—	1						
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1						
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—						
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—						
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
Psychiatric hospitals	3	1	—	2	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—						
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Psychiatric hospitals	3	—	1	2	—						
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—						
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	—	—	3	—	2,000 beds or more	1	—	1	—	—						
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	1	—	—						
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	1	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—						
	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—						

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
SOUTH DAKOTA											
All hospitals	64	47	1	2	14	TENNESSEE					
Less than 25 beds	20	13	—	—	7	All hospitals	153	45	44	9	55
25 to 49 beds	26	20	—	—	6	Less than 25 beds	20	1	16	—	3
50 to 99 beds	8	4	1	2	1	25 to 49 beds	55	12	23	—	20
100 to 149 beds	6	6	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	33	11	5	—	17
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	9	2	—	1	6
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	8	—	—	5	3
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	11	8	—	1	2
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	8	5	—	2	1
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	—	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	63	47	1	1	14	Short-stay hospitals	142	43	44	2	53
Less than 25 beds	20	13	—	—	7	Less than 25 beds	19	—	16	—	3
25 to 49 beds	26	20	—	—	6	25 to 49 beds	54	11	23	—	20
50 to 99 beds	7	4	1	1	1	50 to 99 beds	33	11	5	—	17
100 to 149 beds	6	6	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	8	2	—	—	6
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	4	—	—	1	3
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	9	8	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	7	5	—	1	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—	Tuberculosis hospitals	5	—	—	4	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	1	1
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—	Psychiatric hospitals	3	—	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	3	—	—	3	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	2	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
TEXAS											
All hospitals	548	186	222	10	130	UTAH	37	17	2	3	15
Less than 25 beds	101	9	75	-	17	All hospitals	12	7	-	-	5
25 to 49 beds	209	63	89	1	56	Less than 25 beds	10	1	2	1	6
50 to 99 beds	118	47	37	-	34	25 to 49 beds	4	1	-	-	3
100 to 149 beds	45	23	13	-	9	50 to 99 beds	2	2	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	23	16	4	-	3	100 to 149 beds	2	1	-	-	1
200 to 249 beds	12	5	3	1	3	150 to 199 beds	2	2	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	11	8	-	1	2	200 to 249 beds	3	2	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	10	4	1	1	4	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	6	4	-	1	1	300 to 399 beds	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	4	3	-	-	1	400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	7	4	-	3	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	2	-	-	2	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
Short-stay hospitals	528	176	220	2	130	Short-stay hospitals	35	17	2	2	14
Less than 25 beds	100	9	74	-	17	Less than 25 beds	12	7	-	-	5
25 to 49 beds	202	58	88	-	56	25 to 49 beds	10	1	2	1	6
50 to 99 beds	115	44	37	-	34	50 to 99 beds	4	1	-	-	3
100 to 149 beds	44	22	13	-	9	100 to 149 beds	2	2	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	22	15	4	-	3	150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	11	5	3	-	3	200 to 249 beds	2	2	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	11	8	-	1	2	250 to 299 beds	3	2	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	9	4	1	-	4	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	5	4	-	-	1	400 to 499 beds	1	1	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	4	3	-	-	1	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	5	4	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	5	1	-	4	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	1	1	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	7	2	1	4	-	Psychiatric hospitals	1	-	-	1	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	3	1	1	1	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	1	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	2	-	-	2	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	8	7	1	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	-	-	-	1
Less than 25 beds	1	-	1	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	3	3	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	2	2	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	1	1	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	1	1	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	-	1
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
VERMONT											
All hospitals	24	21	-	3	-	VIRGINIA					
Less than 25 beds	4	3	-	1	-	All hospitals	120	77	23	17	3
25 to 49 beds	4	4	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	3	1	1	-	1
50 to 99 beds	9	8	-	1	-	25 to 49 beds	15	11	4	-	-
100 to 149 beds	2	2	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	38	23	10	4	1
150 to 199 beds	2	2	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	26	15	6	5	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	11	10	1	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	4	3	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	5	4	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	11	6	1	3	1
500 to 749 beds	2	2	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	4	3	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	2	1	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
Short-stay hospitals	20	20	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	3	3	-	-	-	Short-stay hospitals	107	76	22	7	2
25 to 49 beds	4	4	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	3	1	1	-	1
50 to 99 beds	8	8	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	15	11	4	-	-
100 to 149 beds	2	2	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	37	23	10	3	1
150 to 199 beds	2	2	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	21	14	5	2	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	11	10	1	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	3	3	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	4	4	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	7	6	1	-	-
500 to 749 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	3	3	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	2	1	-	1	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	4	-	-	4	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	1	-	-	1	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	1	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	2	-	-	2	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	2	1	-	1	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Psychiatric hospitals	8	1	1	6	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	4	1	1	2	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	1	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	1	-
500 to 749 beds	1	1	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	-	-	1	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	1	-	-	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	-	-	-	1
25 to 49 beds	1	-	-	1	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
WASHINGTON											
All hospitals	122	72	10	6	34	WEST VIRGINIA					
Less than 25 beds	17	4	2	—	11	All hospitals	84	42	24	6	12
25 to 49 beds	30	17	4	—	9	Less than 25 beds	5	3	1	—	1
50 to 99 beds	33	20	4	1	8	25 to 49 beds	23	8	8	2	5
100 to 149 beds	16	12	—	—	4	50 to 99 beds	28	12	11	1	4
150 to 199 beds	8	8	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	7	5	2	—	—
200 to 249 beds	7	7	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	6	5	1	—	—
250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	2	—	200 to 249 beds	5	3	1	—	1
300 to 399 beds	4	2	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	3	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	5	3	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	115	72	8	3	32	Short-stay hospitals	78	41	24	1	12
Less than 25 beds	17	4	2	—	11	Less than 25 beds	5	3	1	—	1
25 to 49 beds	29	17	3	—	9	25 to 49 beds	20	7	8	—	5
50 to 99 beds	32	20	3	1	8	50 to 99 beds	27	12	11	—	4
100 to 149 beds	15	12	—	—	3	100 to 149 beds	7	5	2	—	—
150 to 199 beds	8	8	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	6	5	1	—	—
200 to 249 beds	7	7	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	5	3	1	—	1
250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	2	—	250 to 299 beds	3	2	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	3	2	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	4	3	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	—	—	—	2	Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	—	1	300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	5	—	2	3	—	Psychiatric hospitals	5	1	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—	25 to 49 beds	3	1	—	2	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	1	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals	Local hospitals
WISCONSIN											
All hospitals	188	148	6	7	27	WYOMING	30	15	1	2	12
Less than 25 beds	9	5	2	—	2	All hospitals	4	2	1	—	1
25 to 49 beds	54	39	3	1	11	Less than 25 beds	16	12	—	—	4
50 to 99 beds	58	49	1	1	7	25 to 49 beds	6	—	—	1	5
100 to 149 beds	19	16	—	1	2	50 to 99 beds	2	1	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	11	9	—	—	2	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	10	10	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	7	6	—	—	1	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	12	11	—	1	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	1	1	400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	3	—	—	2	1	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	165	141	4	4	16	Short-stay hospitals	28	15	1	—	12
Less than 25 beds	8	5	2	—	1	Less than 25 beds	4	2	1	—	1
25 to 49 beds	49	38	2	1	8	25 to 49 beds	16	12	—	—	4
50 to 99 beds	49	44	—	1	4	50 to 99 beds	5	—	—	—	5
100 to 149 beds	18	16	—	1	1	100 to 149 beds	2	1	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	9	8	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	10	10	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	6	6	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	11	11	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	1	1	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	9	3	—	—	6	Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	1	—	—	—	1	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	3	1	—	—	2	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	4	2	—	—	2	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	12	3	1	3	5	Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	—	1	—	1	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	2	—	—	1	50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	1	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	—	1	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	3	—	—	2	1	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	1	—	—	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—	Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—	25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	1	1	—	—	50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—	200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—	250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—	300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—	400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—	500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—	1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals ¹	Local hospitals	Region, division, State, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals ¹	Local hospitals
OUTLYING AREAS											
Puerto Rico											
All hospitals	105	15	27	53	10	All hospitals	7	-	-	4	3
Less than 25 beds	38	-	2	32	4	Less than 25 beds	3	-	-	1	2
25 to 49 beds	20	4	8	6	2	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	20	2	13	5	-	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-
100 to 149 beds	9	5	2	-	2	100 to 149 beds	2	-	-	1	1
150 to 199 beds	6	3	1	1	1	150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	1	-
200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	2	1	-	1	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	6	-	1	5	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Short-stay hospitals	96	14	24	48	10	Short-stay hospitals	7	-	-	4	3
Less than 25 beds	38	-	2	32	4	Less than 25 beds	3	-	-	1	2
25 to 49 beds	19	4	7	6	2	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	20	2	13	5	-	50 to 99 beds	1	-	-	1	-
100 to 149 beds	8	5	1	-	2	100 to 149 beds	2	-	-	1	-
150 to 199 beds	5	3	1	-	1	150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	1	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	1	-	-	1	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	1	-	-	-	1	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	4	-	-	4	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis hospitals	5	-	1	4	-	Tuberculosis hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	1	-	1	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	1	-	-	1	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	1	-	-	1	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	-	1	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric hospitals	3	1	1	1	-	Psychiatric hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	1	1	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	1	-	1	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	-	-	1	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	-	1	-	-	Other long-stay general and special hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-	Less than 25 beds	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 49 beds	1	-	-	1	-	25 to 49 beds	-	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-	50 to 99 beds	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-	100 to 149 beds	-	-	-	-	-
150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-	150 to 199 beds	-	-	-	-	-
200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-	200 to 249 beds	-	-	-	-	-
250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-	250 to 299 beds	-	-	-	-	-
300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-	300 to 399 beds	-	-	-	-	-
400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-	400 to 499 beds	-	-	-	-	-
500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-	500 to 749 beds	-	-	-	-	-
750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	750 to 999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-	1,000 to 1,999 beds	-	-	-	-	-
2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-	2,000 beds or more	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

² Includes 1 short-stay hospital in Guam, 5 short-stay hospitals in the Virgin Islands and 1 short-stay hospital in American Samoa.

Table 3.1.7 FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of hospital and facilities and services	All hospitals	Bed-size												
		Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 to 249	250 to 299	300 to 399	400 to 499	500 to 749	750 to 999	1,000 to 1,999	2,000 or more
ALL HOSPITALS														
Total	6 922	695	1 683	1 685	862	529	373	255	344	168	152	55	63	58
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	4 328	212	843	1 090	639	393	300	209	277	143	118	43	31	30
Clinical laboratory	6 747	658	1 630	1 633	852	523	367	250	343	166	150	55	62	58
Pathology laboratory	3 527	68	300	721	650	458	335	234	320	155	136	50	48	52
Electrocardiograph	6 638	611	1 594	1 624	849	511	369	251	341	166	148	55	61	58
Electroencephalograph	1 794	24	104	191	198	218	204	172	257	136	130	51	54	55
Pharmacy	4 994	281	789	1 200	767	507	363	252	342	168	150	55	62	58
Occupational therapy department	1 314	35	96	191	137	121	99	86	160	100	119	50	62	58
Physical therapy department	3 461	101	381	746	559	405	305	223	315	155	129	49	42	51
Intensive care unit	2 064	33	131	286	281	272	221	183	275	143	122	41	40	36
Organized outpatient department	2 406	220	359	401	246	205	185	160	235	129	122	46	48	50
Emergency department	5 880	552	1 410	1 439	750	470	327	229	305	153	120	45	46	34
Home care program	506	23	48	61	49	46	40	33	59	38	39	18	27	25
Operating room	6 478	611	1 589	1 570	809	499	351	243	334	165	141	49	62	55
Post-operative recovery room	4 414	114	629	1 166	739	470	339	231	317	157	128	41	45	38
Medical social service department	1 525	38	67	163	155	172	164	133	217	120	133	48	62	53
X-Ray, diagnostic	6 720	633	1 629	1 631	845	525	368	252	343	168	151	55	62	58
X-Ray, therapeutic	2 052	15	69	253	358	315	256	199	277	137	106	38	14	15
Radioactive isotope facility	1 728	8	31	166	243	255	238	201	272	141	108	37	17	11
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	1 105	16	56	133	109	98	89	93	153	100	106	46	51	55
Cobalt and radium therapy	1 094	3	24	82	137	151	129	121	194	108	90	36	12	7
Rehabilitation unit	741	14	46	92	65	66	62	50	90	61	73	34	47	43
Extended care unit	916	80	176	210	117	73	47	29	52	30	36	14	23	29
Other services	1 065	47	158	225	152	98	78	56	98	42	48	15	26	22
SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS														
Total	6 276	674	1 617	1 549	776	479	336	230	306	144	111	37	13	4
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	4 195	210	838	1 075	624	384	293	206	270	135	107	36	13	4
Clinical laboratory	6 172	642	1 584	1 530	770	474	331	226	306	144	111	37	13	4
Pathology laboratory	3 283	65	294	691	627	446	322	226	304	143	111	37	13	4
Electrocardiograph	6 069	597	1 549	1 516	770	466	333	227	304	143	110	37	13	4
Electroencephalograph	1 520	23	95	155	170	196	189	163	246	123	106	37	13	4
Pharmacy	4 471	272	753	1 107	701	464	331	228	306	144	111	37	13	4
Occupational therapy department	761	21	47	85	68	79	66	63	127	77	79	32	13	4
Physical therapy department	3 127	93	349	688	524	383	287	211	293	138	107	37	13	4
Intensive care unit	1 844	31	120	253	260	252	208	179	260	130	102	32	13	4
Organized outpatient department	1 999	207	326	315	191	170	163	144	212	117	101	36	13	4
Emergency department	5 666	546	1 397	1 406	724	452	319	223	297	143	106	36	13	4
Home care program	387	20	41	46	36	39	32	32	53	33	30	15	8	2
Operating room	6 097	604	1 567	1 515	765	472	331	229	305	144	111	37	13	4
Post-operative recovery room	4 193	113	621	1 134	713	455	328	224	301	142	109	36	13	4
Medical social service department	1 061	29	37	96	97	135	132	110	181	101	95	31	13	4
X-Ray, diagnostic	6 148	620	1 581	1 525	768	476	334	229	306	144	111	37	13	4
X-Ray, therapeutic	2 007	15	67	246	352	309	254	198	275	134	105	36	12	4
Radioactive isotope facility	1 692	8	30	162	237	252	236	199	271	138	106	36	13	4
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	759	9	29	68	69	76	73	84	133	86	83	33	12	4
Cobalt and radium therapy	1 077	3	23	78	132	149	129	121	194	107	90	35	12	4
Rehabilitation unit	430	6	18	49	41	44	45	39	64	46	44	22	10	2
Extended care unit	720	71	158	178	96	60	37	25	38	20	21	9	6	1
Other services	884	44	144	189	125	90	66	51	84	37	38	10	5	1
TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS														
Total	120	3	7	29	26	12	9	5	12	4	9	2	2	-
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	26	-	-	2	6	5	3	1	3	1	3	1	1	-
Clinical laboratory	118	3	6	28	26	12	9	5	12	4	9	2	2	-
Pathology laboratory	40	1	-	6	6	4	5	2	6	1	5	2	2	-
Electrocardiograph	104	2	4	23	24	10	8	5	11	4	9	2	2	-
Electroencephalograph	6	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Pharmacy	85	1	4	15	16	10	7	5	10	4	9	2	2	-
Occupational therapy department	83	1	4	18	16	11	6	4	8	3	8	2	2	-
Physical therapy department	30	-	3	6	5	2	2	1	3	1	5	2	2	-
Intensive care unit	23	-	-	4	4	4	4	-	2	-	2	2	1	-
Organized outpatient department	86	3	4	22	20	9	6	5	10	2	3	2	-	-
Emergency department	13	1	-	1	2	2	1	2	-	-	1	2	1	-
Home care program	12	-	2	5	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Operating room	94	2	4	18	19	9	8	5	12	4	9	2	2	-
Post-operative recovery room	58	1	1	10	11	6	5	3	10	2	6	2	1	-
Medical social service department	82	-	1	13	20	9	7	5	11	4	8	2	2	-
X-Ray, diagnostic	118	3	7	27	26	12	9	5	12	4	9	2	2	-
X-Ray, therapeutic	6	-	-	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radioactive isotope facility	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	7	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-
Cobalt and radium therapy	3	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rehabilitation unit	41	1	1	7	5	7	-	2	6	2	6	2	2	-
Extended care unit	16	1	2	5	3	2	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-
Other services	29	-	1	9	8	3	1	1	3	1	2	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Extended Care Facilities

Table 3.1.7 FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, BED-SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY
—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of hospital and facilities and services	All hospitals	Bed-size												
		Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 to 249	250 to 299	300 to 399	400 to 499	500 to 749	750 to 999	1,000 to 1,999	2,000 or more
PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS														
Total	344	7	27	63	37	24	16	11	14	12	23	13	43	54
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	67	—	3	5	4	1	1	1	2	2	4	5	13	26
Clinical laboratory	292	3	16	37	35	23	15	10	13	10	21	13	42	54
Pathology laboratory	147	1	4	11	9	5	5	2	6	6	13	9	28	48
Electrocardiograph	300	4	15	48	33	21	16	10	14	11	20	13	41	54
Electroencephalograph	237	1	6	28	23	18	14	7	9	10	20	12	38	51
Pharmacy	291	1	13	45	31	20	14	10	14	12	22	13	42	54
Occupational therapy department	331	6	22	61	36	21	16	11	14	12	23	13	42	54
Physical therapy department	151	1	4	16	13	7	4	4	7	8	9	7	24	47
Intensive care unit	161	1	7	23	15	11	8	—	10	9	14	6	25	32
Organized outpatient department	230	4	13	39	24	19	10	7	8	6	13	8	33	46
Emergency department	159	2	7	22	18	13	6	3	5	6	10	7	30	30
Home care program	82	2	1	4	8	3	6	1	3	5	7	2	17	23
Operating room	184	2	4	15	11	7	7	3	8	11	16	7	42	51
Post-operative recovery room	108	—	2	10	6	3	2	2	3	7	8	3	28	34
Medical social service department	262	2	12	33	25	20	14	9	13	10	21	12	42	49
X-Ray, diagnostic	286	2	14	38	30	23	14	9	13	12	22	13	42	54
X-Ray, therapeutic	26	—	1	3	3	1	1	—	—	1	1	1	1	11
Radioactive isotope facility	21	—	1	1	2	3	2	1	—	1	—	1	2	7
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	316	7	26	60	35	20	15	8	13	11	20	12	38	51
Cobalt and radium therapy	10	—	1	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3
Rehabilitation unit	170	2	6	16	11	9	7	3	10	9	16	9	31	41
Extended care unit	112	1	4	12	11	7	4	2	7	6	10	4	16	28
Other services	102	—	6	15	9	4	5	2	6	2	6	5	21	21
OTHER LONG-STAY GENERAL AND SPECIAL HOSPITALS														
Total	182	11	32	44	23	14	12	9	12	8	9	3	5	—
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	40	2	2	8	5	3	3	1	2	5	4	1	4	—
Clinical laboratory	165	10	24	38	21	14	12	9	12	8	9	3	5	—
Pathology laboratory	57	1	2	13	8	3	3	4	4	5	7	2	5	—
Electrocardiograph	165	8	26	37	22	14	12	9	12	8	9	3	5	—
Electroencephalograph	31	—	3	6	4	2	1	2	2	3	4	1	3	—
Pharmacy	147	7	19	33	19	13	11	9	12	8	8	3	5	—
Occupational therapy department	139	7	23	27	17	10	11	8	11	8	9	3	5	—
Physical therapy department	153	7	25	36	17	13	12	7	12	8	8	3	5	—
Intensive care unit	36	1	4	6	2	5	1	4	3	4	4	1	1	—
Organized outpatient department	91	6	16	25	11	7	6	4	5	4	5	—	2	—
Emergency department	62	3	6	10	6	3	1	1	3	4	3	—	2	—
Home care program	25	1	4	6	3	2	2	—	3	—	2	1	1	—
Operating room	103	3	14	22	14	11	5	6	9	6	5	3	5	—
Post-operative recovery room	55	—	5	12	9	6	4	2	3	6	5	—	3	—
Medical social service department	120	7	17	21	13	8	11	9	12	5	9	3	5	—
X-Ray, diagnostic	168	8	27	41	21	14	11	9	12	8	9	3	5	—
X-Ray, therapeutic	13	—	1	3	—	2	1	—	1	1	—	1	1	—
Radioactive isotope facility	14	—	—	3	3	—	—	1	1	2	2	—	2	—
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	23	—	1	3	3	2	1	—	1	6	3	3	—	—
Cobalt and radium therapy	4	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Rehabilitation unit	100	5	19	20	8	6	10	6	10	4	7	1	4	—
Extended care unit	68	7	12	15	7	4	5	1	7	4	4	1	1	—
Other services	50	3	7	12	10	1	6	2	5	2	2	—	—	—

Table 3.1.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size												
		Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 to 249	250 to 299	300 to 399	400 to 499	500 to 749	750 to 999	1,000 to 1,999	2,000 or more
UNITED STATES														
Total	6 173	633	1 598	1 528	766	473	336	229	305	140	111	37	13	4
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	4 162	207	836	1 067	615	379	293	205	269	131	107	36	13	4
Clinical laboratory	6 078	607	1 568	1 509	760	468	331	225	305	140	111	37	13	4
Pathology laboratory	3 250	62	292	682	619	441	322	225	303	139	111	37	13	4
Electrocardiograph	6 003	586	1 535	1 497	760	460	333	226	303	139	110	37	13	4
Electroencephalograph	1 511	22	95	154	170	192	189	162	245	122	106	37	13	4
Pharmacy	4 380	234	739	1 090	691	458	331	227	305	140	111	37	13	4
Occupational therapy department	751	19	46	85	66	79	66	62	127	73	79	32	13	4
Physical therapy department	3 103	90	348	681	520	380	287	210	292	134	107	37	13	4
Intensive care unit	1 837	31	120	252	259	251	208	178	259	128	102	32	13	4
Organized outpatient department	1 910	167	313	300	182	164	163	143	211	113	101	36	13	4
Emergency department	5 573	507	1 381	1 388	716	446	319	222	296	139	106	36	13	4
Home care program	382	17	41	45	36	39	32	32	53	32	30	15	8	2
Operating room	6 022	586	1 551	1 496	755	466	331	228	304	140	111	37	13	4
Post-operative recovery room	4 165	110	618	1 129	706	450	328	223	300	139	109	36	13	4
Medical social service department	1 039	23	34	94	93	134	132	109	180	97	95	31	13	4
X-Ray, diagnostic	6 082	611	1 565	1 506	758	470	334	228	305	140	111	37	13	4
X-Ray, therapeutic	1 994	14	66	244	349	306	254	197	274	133	105	36	12	4
Radioactive isotope facility	1 685	8	30	159	236	251	236	198	270	138	106	36	13	4
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	755	8	29	68	66	76	73	84	133	86	83	33	12	4
Cobalt and radium therapy	1 070	3	22	77	131	146	129	121	193	107	90	35	12	4
Rehabilitation unit	426	6	17	48	40	44	45	39	63	46	44	22	10	2
Extended care unit	717	71	158	178	95	60	37	24	38	19	21	9	6	1
Other services	869	37	144	186	123	88	66	51	84	36	38	10	5	1
NEW ENGLAND														
Total	317	12	56	87	53	32	27	19	18	4	7	1	-	1
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	242	2	27	68	41	30	27	17	17	4	7	1	-	1
Clinical laboratory	313	11	54	87	53	32	27	18	18	4	7	1	-	1
Pathology laboratory	222	2	19	49	46	32	26	17	18	4	7	1	-	1
Electrocardiograph	313	12	55	86	53	31	27	18	18	4	7	1	-	1
Electroencephalograph	92	1	4	4	10	13	18	14	15	4	7	1	-	1
Pharmacy	265	3	33	71	51	31	27	18	18	4	7	1	-	1
Occupational therapy department	54	2	4	8	10	5	6	6	5	1	5	1	-	1
Physical therapy department	199	2	15	50	30	29	26	17	17	4	7	1	-	1
Intensive care unit	119	-	2	15	17	19	22	16	15	4	7	1	-	1
Organized outpatient department	159	3	22	27	20	19	23	15	18	4	6	1	-	1
Emergency department	288	10	50	78	50	32	24	15	17	4	6	1	-	1
Home care program	19	-	2	4	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-
Operating room	311	9	55	86	53	32	27	18	18	4	7	1	-	1
Post-operative recovery room	246	4	25	66	43	32	27	18	18	4	7	1	-	1
Medical social service department	111	2	4	9	15	14	21	15	18	4	7	1	-	1
X-Ray, diagnostic	311	12	54	84	53	32	27	18	18	4	7	1	-	1
X-Ray, therapeutic	118	-	3	10	20	20	24	14	15	4	6	1	-	1
Radioactive isotope facility	94	-	2	7	10	14	20	14	15	4	6	1	-	1
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	48	1	5	4	9	1	4	7	5	3	7	1	-	1
Cobalt and radium therapy	72	-	2	3	11	8	15	8	13	4	6	1	-	1
Rehabilitation unit	40	1	4	5	6	5	5	6	4	-	3	1	-	-
Extended care unit	28	-	2	5	2	2	2	3	3	-	4	-	-	1
Other services	49	-	7	13	6	5	4	3	6	2	3	-	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC														
Total	707	9	55	141	123	100	83	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	584	1	33	99	104	84	74	50	58	35	28	10	6	2
Clinical laboratory	698	7	54	138	123	98	82	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
Pathology laboratory	620	2	24	104	114	98	82	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
Electrocardiograph	692	6	52	138	122	98	82	52	60	35	29	10	6	2
Electroencephalograph	291	-	1	7	20	43	49	42	51	32	28	10	6	2
Pharmacy	629	4	29	102	117	99	82	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
Occupational therapy department	120	1	-	7	10	15	13	7	19	15	16	9	6	2
Physical therapy department	493	2	13	68	76	81	63	49	59	33	29	10	6	2
Intensive care unit	329	-	5	23	40	46	44	44	52	32	27	8	6	2
Organized outpatient department	379	4	16	39	45	43	58	43	49	35	29	10	6	2
Emergency department	667	6	50	128	118	93	78	52	61	35	28	10	6	2
Home care program	101	-	2	3	7	10	13	16	13	10	13	7	5	2
Operating room	691	7	53	135	121	98	81	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
Post-operative recovery room	626	2	32	102	118	95	81	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
Medical social service department	328	1	2	19	28	44	57	42	56	33	28	10	6	2
X-Ray, diagnostic	702	8	55	140	121	100	82	53	61	35	29	10	6	2
X-Ray, therapeutic	397	-	3	32	60	62	46	55	33	28	10	6	6	2
Radioactive isotope facility	343	-	-	21	33	52	59	44	54	34	28	10	6	2
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	115	-	-	4	4	9	14	14	21	15	17	9	6	2
Cobalt and radium therapy	226	-	2	9	21	32	31	24	41	26	23	9	6	2
Rehabilitation unit	107	-	-	5	9	11	14	9	15	15	14	9	4	2
Extended care unit	64	1	4	7	7	11	7	3	8	1	6	5	4	1
Other services	145	-	11	25	15	26	11	13	17	12	10	3	1	1

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size												
		Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 to 249	250 to 299	300 to 399	400 to 499	500 to 749	750 to 999	1,000 to 1,999	2,000 or more
EAST NORTH CENTRAL														
Total	1 016	34	179	274	166	97	72	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	751	9	105	191	130	75	63	41	72	29	28	7	-	1
Clinical laboratory	1 005	33	177	271	164	96	70	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
Pathology laboratory	695	7	44	149	142	90	69	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
Electrocardiograph	1 001	33	173	272	165	93	71	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
Electroencephalograph	320	1	6	27	39	47	42	29	64	29	27	8	-	1
Pharmacy	855	22	103	216	154	94	72	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
Occupational therapy department	190	2	5	27	17	18	17	12	36	23	25	7	-	1
Physical therapy department	641	9	48	134	122	78	64	39	80	31	27	8	-	1
Intensive care unit	313	-	7	33	34	44	37	28	67	28	26	8	-	1
Organized outpatient department	312	11	28	62	27	29	22	22	48	28	26	8	-	1
Emergency department	955	30	159	260	156	92	70	43	77	32	28	7	-	1
Home care program	85	1	5	14	9	12	4	4	15	9	7	5	-	1
Operating room	994	30	171	270	162	95	72	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
Post-operative recovery room	757	6	61	190	151	88	72	43	79	32	27	7	-	1
Medical social service department	188	1	6	17	15	29	16	14	38	21	23	7	-	1
X-Ray, diagnostic	1 007	32	177	271	165	96	72	43	81	32	29	8	-	1
X-Ray, therapeutic	447	1	5	52	77	69	58	42	76	32	27	7	-	1
Radioactive isotope facility	372	1	2	32	55	58	48	37	71	32	27	8	-	1
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	170	1	2	16	15	17	17	13	34	24	23	7	-	1
Cobalt and radium therapy	239	-	2	20	28	30	24	20	56	27	24	7	-	1
Rehabilitation unit	97	-	5	15	12	12	6	7	14	12	9	5	-	-
Extended care unit	111	4	27	26	21	12	5	3	6	3	2	2	-	-
Other services	176	1	22	40	30	16	14	8	25	9	8	3	-	-
WEST NORTH CENTRAL														
Total	874	150	317	178	86	44	21	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	521	48	173	113	68	33	18	15	24	11	13	3	2	-
Clinical laboratory	852	144	307	174	86	42	21	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Pathology laboratory	306	9	30	61	71	38	19	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Electrocardiograph	844	139	307	173	84	43	21	17	31	12	12	3	2	-
Electroencephalograph	136	3	21	18	14	13	8	7	25	11	11	3	2	-
Pharmacy	454	34	98	108	73	42	21	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Occupational therapy department	105	5	9	9	12	10	7	8	22	9	9	3	2	-
Physical therapy department	366	11	57	93	70	39	19	17	30	12	13	3	2	-
Intensive care unit	194	6	11	24	41	26	15	15	29	12	10	3	2	-
Organized outpatient department	195	30	51	32	18	16	7	6	16	6	9	2	2	-
Emergency department	784	116	284	164	78	44	20	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Home care program	35	2	4	7	4	2	1	-	8	2	4	1	-	-
Operating room	849	141	307	173	85	44	21	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Post-operative recovery room	439	13	85	126	77	41	19	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
Medical social service department	72	1	3	8	5	10	4	2	15	8	11	3	2	-
X-Ray, diagnostic	855	145	307	175	85	44	21	17	31	12	13	3	2	-
X-Ray, therapeutic	226	5	14	35	59	29	17	14	26	11	11	3	2	-
Radioactive isotope facility	155	1	3	14	29	21	13	16	29	12	12	3	2	-
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	89	2	5	10	8	11	8	8	15	9	9	3	1	-
Cobalt and radium therapy	97	3	2	6	18	10	7	7	19	10	10	3	2	-
Rehabilitation unit	54	2	3	11	3	1	4	3	11	5	6	3	2	-
Extended care unit	150	24	36	39	17	8	7	4	6	4	5	-	-	-
Other services	91	4	21	20	15	8	7	5	5	2	3	1	-	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC														
Total	763	39	164	231	108	61	41	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	539	13	85	160	86	91	34	32	39	19	13	4	3	-
Clinical laboratory	756	38	162	230	107	61	39	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
Pathology laboratory	379	5	27	70	67	53	39	36	40	20	15	4	3	-
Electrocardiograph	740	33	157	224	108	59	40	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
Electroencephalograph	158	2	12	19	10	8	15	23	33	14	15	4	3	-
Pharmacy	548	17	77	151	90	55	39	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
Occupational therapy department	63	-	2	8	6	4	5	4	12	8	7	4	3	-
Physical therapy department	330	5	25	63	52	39	35	32	39	19	14	4	3	-
Intensive care unit	219	3	11	28	26	24	24	24	36	20	14	4	3	-
Organized outpatient department	244	15	33	49	26	18	19	20	30	12	15	4	3	-
Emergency department	699	33	146	211	99	56	38	36	39	20	14	4	3	-
Home care program	23	1	3	4	1	-	-	2	4	3	1	2	-	-
Operating room	746	35	157	228	107	61	39	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
Post-operative recovery room	578	11	78	172	100	59	39	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
Medical social service department	95	1	4	10	7	8	9	11	16	11	11	4	3	-
X-Ray, diagnostic	754	38	162	228	106	61	40	36	41	20	15	4	3	-
X-Ray, therapeutic	243	-	10	24	40	37	26	30	38	17	15	4	2	-
Radioactive isotope facility	235	1	9	17	33	28	31	35	39	20	15	4	3	-
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	96	-	2	8	7	6	7	13	20	14	12	4	3	-
Cobalt and radium therapy	133	-	5	13	11	16	12	21	23	14	12	4	2	-
Rehabilitation unit	35	1	-	4	6	1	4	2	2	6	5	2	2	-
Extended care unit	45	2	8	15	7	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	-
Other services	105	4	14	19	15	8	8	11	13	4	5	2	2	-

Table 3.1.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size											
		Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 to 249	250 to 299	300 to 399	400 to 499	500 to 749	750 to 999	1,000 to 1,999
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL													
Total	459	42	169	128	33	26	23	8	19	5	3	3	-
Number reporting:													
Blood bank	316	13	93	96	31	25	22	7	18	5	3	3	-
Clinical laboratory	455	41	168	127	33	26	23	7	19	5	3	3	-
Pathology laboratory	146	1	13	23	23	26	23	7	19	5	3	3	-
Electrocardiograph	444	38	162	128	33	23	23	7	19	5	3	3	-
Electroencephalograph	53	1	5	1	5	4	9	4	14	4	3	3	-
Pharmacy	270	14	71	73	28	25	22	7	19	5	3	3	-
Occupational therapy department	17	1	2	-	1	1	1	2	5	1	3	-	-
Physical therapy department	142	4	23	34	17	19	15	6	14	4	3	3	-
Intensive care unit	68	1	6	9	7	7	11	4	12	5	3	3	-
Organized outpatient department	97	14	28	17	5	5	5	4	10	4	2	3	-
Emergency department	421	37	151	117	32	23	23	8	19	5	3	3	-
Home care program	11	2	2	-	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	-
Operating room	453	40	166	128	33	25	23	8	19	5	3	3	-
Post-operative recovery room	275	11	68	80	32	24	23	7	19	5	3	3	-
Medical social service department	28	-	1	2	2	3	3	2	8	5	1	1	-
X-Ray, diagnostic	453	42	165	126	33	26	23	8	19	5	3	3	-
X-Ray, therapeutic	100	3	5	10	13	21	15	6	16	5	3	3	-
Radioactive isotope facility	73	-	-	1	8	13	16	7	17	5	3	3	-
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	35	-	1	1	3	3	5	4	11	2	3	2	-
Cobalt and radium therapy	63	-	1	4	8	14	10	6	10	4	3	3	-
Rehabilitation unit	8	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Extended care unit	30	-	6	14	2	4	2	-	2	-	-	-	-
Other services	67	5	20	15	8	4	4	1	6	1	2	1	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL													
Total	894	162	326	204	87	36	21	17	18	9	7	6	1
Number reporting:													
Blood bank	463	36	126	137	68	28	17	14	15	8	7	6	1
Clinical laboratory	878	157	319	200	87	36	21	17	18	9	7	6	1
Pathology laboratory	272	10	34	66	58	30	18	16	17	9	7	6	1
Electrocardiograph	861	155	309	197	87	36	21	17	17	8	7	6	1
Electroencephalograph	119	1	12	9	22	14	10	13	15	9	7	6	1
Pharmacy	487	51	119	132	72	35	20	17	18	9	7	6	1
Occupational therapy department	46	1	4	2	3	3	4	5	6	4	7	6	1
Physical therapy department	320	32	63	69	60	23	18	15	17	9	7	6	1
Intensive care unit	184	12	34	30	30	20	12	13	13	8	7	4	1
Organized outpatient department	202	46	64	26	18	4	6	9	9	6	7	6	1
Emergency department	775	129	267	187	82	33	20	16	18	9	7	6	1
Home care program	20	7	5	2	1	2	1	-	-	1	1	-	-
Operating room	872	152	319	202	87	35	20	17	17	9	7	6	1
Post-operative recovery room	485	27	114	153	80	35	20	16	17	9	7	6	1
Medical social service department	47	4	1	7	5	-	6	4	6	3	7	3	1
X-Ray, diagnostic	880	160	319	200	87	35	21	17	18	9	7	6	1
X-Ray, therapeutic	143	3	8	18	29	20	14	13	15	9	7	6	1
Radioactive isotope facility	116	2	1	14	21	16	12	14	14	9	7	5	1
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	67	1	1	5	6	8	8	8	10	8	6	5	1
Cobalt and radium therapy	76	-	3	4	10	10	8	10	11	7	6	6	1
Rehabilitation unit	12	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	2	1
Extended care unit	61	6	15	18	11	4	2	-	3	1	-	1	-
Other services	84	14	23	15	12	6	7	1	3	-	2	-	1
MOUNTAIN													
Total	376	94	127	67	31	19	12	9	8	8	1	-	-
Number reporting:													
Blood bank	244	43	75	53	26	14	10	7	7	8	1	-	-
Clinical laboratory	366	88	126	67	29	19	12	8	8	8	1	-	-
Pathology laboratory	142	8	22	29	28	19	10	9	8	8	1	-	-
Electrocardiograph	365	92	120	66	30	19	12	9	8	8	1	-	-
Electroencephalograph	58	3	5	5	9	12	5	7	5	6	1	-	-
Pharmacy	246	39	67	55	28	19	12	9	8	8	1	-	-
Occupational therapy department	29	4	4	4	1	3	1	4	4	3	1	-	-
Physical therapy department	154	10	30	36	25	16	11	9	8	8	1	-	-
Intensive care unit	94	7	9	15	13	16	9	9	8	7	1	-	-
Organized outpatient department	102	22	33	12	5	6	4	7	6	6	1	-	-
Emergency department	344	78	115	65	30	19	11	9	8	8	1	-	-
Home care program	30	2	6	3	6	2	2	3	2	4	4	-	-
Operating room	367	90	124	66	30	19	12	9	8	8	1	-	-
Post-operative recovery room	195	15	41	54	29	19	11	9	8	8	1	-	-
Medical social service department	30	3	4	-	2	3	4	5	4	4	1	-	-
X-Ray, diagnostic	365	88	124	66	30	19	12	9	8	8	1	-	-
X-Ray, therapeutic	86	1	7	16	19	11	8	8	7	8	1	-	-
Radioactive isotope facility	70	1	2	6	17	12	8	8	7	8	1	-	-
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	43	2	6	6	6	6	3	5	4	4	1	-	-
Cobalt and radium therapy	45	-	1	3	12	7	6	5	5	6	-	-	-
Rehabilitation unit	15	1	2	1	-	2	2	3	-	3	1	-	-
Extended care unit	80	17	25	17	7	7	6	5	4	4	2	1	-
Other services	44	3	13	7	7	6	-	4	1	2	1	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size											
		Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 to 249	250 to 299	300 to 399	400 to 499	500 to 749	750 to 999	1,000 to 1,999
PACIFIC													
Total	767	91	205	218	79	58	36	27	28	15	7	2	1
Number reporting:													
Blood bank	502	42	119	150	61	39	28	22	19	12	7	2	1
Clinical laboratory	755	88	201	215	78	58	36	26	28	15	7	2	1
Pathology laboratory	468	18	79	131	70	55	36	27	28	14	7	2	1
Electrocardiograph	743	78	200	213	78	58	36	27	28	15	7	2	1
Electroencephalograph	284	10	29	64	41	38	33	23	23	13	7	2	1
Pharmacy	626	50	142	182	78	58	36	27	28	15	7	2	1
Occupational therapy department	127	3	16	20	6	20	12	14	18	9	6	2	1
Physical therapy department	460	15	74	134	68	56	36	26	28	14	6	2	1
Intensive care unit	317	2	35	75	51	47	34	25	27	12	7	1	1
Organized outpatient department	220	22	38	36	18	24	19	17	25	12	6	2	1
Emergency department	640	68	159	178	71	54	35	26	26	14	6	2	1
Home care program	58	2	12	8	2	9	7	4	7	3	3	-	1
Operating room	739	82	199	208	77	57	36	27	28	15	7	2	1
Post-operative recovery room	564	21	114	186	76	57	36	24	26	14	7	2	1
Medical social service department	140	10	9	22	14	23	12	14	19	8	6	2	1
X-Ray, diagnostic	755	86	202	216	78	57	36	27	28	15	7	2	1
X-Ray, therapeutic	234	1	11	47	32	37	32	24	26	14	7	2	1
Radioactive isotope facility	227	2	11	47	30	37	29	23	24	14	7	2	1
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	92	1	7	14	8	15	7	12	13	7	5	2	1
Cobalt and radium therapy	119	-	4	15	12	19	16	20	15	9	6	2	1
Rehabilitation unit	58	-	3	5	4	9	6	8	13	4	5	-	1
Extended care unit	148	17	35	37	15	16	5	8	8	4	3	-	-
Other services	108	6	13	32	15	9	11	5	8	4	4	-	1

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
ALL AREAS																
Total	6 276	100.0	780 454	100.0	120	100.0	25 981	100.0	344	100.0	314 149	100.0	182	100.0	39 330	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	3 789	60.4	661 514	84.8	97	80.8	22 507	86.6	202	58.7	249 897	79.5	107	58.8	29 513	75.0
Accredited by AOA	192	3.1	15 054	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.5	132	0.3
Affiliated with medical school	572	9.1	206 317	26.4	22	18.3	6 510	25.1	98	28.5	133 302	42.4	40	22.0	10 547	26.8
Approved intern program	454	7.2	129 602	16.6	5	4.2	623	2.4	8	2.3	11 755	3.7	3	1.6	528	1.3
Approved resident program only	116	1.8	23 625	3.0	3	2.5	1 711	6.6	46	13.4	89 491	28.5	7	3.8	1 496	3.8
UNITED STATES																
Total	6 173	100.0	773 079	100.0	115	100.0	24 219	100.0	341	100.0	311 755	100.0	181	100.0	39 300	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	3 768	61.0	657 482	85.0	95	82.6	21 513	88.8	199	58.4	247 503	79.4	106	58.6	29 483	75.0
Accredited by AOA	192	3.1	15 054	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.6	132	0.3
Affiliated with medical school	566	9.2	205 285	26.6	21	18.3	6 390	26.4	97	28.4	131 583	42.2	39	21.5	10 517	26.8
Approved intern program	451	7.3	128 908	16.7	5	4.3	623	2.6	8	2.3	11 755	3.8	3	1.7	528	1.3
Approved resident program only	116	1.9	23 625	3.1	3	2.6	1 711	7.1	45	13.2	89 216	28.6	7	3.9	1 496	3.8
NORTHEASTERN STATES																
Total	1 024	100.0	197 796	100.0	16	100.0	4 219	100.0	103	100.0	139 227	100.0	67	100.0	19 183	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	873	85.3	186 212	94.1	16	100.0	4 219	100.0	68	66.0	125 906	90.4	47	70.1	15 700	81.8
Accredited by AOA	32	3.1	3 006	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	171	16.7	69 580	35.2	4	25.0	627	14.9	31	30.1	56 080	40.3	20	29.9	6 443	33.6
Approved intern program	175	17.1	49 968	25.3	1	6.3	101	2.4	2	1.9	2 829	2.0	2	3.0	396	2.1
Approved resident program only	33	3.2	5 932	3.0	1	6.3	400	9.5	20	19.4	56 139	40.3	3	4.5	642	3.3
NORTH CENTRAL STATES																
Total	1 890	100.0	240 406	100.0	55	100.0	8 404	100.0	110	100.0	71 582	100.0	42	100.0	6 776	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	1 156	61.2	202 790	84.4	40	72.7	6 820	81.2	59	53.6	42 994	60.1	24	57.1	4 387	64.7
Accredited by AOA	81	4.3	8 016	3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	180	9.5	62 426	26.0	8	14.5	3 062	36.4	23	20.9	17 407	24.3	8	19.0	1 739	25.7
Approved intern program	146	7.7	42 136	17.5	1	1.8	199	2.4	2	1.8	4 452	6.2	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	30	1.6	4 894	2.0	-	-	-	-	15	13.6	15 562	21.7	2	4.8	664	9.8
SOUTH																
Total	2 116	100.0	221 815	100.0	34	100.0	10 267	100.0	68	100.0	51 817	100.0	29	100.0	4 367	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	1 020	48.2	171 658	77.4	30	88.2	9 261	90.2	25	36.8	32 236	62.2	13	44.8	2 087	47.8
Accredited by AOA	62	2.9	2 909	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3.4	132	3.0
Affiliated with medical school	152	7.2	53 741	24.2	7	20.6	2 322	22.6	22	32.4	30 268	58.4	4	13.8	781	17.9
Approved intern program	79	3.7	22 546	10.2	3	8.8	323	3.1	3	4.4	3 787	7.3	1	3.4	132	3.0
Approved resident program only	28	1.3	6 771	3.1	2	5.9	1 311	12.8	5	7.4	6 486	12.5	1	3.4	190	4.4
WEST																
Total	1 143	100.0	113 062	100.0	10	100.0	1 329	100.0	60	100.0	49 129	100.0	43	100.0	8 974	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	719	62.9	96 822	85.6	9	90.0	1 213	91.3	47	78.3	46 367	94.4	22	51.2	7 309	81.4
Accredited by AOA	17	1.5	1 123	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	63	5.5	19 538	17.3	2	20.0	379	28.5	21	35.0	27 828	56.6	7	16.3	1 554	17.3
Approved intern program	51	4.5	14 258	12.6	-	-	-	-	1	1.7	687	1.4	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	25	2.2	6 028	5.3	-	-	-	-	5	8.3	11 029	22.4	1	2.3	-	-
NEW ENGLAND																
Total	317	100.0	46 835	100.0	7	100.0	850	100.0	32	100.0	24 567	100.0	34	100.0	9 735	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	262	82.6	43 508	92.9	7	100.0	850	100.0	23	71.9	22 814	92.9	21	61.8	8 364	85.9
Accredited by AOA	5	1.6	392	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	45	14.2	14 420	30.8	3	42.9	337	39.6	9	28.1	8 293	33.8	6	17.6	1 624	16.7
Approved intern program	39	12.3	9 769	20.9	1	14.3	101	11.9	-	-	-	-	1	2.9	152	1.6
Approved resident program only	12	3.8	2 232	4.8	-	-	-	-	7	21.9	11 066	45.0	3	8.8	642	6.6
MIDDLE ATLANTIC																
Total	707	100.0	150 961	100.0	9	100.0	3 369	100.0	71	100.0	114 660	100.0	33	100.0	9 448	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	611	86.4	142 704	94.5	9	100.0	3 369	100.0	45	63.4	103 092	89.9	26	78.8	7 336	77.6
Accredited by AOA	27	3.8	2 614	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	126	17.8	55 160	36.5	1	11.1	290	8.6	22	31.0	47 787	41.7	14	42.4	4 819	51.0
Approved intern program	136	19.2	40 199	26.6	-	-	-	-	2	2.8	2 829	2.5	1	3.0	244	2.6
Approved resident program only	21	3.0	3 700	2.5	1	11.1	400	11.9	13	18.3	45 073	39.3	-	-	-	-
EAST NORTH CENTRAL																
Total	1 016	100.0	159 344	100.0	47	100.0	6 788	100.0	78	100.0	51 656	100.0	33	100.0	5 248	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	750	73.8	138 915	87.2	36	76.6	6 179	91.0	43	55.1	30 390	58.8	20	60.6	3 515	67.0
Accredited by AOA	52	5.1	6 419	4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	103	10.1	39 789	25.0	8	17.0	3 062	45.1	12	15.4	10 637	20.6	6	18.2	1 509	28.8
Approved intern program	119	11.7	35 454	22.2	1	2.1	199	2.9	1	1.3	3 713	7.2	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	26	2.6	4 228	2.7	-	-	-	-	12	15.4	15 092	29.2	1	3.0	138	2.6
WEST NORTH CENTRAL																
Total	874	100.0	81 062	100.0	8	100.0	1 616	100.0	32	100.0	19 926	100.0	9	100.0	1 528	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	406	46.5	63 875	78.8	4	50.0	641	39.7	16	50.0	12 604	63.3	4	44.4	872	57.1
Accredited by AOA	29	3.3	1 597	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	77	8.8	22 637	27.9	-	-	-	-	11	34.4	6 770	34.0	2	22.2	230	15.1
Approved intern program	27	3.1	6 682	8.2	-	-	-	-	1	3.1	739	3.7	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	4	0.5	666	0.8	-	-	-	-	3	9.4	470	2.4	1	11.1	526	34.4

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
SOUTH ATLANTIC																
Total	763	100.0	104 044	100.0	14	100.0	5 151	100.0	43	100.0	34 669	100.0	12	100.0	2 532	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	476	62.4	87 327	83.9	13	92.9	4 761	92.4	14	32.6	21 396	61.7	6	50.0	1 463	57.8
Accredited by AOA	18	2.4	885	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	77	10.1	29 101	28.0	3	21.4	1 198	23.3	14	32.6	21 999	63.5	2	16.7	714	28.2
Approved intern program	51	6.7	14 470	13.9	2	14.3	275	5.3	3	7.0	3 787	10.9	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	15	2.0	3 102	3.0	-	-	-	-	3	7.0	2 518	7.3	1	8.3	190	7.5
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL																
Total	459	100.0	43 238	100.0	13	100.0	2 133	100.0	9	100.0	4 344	100.0	5	100.0	775	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	208	45.3	32 492	75.1	12	92.3	2 101	98.5	4	44.4	1 808	41.6	1	20.0	150	19.4
Accredited by AOA	2	0.4	17	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	28	6.1	9 113	21.1	3	23.1	656	30.8	2	22.2	1 462	33.7	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	6	1.3	2 379	5.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	3	0.7	669	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL																
Total	894	100.0	74 533	100.0	7	100.0	2 983	100.0	16	100.0	12 804	100.0	12	100.0	1 060	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	336	37.6	51 839	69.6	5	71.4	2 399	80.4	7	43.8	9 032	70.5	6	50.0	474	44.7
Accredited by AOA	42	4.7	2 007	2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8.3	132	12.5
Affiliated with medical school	47	5.3	15 527	20.8	1	14.3	468	15.7	6	37.5	6 807	53.2	2	16.7	67	6.3
Approved intern program	22	2.5	5 697	7.6	1	14.3	48	1.6	-	-	-	-	1	8.3	132	12.5
Approved resident program only	10	1.1	3 000	4.0	2	28.6	1 311	43.9	2	12.5	3 968	31.0	-	-	-	-
MOUNTAIN																
Total	376	100.0	29 467	100.0	3	100.0	386	100.0	11	100.0	5 690	100.0	11	100.0	939	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	179	47.6	22 651	76.9	3	100.0	386	100.0	6	54.5	3 924	69.0	3	27.3	408	43.5
Accredited by AOA	11	2.9	802	2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	19	5.1	3 781	12.8	-	-	-	-	4	36.4	4 701	82.6	2	18.2	136	14.5
Approved intern program	22	5.9	5 911	20.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	5	1.3	824	2.8	-	-	-	-	1	9.1	214	3.8	-	-	-	-
PACIFIC																
Total	767	100.0	83 595	100.0	7	100.0	943	100.0	49	100.0	43 439	100.0	32	100.0	8 035	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	540	70.4	74 171	88.7	6	85.7	827	87.7	41	83.7	42 443	97.7	19	59.4	6 901	85.9
Accredited by AOA	6	0.8	321	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	44	5.7	15 757	18.8	2	28.6	379	40.2	17	34.7	23 127	53.2	5	15.6	1 418	17.6
Approved intern program	29	3.8	8 347	10.0	-	-	-	-	4	2.0	687	1.6	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	20	2.6	5 204	6.2	-	-	-	-	4	8.2	10 815	24.9	1	3.1	-	-
ALABAMA																
Total	116	100.0	11 553	100.0	1	100.0	153	100.0	1	100.0	59	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	60	51.7	9 327	80.7	1	100.0	153	100.0	1	100.0	59	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	7	6.0	1 923	16.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	1.7	611	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALASKA																
Total	19	100.0	675	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	225	100.0	1	100.0	32	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	5	26.3	315	46.7	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	225	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA																
Total	58	100.0	5 646	100.0	1	100.0	141	100.0	3	100.0	488	100.0	1	100.0	24	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	27	46.6	4 179	74.0	1	100.0	141	100.0	2	66.7	118	24.2	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	3	5.2	382	6.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	11	19.0	2 660	47.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS																
Total	103	100.0	7 672	100.0	1	100.0	572	100.0	2	100.0	1 428	100.0	1	100.0	94	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	43	41.7	5 288	68.9	1	100.0	572	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	94	100.0
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	1	1.0	329	4.3	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	665	46.6	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	2	1.9	769	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA																
Total	530	100.0	62 940	100.0	4	100.0	440	100.0	38	100.0	35 881	100.0	24	100.0	7 173	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	392	74.0	56 403	89.6	3	75.0	324	73.6	32	84.2	35 604	99.2	17	70.8	6 480	90.3
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	31	5.8	12 350	19.6	-	-	-	-	13	34.2	18 811	52.4	3	12.5	1 067	14.9
Approved intern program	16	3.0	4 864	7.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	18	3.4	4 900	7.8	-	-	-	-	4	10.5	10 815	30.1	1	4.2	-	-

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
COLORADO																
Total	81	100.0	8 637	100.0	-	-	-	-	4	100.0	3 767	100.0	5	100.0	572	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	43	53.1	7 292	84.4	-	-	-	-	3	75.0	3 714	98.6	2	40.0	370	64.7
Accredited by AOA	5	6.2	314	3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	8	9.9	1 701	19.7	-	-	-	-	2	50.0	3 500	92.9	1	20.0	85	14.9
Approved intern program	9	11.1	3 009	34.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	3	3.7	569	6.6	-	-	-	-	1	25.0	214	5.7	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT																
Total	35	100.0	8 424	100.0	-	-	-	-	8	100.0	9 433	100.0	8	100.0	1 926	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	35	100.0	8 424	100.0	-	-	-	-	7	87.5	9 385	99.5	6	75.0	1 633	84.8
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	7	20.0	2 649	31.4	-	-	-	-	1	12.5	3 139	33.3	2	25.0	332	17.2
Approved intern program	14	40.0	4 241	50.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	37.5	5 907	62.6	1	12.5	293	15.2
DELAWARE																
Total	7	100.0	1 588	100.0	1	100.0	175	100.0	1	100.0	1 001	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	6	85.7	1 543	97.2	1	100.0	175	100.0	1	100.0	1 001	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	1	14.3	45	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	1	14.3	956	60.2	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	1 001	100.0	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	14.3	45	2.8	1	100.0	175	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA																
Total	12	100.0	4 562	100.0	-	-	-	-	2	100.0	7 093	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	11	91.7	4 182	91.7	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	6 961	98.1	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	8	66.7	3 727	81.7	-	-	-	-	2	100.0	7 093	100.0	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	16.7	382	8.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA																
Total	169	100.0	23 834	100.0	2	100.0	1 052	100.0	6	100.0	2 546	100.0	1	100.0	600	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	100	59.2	19 826	83.2	2	100.0	1 052	100.0	1	16.7	1 000	39.3	1	100.0	600	100.0
Accredited by AOA	12	7.1	677	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	10	5.9	3 313	13.9	1	50.0	552	52.5	2	33.3	1 310	51.5	1	100.0	600	100.0
Approved intern program	18	10.7	5 537	23.2	-	-	-	-	2	33.3	1 117	43.9	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	1.2	556	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA																
Total	137	100.0	14 254	100.0	1	100.0	500	100.0	6	100.0	312	100.0	1	100.0	190	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	67	48.9	11 293	79.2	1	100.0	500	100.0	2	33.3	90	28.8	1	100.0	190	100.0
Accredited by AOA	1	0.7	62	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	11	8.0	4 030	28.3	1	100.0	500	100.0	1	16.7	85	27.2	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	5	3.6	1 486	10.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	190	100.0
HAWAII																
Total	20	100.0	2 022	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	687	100.0	5	100.0	766	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	13	65.0	1 775	87.8	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	687	100.0	2	40.0	421	55.0
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	2	10.0	363	18.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	40.0	351	45.8
Approved intern program	2	10.0	614	30.4	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	687	100.0	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO																
Total	47	100.0	2 339	100.0	1	100.0	50	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	20	42.6	1 566	67.0	1	100.0	50	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS																
Total	267	100.0	46 695	100.0	10	100.0	2 176	100.0	20	100.0	18 377	100.0	4	100.0	390	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	232	86.9	43 033	92.2	8	80.0	2 146	98.6	11	55.0	6 116	33.3	2	50.0	158	40.5
Accredited by AOA	2	0.7	195	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	19	7.1	10 446	22.4	3	30.0	1 633	75.0	3	15.0	4 375	23.8	2	50.0	158	40.5
Approved intern program	24	9.0	7 853	16.8	-	-	-	-	1	5.0	3 713	20.2	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	9	3.4	1 485	3.2	-	-	-	-	4	20.0	4 089	22.3	1	25.0	138	35.4
INDIANA																
Total	120	100.0	17 974	100.0	5	100.0	593	100.0	9	100.0	6 088	100.0	3	100.0	369	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	76	63.3	14 741	82.0	3	60.0	367	61.9	5	55.6	4 763	78.2	2	66.7	172	46.6
Accredited by AOA	1	0.8	105	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	11	9.2	4 113	22.9	-	-	-	-	3	33.3	1 631	26.8	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	7	5.8	2 203	12.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	1	0.8	341	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
IOWA																
Total	141	100.0	14 079	100.0	1	100.0	256	100.0	4	100.0	472	100.0	1	100.0	104	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	74	52.5	11 083	78.7	1	100.0	256	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	6	4.3	330	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	9	6.4	3 296	23.4	-	-	-	-	1	25.0	60	12.7	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	2	1.4	421	3.0	-	-	-	-	2	50.0	320	67.8	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS																
Total	162	100.0	11 724	100.0	2	100.0	286	100.0	5	100.0	2 821	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	61	37.7	8 339	71.1	1	50.0	206	72.0	3	60.0	1 195	42.4	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	2	1.2	98	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	13	8.0	2 180	18.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	3	1.9	756	6.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	1	0.6	102	0.9	-	-	-	-	1	20.0	150	5.3	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY																
Total	116	100.0	10 698	100.0	7	100.0	941	100.0	5	100.0	3 770	100.0	2	100.0	180	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	62	53.4	8 681	81.1	6	85.7	909	96.6	2	40.0	1 574	41.8	1	50.0	150	83.3
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	8	6.9	2 022	18.9	1	14.3	112	11.9	1	20.0	1 287	34.1	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	3	2.6	863	8.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA																
Total	120	100.0	13 382	100.0	1	100.0	351	100.0	3	100.0	1 409	100.0	1	100.0	91	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	48	40.0	10 014	74.8	1	100.0	351	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	8	6.7	4 093	30.6	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	699	49.6	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	0.8	974	7.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	1	0.8	212	1.6	1	100.0	351	100.0	1	33.3	515	36.6	-	-	-	-
MAINE																
Total	60	100.0	4 277	100.0	1	100.0	115	100.0	1	100.0	485	100.0	1	100.0	141	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	39	65.0	3 521	82.3	1	100.0	115	100.0	1	100.0	485	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	3	5.0	242	5.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	1	1.7	344	8.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	5	8.3	747	17.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND																
Total	45	100.0	11 080	100.0	1	100.0	500	100.0	9	100.0	11 124	100.0	4	100.0	1 038	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	38	84.4	10 600	95.7	1	100.0	500	100.0	5	55.6	8 401	75.5	2	50.0	506	48.7
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	33.3	6 146	55.2	1	25.0	114	11.0
Affiliated with medical school	13	28.9	6 205	56.0	-	-	-	-	3	33.3	2 518	22.6	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	7	15.6	1 824	16.5	-	-	-	-	3	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	4.4	209	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS																
Total	154	100.0	26 365	100.0	4	100.0	578	100.0	17	100.0	8 168	100.0	20	100.0	5 430	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	134	87.0	24 365	92.4	4	100.0	578	100.0	9	52.9	6 463	79.1	13	65.0	4 582	84.4
Accredited by AOA	1	0.6	90	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	29	18.8	9 358	35.5	1	25.0	180	31.1	7	41.2	5 080	62.2	4	20.0	1 292	23.8
Approved intern program	15	9.7	3 752	14.2	1	25.0	101	17.5	-	-	-	-	1	5.0	152	2.8
Approved resident program only	9	5.8	1 731	6.6	-	-	-	-	1	5.9	1 652	20.2	2	10.0	349	6.4
MICHIGAN																
Total	240	100.0	34 878	100.0	7	100.0	1 459	100.0	17	100.0	16 799	100.0	14	100.0	2 253	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	171	71.3	29 183	83.7	6	85.7	1 415	97.0	10	58.8	11 530	68.6	7	50.0	1 311	58.2
Accredited by AOA	29	12.1	3 916	11.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	35	14.6	12 322	35.3	1	14.3	556	38.1	3	17.6	3 525	21.0	1	7.1	96	4.3
Approved intern program	29	12.1	7 397	21.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	6	2.5	668	1.9	-	-	-	-	3	17.6	7 514	44.7	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA																
Total	183	100.0	18 672	100.0	3	100.0	279	100.0	7	100.0	7 107	100.0	3	100.0	359	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	102	55.7	16 253	87.0	2	66.7	179	64.2	6	85.7	6 246	87.9	2	66.7	230	64.1
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	12	6.6	5 133	27.5	-	-	-	-	1	14.3	841	11.8	2	66.7	230	64.1
Approved intern program	9	4.9	2 825	15.1	-	-	-	-	1	14.3	739	10.4	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI																
Total	85	100.0	5 858	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	27	31.8	3 142	53.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	1	1.2	306	5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
MISSOURI																
Total	158	100.0	21 772	100.0	1	100.0	665	100.0	10	100.0	7 102	100.0	3	100.0	961	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	80	50.6	17 521	80.5	-	-	-	-	5	50.0	5 027	70.8	2	66.7	642	66.8
Accredited by AOA	20	12.7	1 130	5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	25	15.8	8 012	36.8	-	-	-	-	5	50.0	5 457	76.8	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	10	6.3	2 428	11.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	1.3	324	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	526	54.7
MONTANA																
Total	64	100.0	3 540	100.0	1	100.0	195	100.0	1	100.0	142	100.0	2	100.0	52	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	24	37.5	2 395	67.7	1	100.0	195	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	38	73.1
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	1.6	54	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA																
Total	107	100.0	7 712	100.0	1	100.0	130	100.0	3	100.0	573	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	42	39.3	5 651	73.3	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	56	9.8	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	9	8.4	2 567	33.3	-	-	-	-	2	66.7	256	44.7	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	0.9	207	2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEVADA																
Total	19	100.0	1 648	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	42	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	10	52.6	1 391	84.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	1	5.3	296	18.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE																
Total	32	100.0	2 625	100.0	1	100.0	82	100.0	1	100.0	2 400	100.0	1	100.0	29	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	25	78.1	2 304	87.8	1	100.0	82	100.0	1	100.0	2 400	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	4	12.5	479	18.2	1	100.0	82	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY																
Total	107	100.0	25 007	100.0	2	100.0	619	100.0	8	100.0	14 556	100.0	5	100.0	1 441	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	91	85.0	23 051	92.2	2	100.0	619	100.0	6	75.0	11 083	76.1	5	100.0	1 441	100.0
Accredited by AOA	6	5.6	658	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	17	15.9	5 963	23.8	-	-	-	-	2	25.0	4 625	31.8	3	60.0	998	69.3
Approved intern program	30	28.0	10 535	42.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	3	2.8	578	2.3	-	-	-	-	2	25.0	8 048	55.3	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO																
Total	44	100.0	3 187	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	92	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	27	61.4	2 633	82.6	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	92	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	2	4.5	91	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	2	4.5	198	6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	4.5	255	8.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK																
Total	346	100.0	75 484	100.0	3	100.0	500	100.0	35	100.0	73 620	100.0	17	100.0	5 546	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	315	91.0	72 464	96.0	3	100.0	500	100.0	26	74.3	72 218	98.1	17	100.0	5 546	100.0
Accredited by AOA	4	1.2	400	0.5	-	-	-	-	13	37.1	29 187	39.6	9	52.9	3 710	66.9
Affiliated with medical school	71	20.5	32 900	43.6	-	-	-	-	2	5.7	2 829	3.8	1	5.9	244	4.4
Approved intern program	50	14.5	15 235	20.2	-	-	-	-	7	20.0	32 985	44.8	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	10	2.9	1 439	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA																
Total	140	100.0	17 254	100.0	4	100.0	1 494	100.0	3	100.0	4 923	100.0	3	100.0	240	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	88	62.9	13 612	78.9	4	100.0	1 494	100.0	1	33.3	119	2.4	2	66.7	167	69.6
Accredited by AOA	1	0.7	31	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	13	9.3	4 092	23.7	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	2 134	43.3	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	5	3.6	1 285	7.4	1	25.0	100	6.7	1	33.3	2 670	54.2	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA																
Total	60	100.0	3 645	100.0	-	-	-	-	2	100.0	1 775	100.0	2	100.0	104	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	27	45.0	2 785	76.4	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	80	4.5	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	80	4.5	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	4	6.7	556	15.3	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	80	4.5	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	1.7	31	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	1	1.7	240	6.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance 1968: Participating Hospitals

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
OHIO																
Total	224	100.0	40 515	100.0	16	100.0	1 976	100.0	20	100.0	6 709	100.0	10	100.0	2 129	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	160	71.4	35 042	86.5	12	75.0	1 727	87.4	10	50.0	4 875	72.7	9	90.0	1 874	88.0
Accredited by AOA	17	7.6	1 960	4.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	20	8.9	8 096	20.0	3	18.8	809	40.9	2	10.0	302	4.5	3	30.0	1 255	58.9
Approved intern program	52	23.2	16 244	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	8	3.6	1 179	2.9	-	-	-	-	3	15.0	2 486	37.1	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA																
Total	143	100.0	10 786	100.0	-	-	-	-	4	100.0	2 749	100.0	2	100.0	273	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	61	42.7	6 962	64.5	-	-	-	-	2	50.0	1 880	68.4	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	8	5.6	550	5.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	18	12.6	2 966	27.5	-	-	-	-	1	25.0	1 800	65.5	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	4	2.8	1 206	11.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON																
Total	83	100.0	7 190	100.0	1	100.0	79	100.0	4	100.0	3 003	100.0	2	100.0	64	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	53	63.9	6 081	84.6	1	100.0	79	100.0	3	75.0	2 364	78.7	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	4	4.8	165	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	5	6.0	1 217	16.9	1	100.0	79	100.0	2	50.0	1 904	63.4	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	4	4.8	1 200	16.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA																
Total	254	100.0	50 470	100.0	4	100.0	2 250	100.0	28	100.0	26 484	100.0	11	100.0	2 461	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	205	80.7	47 189	93.5	4	100.0	2 250	100.0	13	46.4	19 791	74.7	4	36.4	349	14.2
Accredited by AOA	17	6.7	1 556	3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	38	15.0	16 297	32.3	1	25.0	290	12.9	7	25.0	13 975	52.8	2	18.2	111	4.5
Approved intern program	56	22.0	14 429	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	8	3.1	1 683	3.3	1	25.0	400	17.8	4	14.3	4 040	15.3	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND																
Total	16	100.0	3 264	100.0	-	-	-	-	3	100.0	2 231	100.0	3	100.0	2 189	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	15	93.8	3 204	98.2	-	-	-	-	3	100.0	2 231	100.0	2	66.7	2 149	98.2
Accredited by AOA	1	6.3	60	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	3	18.8	1 003	30.7	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	74	3.3	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	5	31.3	1 029	31.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	12.5	391	12.0	-	-	-	-	2	66.7	2 157	96.7	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA																
Total	68	100.0	7 419	100.0	-	-	-	-	3	100.0	5 472	100.0	2	100.0	120	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	36	52.9	5 482	73.9	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	3 579	65.4	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	3	4.4	880	11.9	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	3 579	65.4	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	4	5.9	1 184	16.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA																
Total	63	100.0	3 458	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	76	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	20	31.7	2 243	64.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	1	1.6	39	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	5	7.9	893	25.8	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	76	100.0	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	1.6	14	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE																
Total	142	100.0	15 129	100.0	5	100.0	1 039	100.0	3	100.0	515	100.0	3	100.0	595	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	59	41.5	11 342	75.0	5	100.0	1 039	100.0	1	33.3	175	34.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	2	1.4	17	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	12	8.5	4 862	32.1	2	40.0	544	52.4	1	33.3	175	34.0	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	3	2.1	1 516	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	1	0.7	58	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS																
Total	528	100.0	42 693	100.0	5	100.0	2 060	100.0	7	100.0	7 218	100.0	8	100.0	602	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	184	34.8	29 575	69.3	3	60.0	1 476	71.7	5	71.4	7 152	99.1	5	62.5	380	63.1
Accredited by AOA	34	6.4	1 457	3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	12.5	132	21.9
Affiliated with medical school	20	3.8	8 139	19.1	1	20.0	468	22.7	3	42.9	3 643	50.5	2	25.0	67	11.1
Approved intern program	15	2.8	2 748	6.4	1	20.0	48	2.3	-	-	-	-	1	12.5	132	21.9
Approved resident program only	9	1.7	2 788	6.5	1	20.0	960	46.6	1	14.3	3 453	47.8	-	-	-	-
UTAH																
Total	35	100.0	2 996	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	641	100.0	1	100.0	198	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	14	40.0	2 204	73.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	8	22.9	1 586	52.9	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	641	100.0	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	1	2.9	188	6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.1.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
VERMONT																
Total	20	100.0	1 880	100.0	1	100.0	75	100.0	2	100.0	1 850	100.0	1	100.0	20	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	14	70.0	1 690	89.9	1	100.0	75	100.0	2	100.0	1 850	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	1	5.0	587	31.2	1	100.0	75	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	1	5.0	110	5.9	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	1 350	73.0	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA																
Total	107	100.0	15 520	100.0	4	100.0	1 040	100.0	8	100.0	1 630	100.0	1	100.0	344	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	81	75.7	13 763	88.7	4	100.0	1 040	100.0	2	25.0	245	15.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	13	12.1	4 794	30.9	1	25.0	146	14.0	3	37.5	651	39.9	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	6	5.6	1 487	9.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	7	6.5	1 534	9.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON																
Total	115	100.0	10 768	100.0	2	100.0	424	100.0	5	100.0	3 643	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	77	67.0	9 597	89.1	2	100.0	424	100.0	4	80.0	3 563	97.8	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	2	1.7	156	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	6	5.2	1 827	17.0	1	50.0	300	70.8	2	40.0	2 412	66.2	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	7	6.1	1 669	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	1.7	304	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA																
Total	78	100.0	8 533	100.0	1	100.0	390	100.0	5	100.0	568	100.0	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	49	62.8	7 026	82.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	3	3.8	70	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	5	6.4	1 104	12.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	5	6.4	1 622	19.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	2.6	421	4.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN																
Total	165	100.0	19 282	100.0	9	100.0	584	100.0	12	100.0	3 683	100.0	2	100.0	107	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	111	67.3	16 916	87.7	7	77.8	524	89.7	7	58.3	3 106	84.3	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	3	1.8	243	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	18	10.9	4 812	25.0	1	11.1	64	11.0	1	8.3	804	21.8	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	7	4.2	1 757	9.1	1	11.1	199	34.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	2	1.2	555	2.9	-	-	-	-	2	16.7	1 003	27.2	-	-	-	-
WYOMING																
Total	28	100.0	1 474	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	560	100.0	1	100.0	51	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	14	50.0	991	67.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	1	3.6	15	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	560	100.0	1	100.0	51	100.0
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OUTLYING AREAS																
Guam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1	100.0	199	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	1	100.0	199	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	96	100.0	6 825	100.0	5	100.0	1 762	100.0	3	100.0	2 394	100.0	1	100.0	30	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	20	20.8	3 833	56.2	2	40.0	994	56.4	3	100.0	2 394	100.0	1	100.0	30	100.0
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	6	6.3	1 032	15.1	1	20.0	120	6.8	1	33.3	1 719	71.8	1	100.0	30	100.0
Approved intern program	3	3.1	694	10.2	-	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	275	11.5	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5	100.0	206	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Outlying Areas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1	100.0	145	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by JCAH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accredited by AOA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated with medical school	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved intern program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approved resident program only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Other Data Sources on the Health Insurance for the Aged Program

The *Health Insurance Statistics* series is designed to present current, quick-release data from the Medicare program. Two report series are issued in this format:

The *Health Insurance* (HI) series has included numerous releases since 1967. Issues released prior to 1970 are out of print, but available in many libraries.

The *Current Medicare Survey* (CMS) series, based on data from the continuing Current Medicare Survey, has included numerous releases since 1967. These issues are available in most libraries.

Future releases in the HI and CMS series may be obtained upon request to the Publications Staff, Office of Research and Statistics, Social Security Administration, Room 3643, HEW North Building, 330 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20201.

The *Social Security Bulletin*, published monthly, presents authoritative articles and analyses of medical care expenditures, prices, and utilization as well as current operating statistics from the

Medicare program. The *Annual Statistical Supplement* to the *Bulletin* includes summary data on trust funds, services, claims, enrollment, average charges and participating providers of service under Medicare. The *Bulletin*, including the *Supplement* is available in most libraries and by subscription at \$4 a year from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The *Research and Statistics Note* series report on-going research, preliminary findings or provide addenda to material already published on the old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance program. Designed to get information quickly into the hands of users, the series includes data on medical care prices, outlays, and expenditures. The series is available in many libraries. Future releases may be obtained upon request to the Publications Staff, Office of Research and Statistics, Social Security Administration, Room 3643, HEW North Building, 330 Independence Avenue, SW. Washington, D.C. 20201.

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